

# Ground source heat pump **NIBE F1345**





IHB EN 2425-1 831569

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# **Important information**

## Safety information

This manual describes installation and service procedures for implementation by specialists.

The manual must be left with the customer.

For the latest version of the product's documentation, see nibe.eu.

This appliance is designed for use in a home environment and not intended to be used by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety. This in accordance to applicable parts of the low-voltage directive 2006/95/EC, LVD. The appliance is also intended for use by experts or trained users in shops, hotels, light industry, on farms and in similar environments. This in accordance to applicable parts of the machinery directive 2006/42/EC.

Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

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		Min	Мах
System pressure	,		
Heating medium	MPa (bar)	0.05 (0.5 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)
Brine	MPa (bar)	0.05 (0.5 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)
Temperature			

		Min	Мах
Heating medi- um¹	°C	3	70
Brine	°C	-12	35

1 Compressor and additional heat

Do not start F1345 if there is a risk that the water in the system has frozen.

Water may drip from the safety valve's overflow pipe. The overflow pipe must be routed to a suitable drain, to prevent hot water splashes from causing harm. The overflow pipe must be inclined along its entire length to prevent pockets where water can accumulate, and must be frostproof. The overflow pipe must be at least the same size as the safety valve. The overflow pipe must be visible and its mouth must be open and not placed close to electrical components.

The safety valves must be actuated regularly to remove dirt and to check that they are not blocked.

F1345 must be installed via an isolator switch. The cable area has to be dimensioned based on the fuse rating used.

Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with national provisions.

If the supply cable is damaged, only NIBE, its service representative or similar authorised person may replace it to prevent any danger and damage.

## Symbols

Explanation of symbols that may be present in this manual.

#### WARNING!

This symbol indicates serious danger to person or machine.

#### CAUTION!

This symbol indicates danger to person or machine.

### Den Note!

This symbol indicates important information about what you should consider when installing or servicing the installation.

## Č TIP!

This symbol indicates tips on how to facilitate using the product.

### Marking

Explanation of symbols that may be present on the product's label(s).



Danger to person or machine.



Read the operating manual.

## Safety precautions

#### WARNING!

## The installation must be carried out by a qualified installer.

If you install the system yourself, serious problems may occur, for example water leaks, refrigerant leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury, as a result of a system malfunction.

## Install the system in full accordance with this installation manual.

Incorrect installation can cause bursts, personal injury, water leaks, refrigerant leaks, electric shocks and fire.

Pay attention to the measurement values before working on the cooling system, especially when servicing in small rooms, so that the limit for the refrigerant's concentration is not exceeded.

Consult an expert to interpret the measurement values. If the refrigerant concentration exceeds the limit, there may be a shortage of oxygen in the event of any leak, which can cause serious injury.

## Use original accessories and the stated components for the installation.

If parts other than those stated by us are used, water leaks, electric shocks, fire and personal injury may occur as the unit may not work properly.

#### Ventilate the working area well – refrigerant leakage may occur during service work.

If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gas is created.

Install the unit in a location with good support.

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury. Installation without sufficient support can also cause vibrations and noise.

#### Ensure that the unit is stable when installed, so that it can withstand earthquakes and strong winds.

Unsuitable installation locations can cause the unit to fall and cause material damage and personal injury.

#### The electrical installation must be carried out by a qualified electrician and the system must be connected as a separate circuit.

Power supply with insufficient capacity and incorrect function can cause electric shocks and fire.

#### Use the stated cables for the electrical connection, tighten the cables securely in the terminal blocks and relieve the wiring correctly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.

Loose connections or cable mountings can cause abnormal heat production or fire.

# Check, after completed installation or service, that no refrigerant leaks from the system in gas form.

If refrigerant gas leaks into the house and comes into contact with an aerotemp, an oven or other hot surface, poisonous gases are produced.

## Use types of pipe and tools stated for this type of refrigerant.

Using existing parts for other refrigerants can cause breakdowns and serious accidents due to process circuit bursts.

#### Switch off the compressor before opening/breaching the refrigerant circuit.

If the refrigerant circuit is breached /opened whilst the compressor is running, air can enter the process circuit. This can cause unusually high pressure in the process circuit, which can cause bursts and personal injury.

## Switch off the power supply in the event of a service or inspection.

If the power supply is not shut off, there is a risk of electric shocks and damage due to the rotating fan.

## Do not run the unit with removed panels or protection.

Touching rotating equipment, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burns or electric shocks.

## Cut the power before starting electrical work.

Failure to cut the power can cause electric shocks, damage and incorrect function of the equipment.

### CARE

## Carry out the electrical installation with care.

Do not connect the ground lead to the gas line, water line, lightning conductor or telephone line's ground lead. Incorrect grounding can cause unit faults such as electric shocks due to short-circuiting.

## Use main switch with sufficient breaking capacity.

If the switch does not have sufficient breaking capacity, malfunctions and fire can occur.

#### Always use a fuse with the correct rating in the locations where fuses are to be used.

Connecting the unit with copper wire or other metal thread can cause unit breakdown and fire.

#### Cables must be routed so that they are not damaged by metal edges or trapped by panels.

Incorrect installation can cause electric shocks, heat generation and fire.

#### **Do not install the unit close to locations where combustible gases could leak out.** If leaking gases collect around the unit, fire could break out.

Do not install the unit where corrosive gas (for example gas with sulphuric acid content) or combustible gas or steam (for example thinner and petroleum fumes) can be produced or collect, or where volatile combustible substances are handled.

Corrosive gas can cause corrosion to the heat exchanger, fractures in plastic parts, etc., and combustible gas or steam can cause fire.

Do not use the unit for specialist purposes such as for storing food, cooling precision instruments, freeze-conservation of animals, plants or art.

This can damage the items.

#### Do not install and use the system close to equipment that generates electromagnetic fields or high frequency harmonics.

Equipment such as inverters, standby sets, medical high frequency equipment and telecommunications equipment can affect the unit and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The unit can also affect medical equipment and telecommunications equipment, so that it functions incorrectly or not at all.

## Take care when carrying the unit by hand.

If the unit weighs more than 20 kg, it should be carried by two people. Wear safety gloves to reduce the risk of cuts.

#### Dispose of any packaging material correctly.

Any remaining packaging material can cause personal injury as it may contain nails and wood.

## Do not touch any buttons with wet hands.

This can cause electric shocks.

#### Do not touch any refrigerant pipes with your hands when the system is in operation.

During operation the pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold, depending on the method of operation. This can cause burn injuries or frost injuries.

#### **Do not switch off the power supply immediately after the operation has stopped.** Wait for at least 5 minutes, otherwise there

is a risk of water leakage or breakdown.

## Do not control the system with the main switch.

This can cause fire or water leakage.

#### ESPECIALLY FOR UNITS INTENDED FOR R407C AND R410A

- Do not use other refrigerants that those intended for the unit.

- Do not use charging bottles. These types of bottles change the composition of the refrigerant, which makes the performance of the system worse.

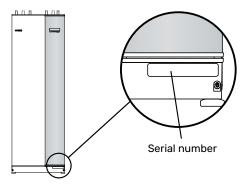
- When filling refrigerant, the refrigerant must always leave the bottle in liquid form.

- R410A means that the pressure is about 1.6 times as high as for conventional refrigerants.

- The filling connections on units with R410A are different sizes, to prevent the system being filled with the incorrect refrigerant by mistake.

## Serial number

The serial number can be found at the bottom right of the front cover, in the info menu (menu 3.1) and on the type plate (PZ1).



#### NOTE!

You need the product's (14 digit) serial number for servicing and support.

### Recovery



Leave the disposal of the packaging to the installer who installed the product or to special waste stations.

Do not dispose of used products with normal household waste. It must be disposed of at a special waste station or dealer who provides this type of service.

Improper disposal of the product by the user results in administrative penalties in accordance with current legislation.

## **Environmental information**

#### F-GAS REGULATION (EU) NO. 517/2014

This unit contains a fluorinated greenhouse gas that is covered by the Kyoto agreement.

The equipment contains R407C or R410A, fluorinated greenhouse gases with GWP values (Global Warming Potential) of 1774 and 2088 respectively. Do not release R407C or R410A into the atmosphere.

## Inspection of the installation

Current regulations require the heating installation to be inspected before it is commissioned. The inspection must be carried out by a suitably qualified person. In addition, fill in the page for the installation data in the Operating Manual.

<b>~</b>	Description	Notes	Signature	Date
Brin	e (page 19)			
	System flushed			
	System vented			
	Antifreeze			
	Level/Expansion vessel			
	Particle filter			
	Safety valves			
	Shut off valves			
	Circulation pumps set			
Clim	ate system (page 21)			
	System flushed			
	System vented			
	Expansion vessel			
	Particle filter			
	Safety valves			
	Shut off valves			
	Circulation pumps set			
Elec	tricity (page 25)			
	Connections			
	Main voltage			
	Phase voltage			
	Fuses heat pump			
	Fuses property			
	Outside sensor			
	Room sensor			
	Current sensor			
	Safety breaker			
	Earth circuit-breaker			
	Relay output for emergency mode			

# **Delivery and handling**

## Transport

F1345 has to be transported and stored vertically in a dry place. While being moved into a building, the heat pump may be carefully tilted backwards 45°.

Ensure that F1345 has not been damaged during transport.

#### CAUTION!

The heat pump is top heavy.

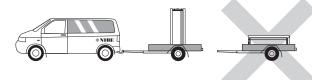
If the cooling modules are pulled out and transported upright, F1345 can be transported on its back.

<u>/</u>!\

## CAUTION!

Ensure that the heat pump cannot fall over during transport.

Remove the outer panels in order to protect them when moving in confined spaces inside buildings.



#### LIFT FROM THE STREET TO THE SET UP LOCATION

If the base allows, the simplest thing is to use a pallet truck to move the F1345 to the set up location.



#### CAUTION!

The centre of gravity is offset to one side (see print on the packaging).

F1345 must be lifted on the heaviest side and can be moved on a sack truck. Two people are required to lift F1345.

#### LIFT FROM THE PALLET TO FINAL POSITIONING

Before lifting, remove the packaging and the load anchor to the pallet as well as front and side panels.

Before lifting, the heat pump must be separated by pulling the cooling modules out from the cabinet. See the service chapter in the operating manual for instructions about the separation.

Carry the heat pump by the upper cooling module's slide rails, use gloves.

## 

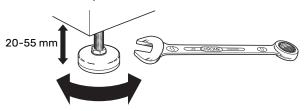
The heat pump must not be moved when only the lower cooling module has been pulled out. If the heat pump is not secured in position the upper cooling module must always be removed before the lower one can be pulled out.

#### SCRAPPING

For scrapping, remove the product in reverse order.

### Assembly

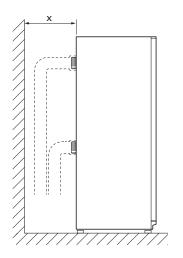
- Position F1345 on a solid foundation indoors that withstands water and the weight of the product.
- Use the product's adjustable feet to attain a horizontal and stable set-up.



- Since water comes from F1345, the area where F1345 is located must be equipped with floor drainage.
- Install with its back to an outside wall, ideally in a room where noise does not matter, in order to eliminate noise problems. If this is not possible, avoid placing it against a wall behind a bedroom or other room where noise may be a problem.
- Wherever the unit is located, walls to sound sensitive rooms should be fitted with sound insulation.
- Route pipes so they are not fixed to an internal wall that backs on to a bedroom or living room.

#### **INSTALLATION AREA**

Leave a free space of 800 mm in front of, and 150 mm above, the product. Approx. 50 mm free space is required on each side to allow the side panels to be removed. All service on F1345 can be carried out from the front, however the righthand panel may need to be removed. Leave free space between the heat pump and the wall behind (and any routing of supply cables and pipes), to reduce the risk of any vibrations being propagated.



x Leave the required space for pipe installation.

### Supplied components



ure sensor (BT1)

Aluminium tape

1 pcs

1 pcs

0-rings

16 pcs

8 pcs

Pipe insulation

Outdoor temperat- Temperature



sensor (BT)

Heat conduction

Current sensor

(not 60 kW)

Cable ties

8 pcs

3 x

5 pcs

paste 3 pcs



Insulation tape 1 pcs



Safety valve (FL3) 0.3 MPa (3 bar) 1 pcs



Tubes for sensors



4 pcs

Particle filter(HQ) 24 - 30 kW: 4 x G1 1/2 (internal thread) 40 - 60 kW: 2 x G1 1/2 (internal thread), 2 x G2 (internal thread)





Brine pump (GP16) IPA 10 (AA34) (only for 40 and 60 kW) 1 pcs

(only for 40 and 60 kW) 1 pcs

#### LOCATION

The enclosed kit is placed in the packaging next to the heat pump.



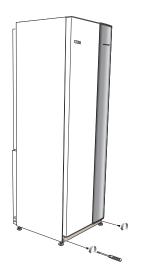


## **Removing the covers**

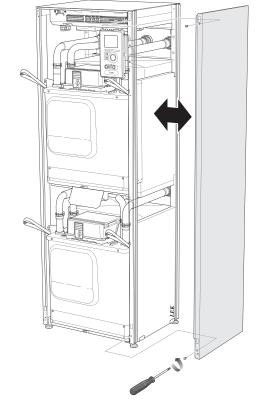
3. Move the panel outwards and backwards.

#### **FRONT COVER**

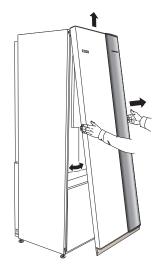
1. Remove the screws from the lower edge of the front panel.



- 2. Lift the panel out at the bottom edge and up.
- 3. Pull the panel towards yourself.



4. Assembly takes place in the reverse order.

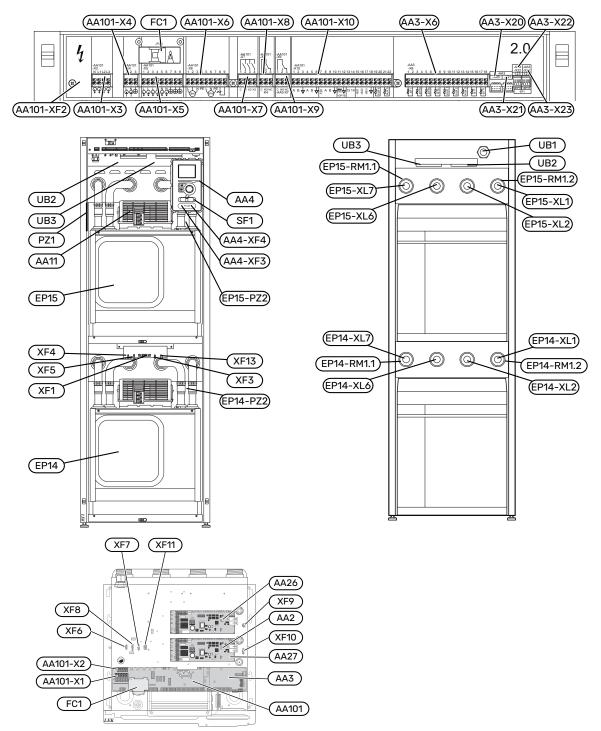


#### SIDE PANELS

- 1. Remove the screws from the upper and lower edges.
- 2. Twist the panel slightly outwards.

# The heat pump design

## General



#### **PIPE CONNECTIONS**

XL1	Connection,	heating	medium	flow

- XL2Connection, heating medium returnXL6Connection, brine in
- XL7 Connection, brine out

#### **HVAC COMPONENTS**

EP14	Cooling module
EP15	Cooling module
RM1.1-RM1.2	Non-return valve

#### **SENSORS ETC.**

BP12	Pressure sensor, exhaust air duct
BP13	Pressure sensor, filter
BP14	Pressure sensor, fan

#### **ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS**

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS			
AA2	Base card		
AA3	Input circuit board		
AA3-X6	Terminal block, sensor		
AA3-X20	Terminal block -EP14 -BP8		
AA3-X21	Terminal block -EP15 -BP8		
AA3-X22	Terminal block, flow meter -EP14 -BF1		
AA3-X23	Terminal block, flow meter -EP15 -BF1		
AA4	Display unit		
AA4-XF3	USB outlet (no function)		
AA4-XF4	Service outlet (No function)		
AA11	Motor module		
AA26	Base board 2		
AA27	Relay board for base		
AA101	Interface board		
AA101-X1	Terminal block, incoming electrical supply		
AA101-X2	Terminal block, supply -EP14		
AA101-X3	Terminal block, control voltage out (-X4)		
AA101-X4	Terminal block, operating voltage in (tariff option)		
AA101-X5	Terminal block, supply, external accessories.		
AA101-X6	Terminal block -QN10 and -GP16		
AA101-X7	Terminal block, step-controlled or shunted addi- tional heat		
AA101-X8	Emergency mode relay		
AA101-X9	Alarm relay, AUX relay		
AA101-X10	Communication, PWM, power supply		
FC1	Miniature circuit-breaker		
SF1	Switch		
XF1	Connector, electrical supply to compressor, cooling module -EP14		
AA101-XF2	Connector, electrical supply to compressor, cooling module -EP15		
XF3	Connector, compressor heater -EP14		
XF4	Connector, brine pump, cooling module -EP14 (only 24 and 30 kW)		
XF5	Connector, heating medium pump, cooling module -EP14		
XF6	Connector, compressor heater -EP15		
XF7	Connector, brine pump, cooling module -EP15 (only 24 and 30 kW)		
XF8	Connector, heating medium pump, cooling module -EP15		
XF9	Communication motor module -EP15		

XF10	Communication motor module -EP14
XF11	Pumps, compressor heater -EP14
XF13	Communication motor module -EP14

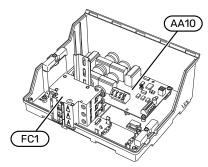
#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

PZ1	Rating plate
PZ2	Identification plate, cooling module
UB1	Cable gland, incoming electricity
UB2	Cable gland, power
UB3	Cable gland, signal

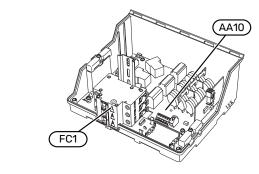
Designations according to standard EN 81346-2.

## Motor module (AA11)

#### F1345-24 KW



#### F1345-30, 40 AND 60 KW

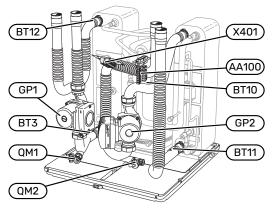


#### **ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS**

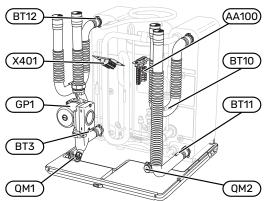
AA10	Soft-start card
FC1	Miniature circuit-breaker

## **Cooling module**

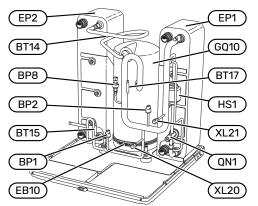
F1345-24 and 30 kW, 3x400 V



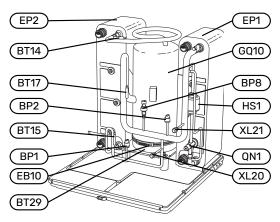
F1345-40 and 60 kW, 3x400 V



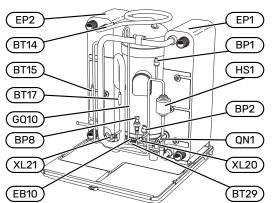
F1345-24 kW, 3x400 V



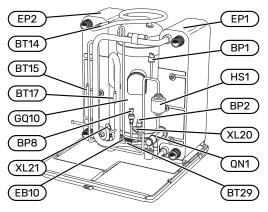
F1345-30 kW, 3x400 V



F1345-40 kW, 3x400 V



F1345-60 kW, 3x400 V



#### **PIPE CONNECTIONS**

- XL20 Service connection, high pressure
- XL21 Service connection, low pressure

#### **HVAC COMPONENTS**

- GP1 Circulation pump
- GP2 Brine pump
- QM1 Drainage, climate system
- QM2 Draining, brine side

#### **SENSORS ETC.**

- BP1 High pressure pressostat
- BP2 Low pressure pressostat
- BP8 Sensor, low pressure
- BT3 Temperature sensors, heating medium return
- BT10 Temperature sensor, brine in
- BT11 Temperature sensor, brine out
- BT12 Temperature sensor, condenser supply line
- BT14 Temperature sensor, hot gas
- BT15 Temperature sensor, fluid pipe
- BT17 Temperature sensor, suction gas
- BT29 Temperature sensor, compressor

#### **ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS**

- AA100 Joint card
- EB10 Compressor heater
- X401 Joint connector, compressor and motor module

#### **COOLING COMPONENTS**

- EP1 Evaporator
- EP2 Condenser
- GQ10 Compressor
- HS1 Drying filter
- QN1 Expansion valve

# **Pipe connections**

### General

Pipe installation must be carried out in accordance with current standards and directives. F1345 can operate with a return temperature of up to 58 °C and an outgoing temperature of 65 °C.

The pipe connections are on the rear of the heat pump.

## S NOTE!

Ensure that incoming water is clean. When using a private well, it may be necessary to supplement with an extra water filter.

#### NOTE! F

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Any high points in the climate system, must be equipped with air vents.

#### CAUTION!

The pipe systems have to be flushed clean before the product is connected, to prevent any contaminants from damaging the components.

#### CAUTION!

Water may drip from the safety valve's overflow pipe. The overflow pipe must be routed to a suitable drain, to prevent hot water splashes from causing harm. The overflow pipe must be inclined along its entire length to prevent pockets where water can accumulate, and must be frost-proof. The overflow pipe must be at least the same size as the safety valve. The overflow pipe must be visible and its mouth must be open and not placed close to electrical components.

#### CAUTION!

Do not solder directly on the pipes in F1345, because of internal sensors.

Compression ring coupling alternatively pressure connection should be used.

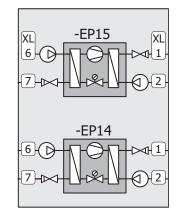
#### CAUTION!

The heating system's pipes must be earthed to prevent a potential difference between them and the building's protective earth.

#### SYSTEM DIAGRAM

F1345 consists of two cooling modules, circulation pumps and control system with the option for additional heating, where applicable. F1345 is connected to the brine and heating medium circuits.

In the heat pump evaporator, the brine (water mixed with anti-freeze, glycol or ethanol) releases its energy to the refrigerant, which is vaporised in order to be compressed in the compressor. The refrigerant, of which the temperature has now been raised, is passed to the condenser where it gives off its energy to the heating medium circuit and, if necessary, to any docked water heater. If there is a greater need for heating/hot water than the compressors can provide it is possible is to connect an external immersion heater.



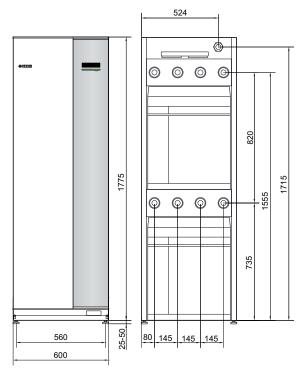
EP14 EP15 XL1 XL2 XL6 XL7	Cooling module
EP15	Cooling module
XL1	Connection, heating medium flow
XL2	Connection, heating medium return
XL6	Connection, brine in
XL7	Connection, brine out



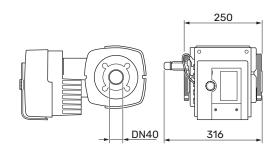
#### NOTE!

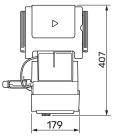
This is a principle of operation. For more detailed information about F1345, see section "The heat pump design".

# Dimensions and pipe connections

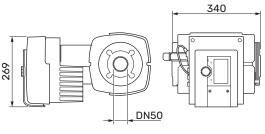


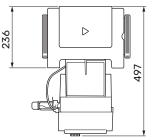
#### Enclosed brine pump (GP16) 40 kW

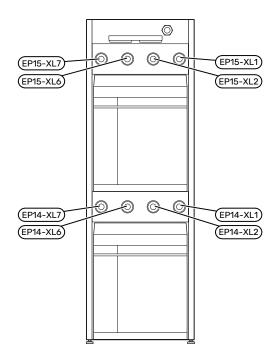




#### Enclosed brine pump (GP16) 60 kW







#### **PIPE DIMENSIONS**

Connection	
(XL1) Heating medium supply	internal thread G 1½ external thread G2
(XL2) Heating medium return	internal thread G 1½ external thread G2
(XL6) Brine in	internal thread G 1½ external thread G2
(XL7) Brine out	internal thread G 1½ external thread G2
(GP16) brine pump 40 kW	internal thread G1½
(GP16) brine pump 60 kW	internal thread G2

## **Brine side**

#### COLLECTOR

### DIF NOTE!

The length of the collector hose varies depending on the rock/soil conditions, climate zone and on the climate system (radiators or underfloor heating) and the heating requirement of the building Each installation must be sized individually.

Max. length per coil for the collector should not exceed 500 m.

The collectors must always be connected in parallel with the possibility of adjusting the flow for the relevant coil.

For surface soil heat, the hose should be buried at a depth determined by local conditions and the distance between the hoses should be at least 1 metre.

For several bore holes, the distance between the holes must be determined according to local conditions.

Ensure the collector hose rises constantly towards the heat pump to avoid air pockets. If this is not possible, airvents should be used.

Because the temperature of the brine system may fall below 0 °C, it must be protected against freezing down to -15 °C. When making the volume calculation, 1 litres of ready mixed brine per metre of collector hose (applies when using PEMhose 40x2.4 PN 6.3) is used as a guide value.

#### > NOTE!

Because the temperature of the brine system varies depending on the heat source, the 5.1.7 -"br pmp al set." menu must be set to a suitable value.

#### **CONNECTING THE BRINE SIDE**

Insulate all indoor brine pipes against condensation.

Mark the brine system with the antifreeze that is used.

Install as follows:

expansion vessel

#### CAUTION!

Condensation may drip from the expansion vessel. Position the vessel so that this does not harm other equipment.

• enclosed safety valve (FL3)

The safety valve is fitted next to the expansion vessel.

- pressure gauge
- shut-off valves

Install the shut-off valves as close to the cooling modules as possible.

• enclosed particle filter (HQ1, HQ2)

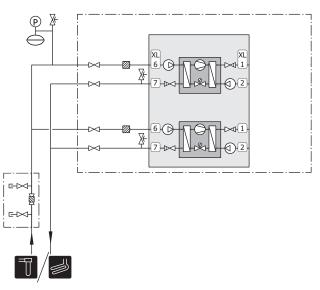
Install the particle filters as close as possible to F1345 on the incoming pipe.

vent valve

When necessary you should install venting valves in the brine system.

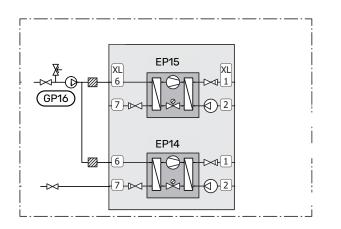
safety valves

Install the safety valves on the outgoing pipe, as close to the cooling modules as possible.



#### CONNECTING THE ENCLOSED BRINE PUMP (ONLY F1345-40 AND 60 KW)

Install the brine pump (GP16) at the connection for incoming brine (EP14-XL6) and (EP15-XL6) between the heat pump and the shut-off valve.



#### CAUTION!

<u>/</u>

Insulate the brine pump against condensation (do not cover the drainage hole).

#### **EXPANSION VESSEL**

The brine circuit must be supplied with a pressure expansion vessel.

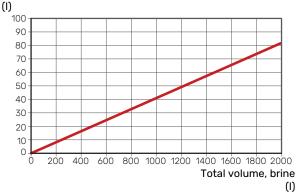
The brine side must be pressurised to at least 0.05  $\,$  MPa (0.5  $\,$  bar).

Dimension the pressure expansion vessel in accordance with the following diagram to prevent malfunctions. The diagrams cover the temperature range from -10 °C to +20 °C at pre-pressure 0.05 MPa (0.5 bar) and the safety valve's opening pressure of 0.3 MPa (3.0 bar).

#### Ethanol 28% (volume percent)

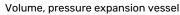
In installations with ethanol (28% volume percent) as the brine the pressure expansion vessel must be dimensioned according to the following diagram.

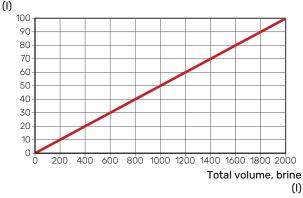
Volume, pressure expansion vessel



#### Ethylene glycol 40% (volume percent)

In installations with ethylene glycol (40% volume percent) as the brine the pressure expansion vessel must be dimensioned according to the following diagram.





## **Climate system**

A climate system is a system that regulates the indoor temperature with the help of the control system in F1345 and, for example, radiators, underfloor heating, underfloor cooling, fan coils, etc.

#### **CONNECTING THE CLIMATE SYSTEM**

Install as follows:

- expansion vessel
- pressure gauge
- safety valves

Max opening pressure is 0.6 MPa (6.0 bar). For information about max opening pressure, see technical specifications.

- enclosed particle filter (HQ3, HQ4)(DN40)
- shut-off valves

Install the shut-off valves as close to the cooling modules as possible.

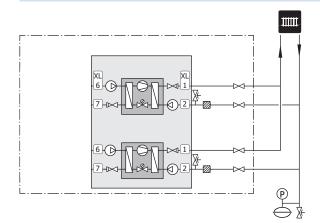
vent valve

When necessary you should install vent valves in the climate system.

• When connecting to a system with thermostats, either a bypass valve must be fitted or, alternatively, some of the thermostats must be removed to ensure there is sufficient flow and heat emission.

#### NOTE!

F1345 is designed so that heating production can be performed using one or two cooling modules. However, this entails different pipe or electrical installations.



## Cold and hot water

#### **CONNECTING THE HOT WATER HEATER**

Hot water production is activated in the start guide or in menu 5.2.

The settings for hot water are made in menu 5.1.1.

#### Connecting the hot water heater

Install as follows:

controlling hot water sensor (BT6)

The sensor is placed in the middle of the water heater.

displayed hot water sensor (BT7)<sup>1</sup>

The sensor is optional and is placed in the top of the water heater.

- shut-off valve
- non-return valve
- pressure relief valve

The safety valve must have an opening pressure of max. 1.0 MPa (10.0 bar).

mixing valve

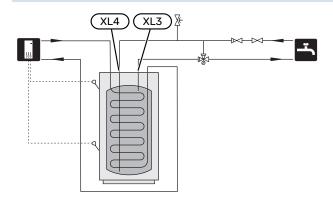
A mixer valve must also be installed, if the factory setting for hot water is changed. National regulations must be observed.

<sup>1</sup> The sensor is factory fitted on some water heater/accumulator tank models from NIBE.



#### NOTE!

F1345 is designed so that heating production can be performed using one or two cooling modules. However, this entails different pipe or electrical installations.



## Installation alternative

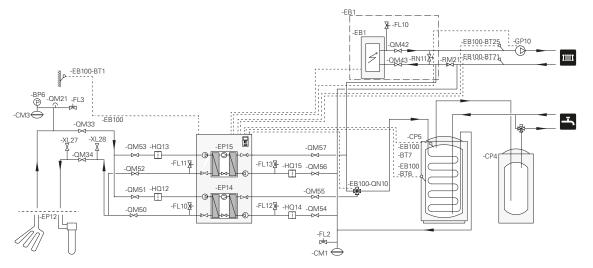
F1345 can be connected in several different ways. Examples are shown below.

Further information about the options is available at nibe.eu and in the manuals for the accessories used. See page 46 for the list of the accessories that can be used with F1345.

#### **EXPLANATION**

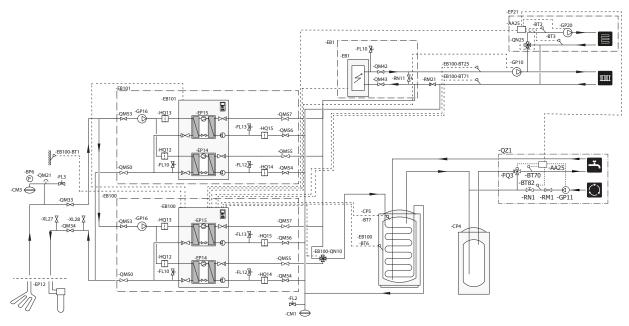
EXPLANATION					
EB1	External additional heat				
EB1	External electrical additional heat				
FL10	Safety valve, heating medium side				
QM42, QM43	Shut-off valve, heating medium side				
RN11	Trim valve				
EB100, EB101	Heat pump system				
BT1	Temperature sensor, outdoor				
BT6	Temperature sensor, hot water charging				
BT25	Temperature sensor, heating medium flow, ex- ternal				
BT71	Temperature sensor, heating medium return, external				
EB100	Heat pump F1345 (Master)				
EB101	Heat pump F1345 (Slave)				
EP14, EP15	Cooling module				
FL10, FL11	Safety valve, collector side				
FL12, FL13	Safety valve, heating medium side				
HQ12 - HQ15	Particle filter				
QM50 - QM53	Shut-off valve, brine side				
QM54 - QM57	Shut-off valve, heating medium side				
QN10	Reversing valve, heating/hot water				
QZ1	Hot water circulation				
AA5	Accessory card				
BT70	Temperature sensor, hot water flow				
FQ1	Mixer valve, hot water				
GP11	Circulation pump, domestic hot water circula- tion				
RN20, RN21	Trim valve				
EP21	Climate system 2				
BT2	Temperature sensors, heating medium flow				
BT3	Temperature sensors, heating medium return				
GP20	Circulation pump				
QN25	Shunt valve				
Miscellaneous					
AA5	Accessory card				
BP6	Manometer, brine side				
BT7	Temperature sensor, hot water flow				
CP5	Storage tank				
CM1	Expansion vessel, closed, heating medium side				
CM3	Expansion vessel, closed, brine side				
CP4	Additional water heater				
EP12	Collector, brine side				
FL2	Safety valve, heating medium side				
FL3	Safety valve, brine				
GP10	Circulation pump, heating medium external				
QM21	Venting valve, brine side				
QM33	Shut off valve, brine flow				
QM34	Shut off valve, brine return				
RM21	Non-return valve				

#### F1345-24 and 30 kW docked with electric additional heat and hot water heater (floating condensing)



The heat pump (EB100) prioritises charging of hot water with a cooling module (EP14) via reversing valve (EB100-QN10). When the water heater/accumulator tank (CP5) is fully charged, (EB100-QN10) switches to the heating circuit. When there is a heating demand, cooling module (EP15) starts first. If there is a greater demand, cooling module (EP14) also starts for heating operation.

Additional heat (EB1) is connected automatically, when the energy requirement exceeds the heat pump's capacity.



#### Two F1345-40 and/or 60 kW docked with electric additional heat and water heater (floating condensing)

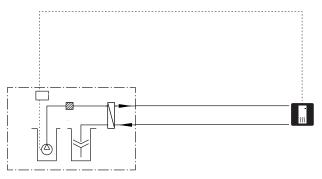
The heat pump (EB100) prioritises charging of hot water with a cooling module (EP14) via a reversing valve (EB100-QN10). When the water heater/accumulator tank (CP5) is fully charged, (EB100-QN10) switches to the heating circuit. When there is a demand for heat, the cooling module (EP15) starts first in the heat pump (EB101). In the event of a large demand, the cooling module (EP14) also starts in (EB101) for heating operation.

Additional heat (EB1) is connected automatically, when the energy requirement exceeds the heat pump's capacity.

#### **GROUND WATER SYSTEM**

An intermediate heat exchanger is used to protect the heat pump's exchanger from dirt. The water is released into a buried infiltration unit or a drilled well. See page "Possible selections for AUX output" for more information about connecting a ground water pump.

If this docking alternative is used, "min. brine out" in menu 5.1.7 "br pmp al set." must be changed to a suitable value to prevent freezing of the heat exchanger.

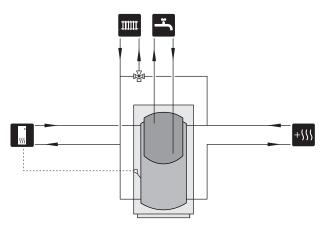


#### FIXED CONDENSING

If the heat pump is to work towards an accumulator tank with fixed condensing, you must connect an external supply temperature sensor (BT25). The sensor is placed in the tank.

The following menu settings are made:

Menu	Menu setting (local variations may be required)
1.9.3.1 - min. flow line temp. heating	Desired temperature in the tank.
5.1.2 - max flow line temperature	Desired temperature in the tank.
5.1.10 - op. mod heat med pump	intermittent
4.2 - op. mode	manual



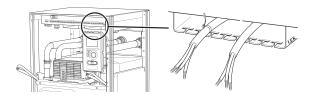
# **Electrical connections**

## General

All electrical equipment, except the outdoor sensors, room sensors and the current sensors are ready connected at the factory.

For 40 kW and 60 kW, the brine pump is enclosed (does not apply to all countries, see list of enclosed items) and must be installed outside the heat pump.

- Disconnect the heat pump before insulation testing the house wiring.
- If the building is equipped with an earth-fault breaker, each F1345 should be equipped with a separate one.
- F1345 must be installed via an isolator switch. The cable area has to be dimensioned based on the fuse rating used.
- If a miniature circuit breaker is used this should have at least motor characteristic "C". See page 49 for fuse size.
- Electrical wiring diagram for the heat pump, see page 57.
- Communication and sensor cables to external connections must not be laid close to high current cables.
- The minimum area of communication and sensor cables to external connections must be 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> up to 50 m, for example EKKX or LiYY or equivalent.
- When cable routing in F1345, cable grommets (e.g. UB2, power cables and UB3, signal cables, marked in image) must be used. Secure the cables in the grooves in the panel using cable ties (see image).



#### CAUTION!

The switch (SF1) must not be set to "I" or " $\Delta$ " until the boiler has been filled with water. Components in the product could be damaged.

### CAUTION!

Electrical installation and service must be carried out under the supervision of a qualified electrician. Cut the current with the circuit breaker before carrying out any servicing. Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with the stipulations in force.



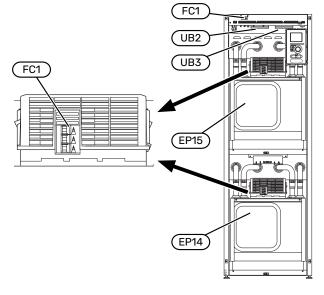
### CAUTION!

Check the connections, main voltage and phase voltage before the product is started, to prevent damage to the heat pump electronics.

#### 

Refer to the outline diagram of your system for

positioning of the temperature sensor.



#### MINIATURE CIRCUIT-BREAKER

The heat pump's operating circuit and some of its internal components are internally fused by a miniature circuit breaker (FC1).

Fuse (EP14-FC1) and (EP15-FC1) cut the power to the relevant compressor, if the current becomes too high.

#### Resetting

Fuse (EP14-FC1) and (EP15-FC1) are accessible behind the front cover. The miniature circuit breakers affected are reset by pushing back to the fused position.

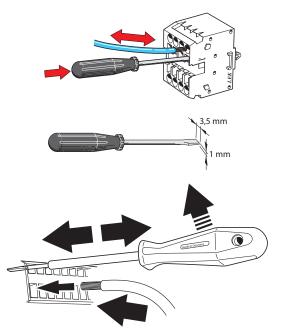
## NOTE!

Check the miniature circuit-breakers. They may have tripped during transportation.

Â

#### CABLE LOCK

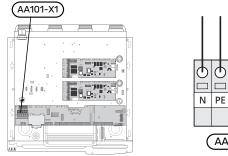
Use a suitable tool to release/lock cables in the heat pump terminal blocks.

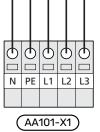


## Connections

#### **POWER CONNECTION**

Enclosed cable for incoming supply electricity is connected to terminal block X1.





#### CAUTION!

It is important that the electrical connection is made with the correct phase sequence. With the incorrect phase sequence, the compressor does not start and an alarm is displayed.

## EXTERNAL CONTROL VOLTAGE FOR THE CONTROL SYSTEM

If the control system is to be powered separately from the other components in the heat pump (e.g. for tariff control), a separate operating cable must be connected.

### 

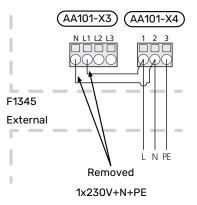
During service, all supply circuits must be disconnected.

### CAUTION!

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

Remove the cables between terminal block AA101-X3:N and AA101-X4:2 as well as between terminal block AA101-X3:L1 and AA101-X4:1 (see illustration).

Control voltage (1x230V+N+PE) is connected to AA101-X4:3 (PE), AA101-X4:2 (N) and AA101-X4:1 (L) as illustrated.



#### **TARIFF CONTROL**

If the voltage to the compressors is lost for a certain period, "tariff blocking" must be selected via the electable inputs, see section "Possible selection for AUX inputs".

## CONNECTION OF ENCLOSED BRINE PUMP (GP16)

## 

Only applies to F1345-40 kW and 60 kW.

The enclosed IPA 10 (AA34) is installed between the heat pump and the circulation pump (GP16) for communication.

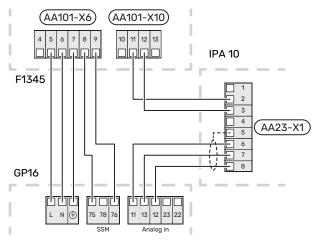
IPA 10 is installed on the wall. If the cable length between IPA 10 and the (GP16) circulation pump exceeds 2 metres, the cable must be screened. Connect the screen to AA23-X1:5.

Connect the circulation pump (GP16) to F1345 on AA101-X6:5 (230 V), AA101-X6:6 (N), AA101-X6:7 (PE), AA101-X6:8 (75) and AA101-X6:9 (76).

Connect the circulation pump to IPA 10 on AA23-X1:6 (11), AA23-X1:7 (13) and AA23-X1:8 (12).

Connect IPA 10 to F1345 on AA101-X10:11 (2) and AA101-X10:12 (3).

See section "Setting the enclosed brine pump (GP16)" för commissioning the brine pump.

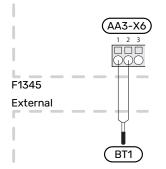


#### **OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE SENSOR (BT1)**

Place the outdoor temperature sensor (BT1) in the shade on a wall facing north or north-west, so it is unaffected by the morning sun, for example.

Connect the sensor to terminal block (AA3-X6:1) and (AA3-X6:2). Use a twin core cable with a cable area of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

If a conduit is used it must be sealed to prevent condensation in the sensor capsule.

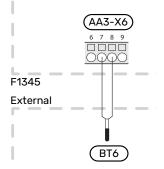


#### TEMPERATURE SENSOR, HOT WATER CHARGING (BT6)

The temperature sensor, hot water charging (BT6) is placed in the submerged tube on the water heater.

Connect the sensor to terminal block (AA3-X6:7) and (AA3-X6:8). Use a twin core cable with a cable area of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

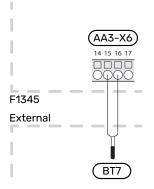
Hot water charging is activated in menu 5.2 or in the start guide.



#### TEMPERATURE SENSOR, HOT WATER TOP (BT7)

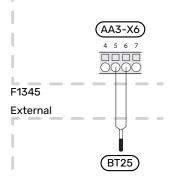
A temperature sensor for hot water top (BT7) can be connected to F1345 to display the water temperature at the top of the tank (if possible).

Connect the sensor to terminal block (AA3-X6:15) and (AA3-X6:16). Use a twin core cable with a cable area of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.



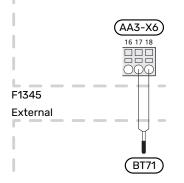
## EXTERNAL SUPPLY TEMPERATURE SENSOR (BT25)

Connect external supply temperature sensor (BT25) to terminal block (AA3-X6:5) and (AA3-X6:6). Use a twin core cable with a cable area of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.



#### **EXTERNAL RETURN LINE SENSOR (BT71)**

Connect external return line sensor (BT71) to terminal block (AA3-X6:17) and (AA3-X6:18). Use a twin core cable with a cable area of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.



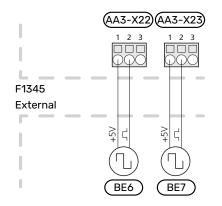
#### **EXTERNAL ENERGY METER**



#### CAUTION!

Connection of external energy meter requires version 35 or later on input board (AA3) as well as "display version" 7157R3 or later.

One or two energy meters (BE6, BE7) are connected to terminal block X22 and/or X23 on input board (AA3).



Activate the energy meter(s) in menu 5.2.4 and then set the desired value (energy per pulse) in menu 5.3.21.

### **Optional connections**

#### MASTER/SLAVE

Multiple heat pumps can be interconnected, by selecting one of the heat pumps as the master and the others as slaves. Ground source heat pump models with master/slave functionality from NIBE can be connected to F1345.

F1345 can also be used in hybrid systems together with ground source heat pumps in the S-series, as well as air/water heat pumps and/or control modules, but F1345 can then only be connected as a slave.

The heat pump is always delivered as master and up to till 8 slaves can be connected to it. In systems with several heat pumps, each pump must have a unique name, i.e. only one heat pump can be "Master" and only one can be e.g. "Slave 5". Set master/slaves in menu 5.2.1.

External temperature sensors and control signals must be connected solely to the master, except for external control of the compressor module and reversing valve(s) (QN10) that can be connected one to each heat pump. See page 33 for connecting the reversing valve (QN10).

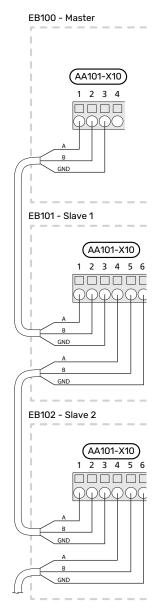
### CAUTION!

When several heat pumps are connected together (master/slaves), an external supply temperature sensor (BT25) and an external return sensor (BT71) must be used. If these sensors are not connected, the product will give a sensor fault.

Connect the communications cables to the master's terminal block AA101-X10:1 (A), AA101-X10:2 (B) and AA101-X10:3 (GND.

Incoming communications cables from master, or slave to slave, are connected to the terminal block AA101-X10:1 (A), AA101-X10:2 (B) and AA101-X10:3 (GND).

Outgoing communications cables from slave to slave are connected to terminal block AA101-X10:4 (A), AA101-X10:5 (B) and AA101-X10:6 (GND).



#### LOAD MONITOR

#### Load monitor with current sensor

When many power-consuming products are connected in the property at the same time as the compressor and/or the electric additional heat is operating, there is a risk of the property's main fuses tripping.

F1345 has a load monitor that, with the aid of a current sensor, controls the power steps for the external electric additional heat by disconnecting from the electric additional heat step-by-step in event of overload in a phase.

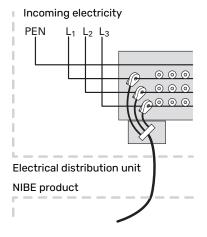
Reconnection occurs when the other current consumption is reduced.

#### **Connection and activation of current sensors**

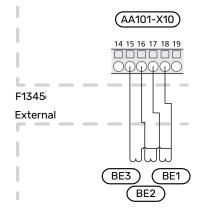
#### CAUTION!

The incoming current must not exceed 50 A with enclosed current sensors, and the voltage from the current sensors to the input board must not exceed 3.2 V. At a higher current/voltage, the enclosed current sensors are replaced with the accessory CMS 10-200.

- 1. Install a current sensor on each incoming phase conductor into the electrical distribution unit. This is best done in the electrical distribution unit.
- Connect the current sensors to a multi-core cable in an enclosure directly adjacent to the electrical distribution unit. The multi-core cable between the enclosure and F1345 must have a cable area of at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.



3. Connect the cable to terminal block AA101-X10:15 to AA101-X10:16 and AA101-X10:17 as well as to the common AA101-X10:18 terminal block for the three current sensors.



4. Specify the size of the property's main fuse in menu 5.1.12 - "addition".

#### **ROOM SENSOR**

F1345 can be supplemented with a room sensor (BT50). The room sensor has a number of functions:

- Shows current room temperature in the display on F1345.
- 2. Option of changing the room temperature in °C.
- 3. Provides the option of fine-tuning the room temperature.

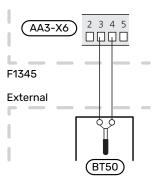
Install the sensor in a neutral position where the set temperature is wanted.

A suitable location is on a free inner wall in a hall approx. 1.5 m above the floor. It is important that the sensor is not prevented from measuring the correct room temperature, for example by being located in a recess, between shelves, behind a curtain, above or close to a heat source, in a draught from an external door or in direct sunlight. Closed radiator thermostats can also cause problems.

F1345 operates without the room sensor, but if you want to read the home's indoor temperature from the display on F1345, the sensor must be fitted. Connect the room sensor to X6:3 and X6:4 on the input board (AA3).

If the room temperature sensor will have a controlling function, it is activated in menu 1.9.4 - " room sensor settings".

If the room sensor is used in a room with underfloor heating, it should only have an indicatory function, not control of the room temperature.





#### NOTE!

Changes of temperature in accommodation take time. For example, short time periods in combination with underfloor heating will not give a noticeable difference in room temperature.

#### STEP CONTROLLED ADDITIONAL HEAT

#### CAUTION!

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

External step-controlled additional heat can be controlled with up to three potential-free relays in F1345 (3 steps linear or 7 steps binary). With the accessory AXC 50, three additional potential-free relays can be used for additional heat control, which then provides max 3+3 linear or 7+7 binary steps.

Step in occurs with at least 1 minute intervals and step outs with at least 3 seconds intervals.

Connect the common phase to terminal block AA101-X7:1.

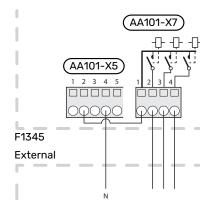
Step 1 is connected to terminal block AA101-X7:2.

Step 2 is connected to terminal block AA101-X7:3.

Step 3 is connected to terminal block AA101-X7:4.

The settings for step controlled additional heat are made in menu 4.9.3 and menu 5.1.12.

All additional heat can be blocked by connecting a potentialfree switch function to AUX input on terminal block AA3-X6 and AA101-X10. The function must be activated in menu 5.4.



## NOTE!

If the relays are to be used for operating voltage, bridge the supply from AA101-X5:1 - 3 to AA101-X7:1. Connect the neutral from the external additional heat to AA101-X5:4 - 6.

#### SHUNT CONTROLLED ADDITIONAL HEAT

#### ∖ CAUTION!

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

This connection enables an external additional heater, e.g. an oil boiler, gas boiler or district heating exchanger to aid with heating.

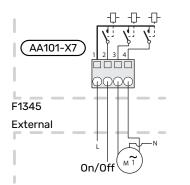
The connection requires that the boiler sensor (BT52) is connected to one of the AUX inputs in F1345, see page 34. The sensor is only selectable when "shunt controlled add. heat" is selected in menu 5.1.12.

F1345 controls a shunt valve and start signal for the additional heat using three relays. If the installation cannot manage to maintain the correct supply temperature, the additional heat starts. When the boiler sensor (BT52) exceeds the set value, F1345 sends a signal to the shunt (QN11) to open from the additional heat. The shunt (QN11) adjusts to ensure that the true supply temperature corresponds with the control system's theoretically calculated set point value. When the heating demand drops sufficiently, so additional heat is no longer required, the shunt (QN11) closes completely. The factory-set minimum operating time for the boiler is 12 hours (can be adjusted in menu 5.1.12).

The settings for shunt controlled additional heat are made in menu 4.9.3 and menu 5.1.12.

Connect the shunt motor (QN11) to terminal block AA101-X7:4 (230 V, open) and 3 (230 V, close).

To control switching the additional heat on and off, connect it to terminal block AA101-X7:2.



All additional heat can be blocked by connecting a potentialfree switch function to AUX input on terminal block AA3-X6 and AA101-X10. The function must be activated in menu 5.4.

#### **ADDITIONAL HEAT IN TANK**

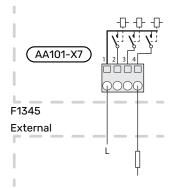
#### CAUTION!

Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

This connection allows an external additional heater in the tank to assist with the production of hot water when the compressors are busy producing heating.

Additional heat in tank is activated in menu 5.1.12.

To control switching the additional heat on and off in the tank, connect it to terminal block AA101-X7:4.



All additional heat can be blocked by connecting a potentialfree switch function to AUX input on terminal block AA3-X6 and AA101-X10. The function must be activated in menu 5.4.

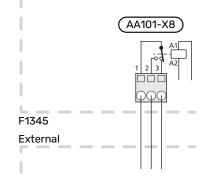
#### **RELAY OUTPUT FOR EMERGENCY MODE**

#### CAUTION!

 Mark up any junction boxes with warnings for external voltage.

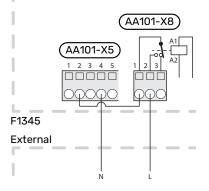
When the switch (SF1) is set to " $\Delta$ " mode (emergency mode), the internal circulation pumps (EP14-GP1 and EP15-GP1) and the potential-free variable emergency mode relay (AA101-K4) are activated. External accessories are disconnected.

The emergency mode relay can be used to activate external additional heat, an external thermostat must then be connected to the control circuit to control the temperature. Ensure that the heating medium circulates through the external additional heating.



#### עד NOTE!

No hot water is produced when emergency mode is activated.





#### NOTE!

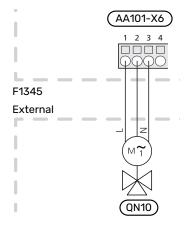
If the relays are to be used for operating voltage, bridge the supply from AA101-X5:1 - 3 to AA101-X8:1. Connect the neutral from the external additional heat to AA101-X5:4 - 6.

#### **REVERSING VALVES**

F1345 can be supplemented with an external reversing valve (QN10) for hot water control (see page 46 for accessories).

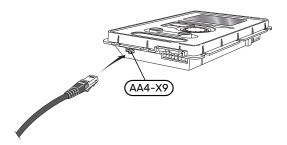
Connect the external reversing valve (QN10) to terminal block AA101-X6:3 (N), AA101-X6:2 (operation) and AA101-X6:1 (L), as illustrated.

With several heat pumps connected as master/slave, connect the reversing valve electrically to a suitable heat pump. The reversing valve is controlled by the master heat pump regardless which heat pump it is connected to.



#### **MYUPLINK**

Connect a network-connected cable (straight, Cat.5e UTP) with RJ45 contact (male) to contact AA4-X9 on the display unit (as illustrated). Use the cable grommet (UB3) on the heat pump for cable routing.



#### **EXTERNAL CONNECTION OPTIONS (AUX)**

F1345 has software-controlled AUX inputs and outputs for connecting the external switch function (contact has to be potential-free) or sensor.

In menu 5.4 - "soft in/outputs", you select the AUX connection to which each function has been connected.

	soft in/outputs 5.4
AUX1	activate temp lux
AUX2	block add. heat
AUX3	external adjustment
AUX4	block compressor
AUX5	activate fan speed 1
AA101-X9	hot water recirc.

For certain functions, accessories may be required.

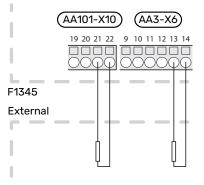


Some of the following functions can also be activated and scheduled via menu settings.

#### **Selectable inputs**

Selectable inputs on terminal blocks (AA3) and (AA101) for these functions are:

AUX1	AA3-X6:9-10
AUX2	AA3-X6:11-12
AUX3	AA3-X6:13-14
AUX4	AA101-X10:19-20
AUX5	AA101-X10:21-22



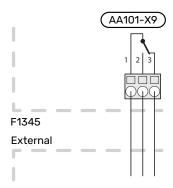
The example above uses the inputs AUX3 (AA3-X6:13-14) and AUX5 (AA101-X10:21-22) on the terminal block.

#### Selectable outputs

A selectable output is AA101-X9.

The output is a potential-free switching relay.

When switch (SF1) is in the " $\mathcal{O}$ " or " $\Delta$ " position, the relay is in the alarm position.



#### NOTE!

<del>كل</del>ر

The relay output may be subjected to a max load of 2 A at resistive load (230 V~).

#### - TIP!

The AXC accessory is required if more than one function is to be connected to the AUX output.

#### **Possible selection for AUX inputs**

#### **Temperature sensor**

Available options are:

- boiler (BT52) (only shown if shunt-controlled additional heat is selected in menu 5.1.12 - " internal electrical addition")
- cooling/heating (BT74), determines when it is time to switch between cooling and heating mode (selectable when the cooling function is activated in menu 5.2.4 – "accessories").

When several room sensors have been installed, you can select which one of them will be controlling in menu 1.9.5.

When the cooling/heating sensor (BT74) has been connected and activated in menu 5.4, no other room sensor can be selected in menu 1.9.5 - "cooling settings".

#### Monitor

Available options are:

- alarm from external units.
- The alarm is connected to the control, which means that the malfunction is shown as an information message in the display. Potential free signal of type NO or NC.
- level monitor <sup>1</sup>/ pressure switch / flow monitor for brine.
  - Blocks the entire installation, a specific heat pump or compressor module (NO/NC).
- pressure switch for climate system (NC).
- stove monitor for accessory ERS.
   Stove monitor is a thermostat that is connected to the

chimney. When the negative pressure is too low, the fans in ERS (NC) are switched off.

#### **External activation of functions**

An external switch function can be connected to F1345 to activate various functions. The function is activated during the time the switch is closed.

Possible functions that can be activated:

- forced control of brine pump
- hot water comfort mode "temporary lux"
- hot water comfort mode "economy"
- "external adjustment"

When the switch is closed, the temperature is changed in °C (if a room sensor is connected and activated). If a room sensor is not connected or not activated, the desired change of "temperature" (heating curve offset) is set with the number of steps selected. The value is adjustable between -10 and +10. External adjustment of the climate system 2 to 8 is performed on the respective accessory boards.

- climate system 1 to 8

<sup>1</sup> Accessory NV 10

Setting the value for the change is performed in menu 1.9.2 - "external adjustment".

activation of one of four fan speeds.

(Can be selected if ventilation accessory is activated.) The following options are available:

- "activate fan speed 1 (NO)" "activate fan speed 4 (NO)"
- "activate fan speed 1 (NC)"

The fan speed is activated during the time the switch is closed. Normal speed is resumed when the switch is opened again.

SG ready

#### P NOTE!

This function can only be used in mains networks that support the "SG Ready" standard.

"SG Ready" requires two AUX inputs.

"SG Ready" is a smart form of tariff control, which allows your electricity supplier to affect the indoor, hot water and/or pool temperatures (if applicable) or simply block the additional heating and/or compressor in F1345 at certain times of the day (can be selected in menu 4.1.5 -"SG Ready" after the function is activated). Activate the function by connecting potential free switch functions to two inputs as selected in menu 5.4 - "soft in/outputs" (SG Ready A and SG Ready B).

Closed or open switch means one of the following:

- Blocking (A: Closed, B: Open)

"SG Ready" is active. The compressor in the heat pump and additional heat is blocked.

- Normal mode (A: Open, B: Open)

"SG Ready" is not active. No effect on the system.

- Low price mode (A: Open, B: Closed)

"SG Ready" is active. The system focuses on costs savings and can for example exploit a low tariff from the electricity supplier or over-capacity from any own power source (effect on the system can be adjusted in the menu 4.1.5).

- Overcapacity mode (A: Closed, B: Closed)

"SG Ready" is active. The system is permitted to run at full capacity at over capacity (very low price) with the electricity supplier (effect on the system is settable in menu 4.1.5).

(A = SG Ready A and B = SG Ready B )

#### **External blocking of functions**

An external switch function can be connected to F1345 for blocking various functions. The switch must be potentialfree and a closed switch results in blocking.



#### CAUTION!

Blocking entails a risk of freezing.

Functions that can be blocked:

- heating (blocking of heating demand)
- compressor (blocking of EP14 and EP15 can be combined. If you want to block both (EP14) and (EP15), this will occupy two AUX inputs)
- hot water (hot water production). Any hot water circulation (HWC) remains in operation.
- internally controlled additional heat
- tariff blocking (additional heat, compressor, heating, cooling and hot water are disconnected)

#### Possible selections for AUX output

#### Indications

- alarm
- common alarm
- cooling mode indication (only applies if there are cooling accessories)
- holiday

#### Control

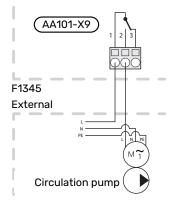
- ground water pump
- circulation pump for hot water circulation
- external heating medium pump
- · additional heat in charge circuit



#### CAUTION!

The relevant distribution box must be marked with a warning about external voltage.

An external circulation pump is connected to the AUX output, as illustrated below. If the pump has to work in the event of alarm, the cable is moved from position 2 to position 3.



## NOTE!

For relay position operation, see section "Relay output for emergency mode", see page 32.

### **Connecting accessories**

Instructions for connecting accessories are in the installation instructions provided for the respective accessory. See information at nibe.eu for the list of the accessories that can be used with F1345.

# **Commissioning and adjusting**

## **Preparations**

- 1. Check that the switch (SF1) is in position " $\bigcirc$ ".
- 2. Check that the externally mounted filling valves are fully closed.

## MOTE!

Check the miniature circuit-breaker and the motor protection breakers. They may have tripped during transportation.

## **Filling and venting**

#### Filling the climate system

- 1. Open the filling valve (external, not included in the product). Fill the climate system with water.
- 2. Open the vent valve (external, not included in the product).
- 3. When the water that exits the vent valve is not mixed with air, close the valve. After a while, the pressure starts to rise.
- Close the filling valve when the correct pressure is obtained.

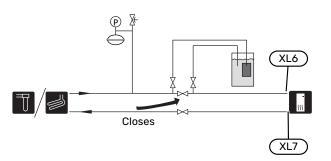
#### Venting the climate system

- 1. Vent F1345 via a vent valve (external, not included in the product) and other climate systems via their respective vent valves.
- 2. Keep topping up and venting until all air has been removed and the pressure is correct.

#### FILLING AND VENTING THE BRINE SYSTEM

When filling the brine system, mix the water with antifreeze in an open container. The mixture should be protected against freezing down to about -15 -C. The brine is filled by connecting a filling pump.

- 1. Check the brine system for leakage.
- 2. Connect the filling pump and return line on the brine system's service connections as shown in figure.
- 3. Close the shut-off valve between the service connections.
- 4. Open the service connections.
- 5. Start the filling pump.
- 6. Fill and bleed the brine system until clear, air-free liquid enters the return pipe.
- 7. Close the service connections.
- 8. Open the shut-off valve between the service connections.



### Symbol key

Symbol	Meaning
Χ	Shut-off valve
$\ominus$	Expansion vessel
P	Pressure gauge
×	Safety valve

## Start-up and inspection

#### **START GUIDE**

<u>/</u>]\

<u>/</u>]

#### CAUTION!

There must be water in the climate system before the switch is set to " **I**".

#### CAUTION!

Do not start F1345 if there is a risk that the water in the system has frozen.

#### CAUTION!

With several heat pumps connected, the start guide must first be run in the subordinate heat pumps.

In the heat pumps that are not the main unit, you can only make settings for each heat pump's circulation pumps. Other settings are made and controlled by the main unit.

- 1. Set switch (SF1) on F1345 to position "I".
- 2. Follow the instructions in the display's start guide. If the start guide does not start when you start the F1345, you can start it manually in menu 5.7.

Follow the instructions in the start guide in the main unit's display. If the start guide does not start when you start the main unit, you can start it manually in menu 5.7.

## ʹʹ; ΤΙΡ!

Refer to the operating manual for a more in-depth introduction to the control system in F1345 (operation, menus, etc.).

#### Commissioning

The first time the installation is started a start guide is started. The start guide instructions state what needs to carried out at the first start together with a run through of the installation's basic settings.

The start guide ensures that the start-up is carried out correctly and, for this reason, cannot be skipped.

### Den Note!

As long as the start guide is active, no function in the installation will start automatically.

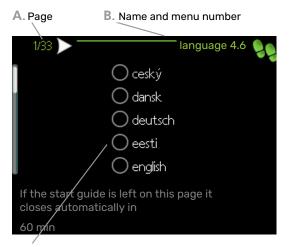
The start guide will appear at each restart of the installation, until it is deselected on the last page.



#### At start-up of F1345-30 to 60 kW, preheating of the compressors starts. Preheating continues until the compressor sensor (BT29) is stable at 10 degrees higher than the low-pressure sensor (BP8) (for F1345-60 kW this can take up to 12 hours).

See the info menu for more information.

#### **Operation in the start guide**



C. Option / setting

#### A. Page

Here you can see how far you have come in the start guide.

Scroll between the pages of the start guide as follows:

- 1. Turn the control knob until one of the arrows in the top left corner (at the page number) has been marked.
- 2. Press the OK button to skip between the pages in the start guide.

#### B. Name and menu number

Here, you can see which menu in the control system this page of the start guide is based on. The digits in brackets refer to the menu number in the control system.

If you want to read more about affected menus either read off in the sub-menu or in the operating manual under the chapter "Control - Menus"

If you want to read more about affected menus either consult the help menu or read the user manual.

#### C. Option / setting

Make settings for the system here.

#### SETTING PUMP SPEEDS

#### Pump adjustment, automatic operation

#### Brine side F1345-24/30 kW

To set the correct flow in the brine system, the brine pump must run at the correct speed. F1345 has a brine pump that is controlled automatically in standard mode. Certain functions and accessories may demand that it be run manually, in which case the correct speed must be set.



For optimum operation when several heat pumps are installed in a multi-installation, all heat pumps should have the same compressor size.

This automatic control occurs when the compressor is running and sets the speed of the brine pump so that the optimum temperature difference between the supply and return lines is attained.

#### **Climate system**

To set the correct flow in the climate system, the heating medium pump must run at the correct speed. F1345 has a heating medium pump that can be automatically controlled in standard mode. Certain functions and accessories may demand that it be run manually, in which case the correct speed must be set.

This automatic control takes place when the compressor is running and sets the speed of the heating medium pump, for the relevant operating mode, so the optimum temperature difference between the supply and return lines is obtained. During heating operation, the set DOT (dimensioned outdoor temperature) and temperature difference in menu 5.1.14 are used. If necessary, the maximum speed of the circulation pump can be limited in menu 5.1.11

#### Pump adjustment, manual operation

#### Brine side F1345-24/30 kW

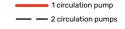
F1345 has brine pumps that can be controlled automatically. For manual operation: deactivate "auto" in menu 5.1.9 and then set the speed according to the diagrams below.



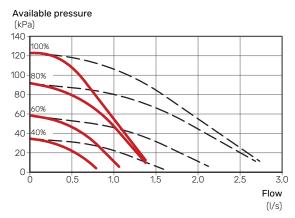
When an accessory for passive cooling is used, the brine pump speed must be set in menu 5.1.9.

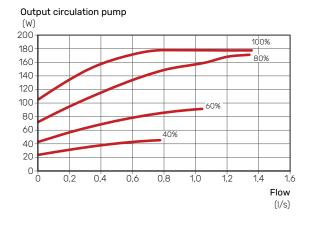
Set the pump speed when the system has come into balance (ideally 5 minutes after compressor start).

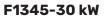
Adjust the flow so the temperature difference between brine out (BT11) and brine in (BT10) is between 2 - 5 °C. Check these temperatures in menu 3.1 "service info" and adjust the brine pumps' (GP2) speed until the temperature difference is obtained. A large difference indicates a low brine flow and a small difference indicates a high brine flow.

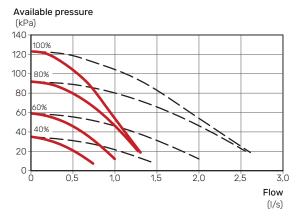


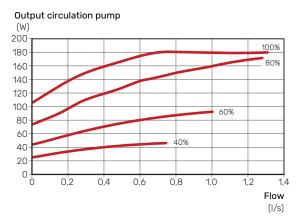
#### F1345-24 kW









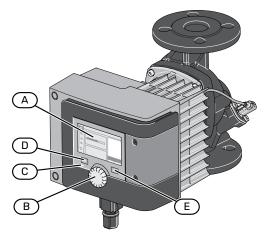


#### Brine side F1345-40 and 60 kW

#### Setting the enclosed brine pump (GP16)

In order configure the enclosed brine pump (GP16), the following settings in the brine pump display are required.

#### **Display unit**



A Display	Instructions and settings are shown on the dis- play. You can easily navigate between different menus and options to make settings or to obtain information. Confirm the selection by pressing the button.
B Control knob	<ul> <li>The control knob can be turned to the right or left.</li> <li>You can:</li> <li>scroll in menus and between options.</li> <li>increase and decrease the values.</li> </ul>
C Status lamp	The status lamp is blue when the configuration for control with analogue input has been successful. Otherwise, the lamp is not lit.
D Enter	Go back into the menu, or press and hold the button, to return to the home screen.
E Setting	Bring up the menu for more settings.

#### Commissioning



TIP!

The first time the installation is started, a start guide is launched. In the start guide, you select the language you want in the display.

- 1. Select "Start venting".
- 2. Vent the brine circuit and wait until the procedure is completed after approx. 10 minutes. Repeat if necessary.
- 3. Select the "Start with factory settings" menu.

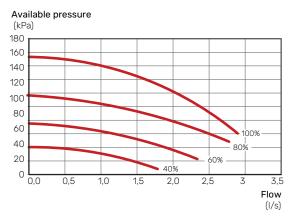
#### Menu settings - control via analogue input

- 1. Go to the "Settings" menu.
- 2. Select option "Set auto control".
- 3. Select option "Settings assistant".
- 4. Select option "Basic control modes".
- 5. Select option "Speed n-c".
- 6. Return to the home screen by pressing and holding in the Enter button for a couple of seconds.
- 7. Check that the status lamp is blue.

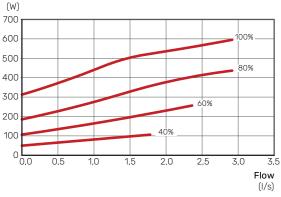
#### **Configuration for analogue input**

- 1. Go to the "Settings" menu.
- 2. Select option "External interfaces".
- 3. Select option "Function analogue input".
- 4. Select option "Al1" or "Al2", depending on which input the signal cable has been installed in.
- 5. Select option "Set analogue input".
- 6. Select option "Setpoint controller".
- 7. Select the option "0-10V".
- 8. Select option "Use specifications".
- 9. Select option "Overview of analogue input".
- 10. Check which signal is sent to the circulation pump and the corresponding pump speed.
- 11. Return to the home screen by pressing and holding in the Enter button for a couple of seconds.
- 12. Go back to the "Settings" menu.
- 13. Select option "Set auto control".
- 14. Select option "Setpoint speed".
- 15. Press the settings button.
- 16. Select "Setpoint of external source".
- 17. Select the same analogue input that was selected in step 4.
- Return to the home screen by pressing and holding in the Enter button for a couple of seconds.
- 19. Check that the selected analogue input is the one that is shown on the display.

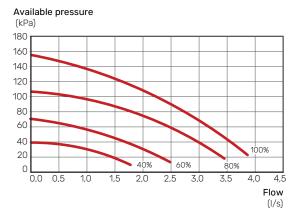
#### F1345-40 kW

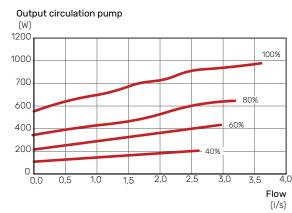


Output circulation pump



#### F1345-60 kW





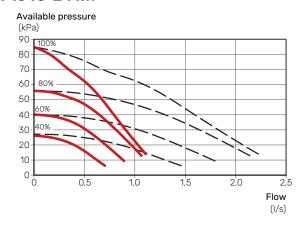
#### **Climate system**

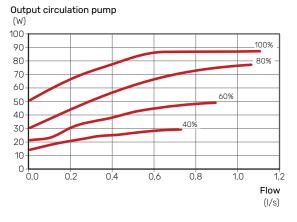
F1345 has heating medium pumps that can be automatically controlled. For manual operation: deactivate "auto" in menu 5.1.11 and then set the speed according to the diagrams below.

The flow must have a suitable temperature difference for the operating case (heating operation: 5 - 10 °C, hot water generation: 5 - 10 °C, pool heating: approx. 15 °C) between controlling supply temperature sensor and return line sensor. Check these temperatures in menu 3.1 "service info" and adjust the heating medium pumps' (GP1) speed until the temperature difference is obtained. A large difference indicates a low heating medium flow and a small difference indicates a high heating medium flow.

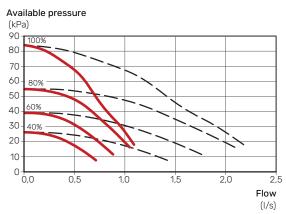
1 circulation pump 2 circulation pumps

#### F1345-24 kW

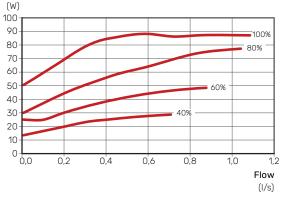


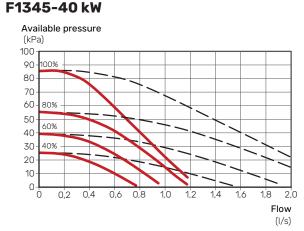


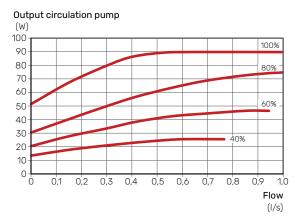
#### F1345-30 kW



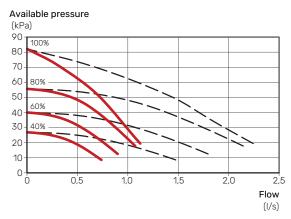
Output circulation pump



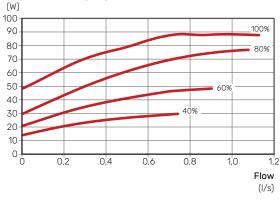




#### F1345-60 kW



Output circulation pump



### Setting the heating curve

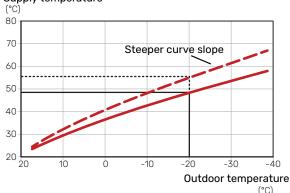
In the menu "heating curve", you can see the heating curve for your house. The task of the curve is to provide an uniform indoor temperature, regardless of the outdoor temperature, and thereby energy-efficient operation. Based on this curve, the F1345 determines the temperature of the water to the climate system (the supply temperature) and thus the indoor temperature.

#### **CURVE COEFFICIENT**

The slope of the heating curve indicates how many degrees the supply temperature is to be increased/reduced when the outdoor temperature drops/increases. A steeper slope means a higher supply temperature at a certain outdoor temperature.

The lower the heating curve, the more energy efficient the operation, although an excessively low curve entails reduced comfort.

Supply temperature



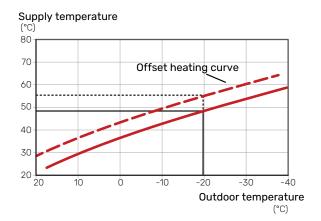
The optimum curve slope depends on the climate conditions and the lowest dimensioned outdoor temperature (DOT) in your location, whether the house has radiators, fan coils or underfloor heating and how well insulated the house is.

For houses with radiators or fan coils, a higher heating curve (e.g. curve 9) is suitable, for houses with under floor heating, a lower curve (e.g. curve 5) is suitable.

The heating curve is set when the heating installation is installed, but may need adjusting later. Normally, the curve will not need further adjustment.

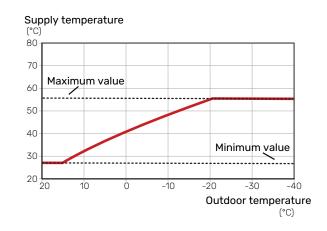
#### **CURVE OFFSET**

An offset of the heating curve means that the supply temperature changes by the same amount for all outdoor temperatures, e.g. a curve offset of +2 steps increases the supply temperature by 5 °C at all outdoor temperatures.



#### SUPPLY TEMPERATURE – MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM VALUES

Because the supply temperature cannot be calculated higher than the set maximum value or lower than the set minimum value, the curves flatten out at these temperatures.



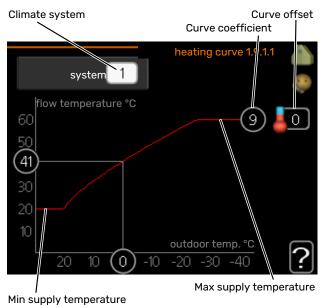
### NOTE!

With underfloor heating systems, the maximum supply temperature is normally set between 35 and 45 °C.



With underfloor cooling, "Min. supply temp. cooling" must be restricted to prevent condensation.

#### **ADJUSTMENT OF CURVE**



- 1. Select the climate system (if more than one) for which the curve is to be changed.
- 2. Select curve slope and curve offset.

## NOTE!

If you need to adjust "min. flow line temp." and/or "max flow line temperature", you do this in other menus.

Settings for "min. flow line temp." in menu 1.9.3.

Settings for "max flow line temperature" in menu 5.1.2.

## NOTE!

Curve 0 means that "own curve" is used.

Settings for "own curve" are made in menu 1.9.7.

#### **TO READ OFF A HEATING CURVE**

- 1. Turn the control knob so that the ring on the shaft with the outdoor temperature is marked.
- 2. Press the OK button.
- 3. Follow the grey line up to the curve and out to the left to read off the value for the supply temperature at the selected outdoor temperature.
- 4. You can now select to take read outs for different outdoor temperatures by turning the control knob to the right or left and read off the corresponding flow temperature.
- 5. Press the OK or Back button to exit read off mode.

# myUplink

With myUplink you can control the installation – where and when you want. In the event of any malfunction, you receive an alarm directly to your e-mail or a push notification to the myUplink app, which allows you to take prompt action.

Visit myuplink.com for more information.

Update your system to the latest software version.

## **Specification**

You need the following in order for myUplink to be able to communicate with your F1345:

- network cable
- Internet connection
- account on myuplink.com

We recommend our mobile apps for myUplink.

## Connection

To connect your system to myUplink:

- Select connection type (wifi/Ethernet) in menu 4.1.3 internet.
- 2. Mark "request new connection string" and press the OK button.
- 3. When a connection string has been produced, it is shown in this menu and is valid for 60 minutes.
- 4. If you do not already have an account, register in the mobile app or on myuplink.com.
- 5. Use the connection string to connect your installation to your user account on myUplink.

## **Range of services**

myUplink gives you access to various levels of service. The base level is included and, apart from this, you can choose two premium services for a fixed annual fee (the fee varies depending on the functions selected).

Service level	Basic	Premium ex- tended his- tory	Premium change set- tings
Viewer	Х	Х	Х
Alarm	Х	Х	Х
History	х	Х	Х
Extended history	-	Х	-
Manage	-	-	Х

## myUplink PRO

myUplink PRO is a complete tool for offering service agreements to the end customer and for always having the latest information about the installation, as well as the option to adjust settings remotely.

With myUplink PRO, you can provide your connected customers with rapid status and remote diagnostics.

Visit pro.myuplink.com for information about what else you can do using the mobile app and online.

## Accessories

Detailed information about the accessories and complete accessories list available at nibe.eu.

Not all accessories are available on all markets

#### ACTIVE/PASSIVE COOLING IN 4-PIPE SYSTEM **ACS 45**

ACS 45 is an accessory that makes it possible for your heat pump to control the production of heating and cooling independently of each other.

Part no 067 195

#### **ACTIVE/PASSIVE COOLING IN 2-PIPE SYSTEM HPAC 45**

Combine F1345 with HPAC 45 for passive or active cooling. Intended for heat pumps with outputs 24 - 60 kW. Part no. 067 446

#### **DOCKING KIT SOLAR 42**

Solar 42 means that F1345 (together with VPAS) can be connected to thermal solar heating. Part no 067 153

#### **IMMERSION HEATER IU**

This accessory is used for additional heat in certain accumulator tanks.

3 kW Part no. 018 084 6 kW Part no. 018 088

9 kW Part no. 018 090

#### **ENERGY MEASUREMENT KIT EMK 500**

This accessory is installed externally and used to measure the amount of energy that is supplied for the pool, hot water, heating and cooling in the building.

Cu pipe 028.

Part no. 067 178

#### EXTERNAL ELECTRIC ADDITIONAL HEAT ELK

These accessories may need an accessory board AXC 50 (step controlled additional heat).

**ELK 15** 15 kW, 3 x 400 V Part no. 069 022 **ELK 26** 26 kW, 3 x 400 V Part no. 067 074

**ELK 42** 42 kW, 3 x 400 V Part no. 067 075 **ELK 213** 7-13 kW, 3 x 400 V Part no. 069 500

#### **EXTRA SHUNT GROUP ECS**

This accessory is used when F1345 is installed in houses with two or more different climate systems that require different supply temperatures.

**ECS 40** 

Max 80 m<sup>2</sup> Part no 067 287 **ECS 41** Approx. 80-250 m<sup>2</sup> Part no 067 288

#### **HUMIDITY SENSOR HTS 40**

This accessory is used to show and regulate humidity and temperatures during both heating and cooling operation. Part no. 067 538

#### **EXHAUST AIR MODULE NIBE FLM**

NIBE FLM is an exhaust air module designed to combine recovery of mechanical exhaust air with ground source heating.

NIBE FLM

Part no. 067 011

#### Bracket BAU 40

Part no. 067 666

#### **AUXILIARY RELAY**

Auxiliary relay is used to control external 1 to 3 phase loads, such as, for example, oil burners, immersion heaters and circulation pumps.

#### **HR 10**

Recommended max fuse for control current 10 A. Part no 067 309

**HR 20** 

Recommended max fuse for control current 20 A. Part no. 067 972

#### **COMMUNICATIONS MODULE MODBUS 40**

MODBUS 40 enables F1345 to be controlled and monitored using a DUC (computer sub-centre) in the building. Communication is then performed using MODBUS-RTU.

Part no 067 144

#### **CONNECTION BOX K11**

Connection box with thermostat and overheating protection. (When connecting Immersion heater IU)

Part no. 018 893

#### ASSEMBLY SYSTEM FMS

#### **FMS 25**

In systems where both the have 1 x packs of FMS 25. Part no. 067 969

#### **FMS 30**

In systems where the lower compressors are working to the compressor is used for hot wasame demand, it is advisable to ter production or pool, 1 x packs of FMS 30 and 1 x packs of FMS 32 are required. In systems where both compressors are working against the same demand and a solution is required that includes all the components, 2 x FMS 30 are reauired. Part no. 067 967

**FMS 32** 

In systems where the lower compressor is used for hot water production or pool, 1x packs of FMS 30 and 1 x packs of FMS 32 are required. Part no. 067 968

#### **LEVEL MONITOR NV 10**

Level monitor for extended checks of the brine level. Part no 089 315

#### **POOL HEATING POOL 40**

POOL 40 is used to enable pool heating with F1345. Max. 18 kW. Part no 067 062

#### **FILLING VALVE KIT KB**

Valve kit for filling brine in the collector hose. Includes particle filter and insulation.

KB 32 (max. 30 kW)

Part no. 089 971

#### **ROOM UNIT RMU 40**

The room unit is an accessory with a built-in room sensor, which allows the control and monitoring of F1345 to be carried out in a different part of your home to where it is located.

Part no 067 064

#### **ROOM SENSORRTS 40**

This accessory is used to obtain a more even indoor temperature. Part no. 067 065

#### SOLAR PACKAGE NIBE PV

NIBE PV is a modular system comprising solar panels, assembly parts and inverters, which is used to produce your own electricity.

#### **CURRENT SENSOR CMS 10-200**

Current sensor with working area 0-200 A. Part no. 067 596

#### DOMESTIC WATER EXCHANGER PLEX

This accessory can be used as an intermediate heat exchanger in ground water installations.

310 - 20Part no. 075 315 310 - 40 Part no. 075 316

310 - 60 Part no. 075 317

310 - 80 Part no. 075 318

Part no. 075 320

322 - 40

322 - 30 Part no. 075 319

322 - 60

#### Part no. 075 321

#### **ACCESSORY CARD AXC 50**

An accessory board is required if, for example, a ground water pump or external circulation pump is to be connected to F1345 at the same time as the indication of common alarm is activated.

Part no 067 193

#### **BUFFER VESSEL UKV**

A buffer vessel is an accumulator tank that is suitable for connection to a heat pump or another external heat source, and can have several different applications.

**UKV 200** 

**UKV 300** 

Part no. 080 300

Part no. 080 301

**UKV 500** 

Part no. 080 114

### WATER HEATER/ACCUMULATOR TANK

#### **VPA**

Water heater with double-jacketed vessel.

#### **VPA 300/200**

Corrosion protection: Copper Part no. 082 023 Enamel Part no. 082 025 Corrosion protection: Copper Part no. 082 030 Enamel Part no. 082 032

**VPA 450/300** 

#### VPAS

Water heater with double-jacketed vessel and solar coil.

**VPAS 300/450** Corrosion protection: Copper Part no. 082 026 Part no. 082 027 Fnamel

#### VPB

Water heater without immersion heater with charging coil.

#### **VPB 500**

Corrosion protection: Part no. 081 054 Copper

Corrosion protection: Part no. 081 052 Copper

**VPB 750** 

#### **VPB 1000**

Corrosion protection: Copper Part no. 081 053

#### **HOT WATER CONTROL**

#### **VST 20**

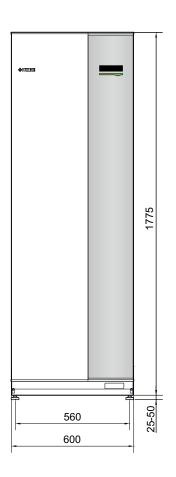
Reversing valve, cu-pipe 035 (Max recommended power, 40 kW) Part no 089 388

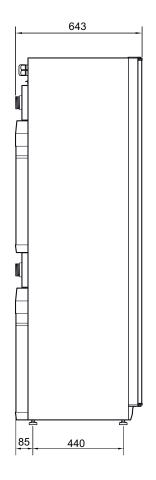
**VST 30** 

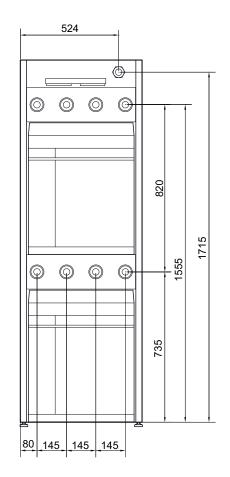
Reversing valve, cu-pipe 045 (Max recommended power, 60 kW) Part no 067 388

# **Technical data**

## Dimensions





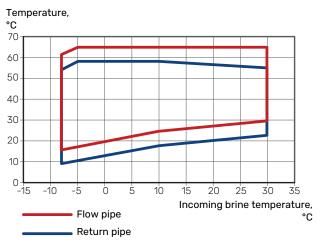


## **Technical specifications**

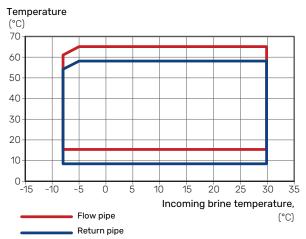
#### WORKING RANGE HEAT PUMP, COMPRESSOR OPERATION

The compressor provides a supply temperature up to 65  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}.$ 

#### F1345-24 kW



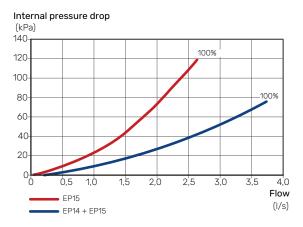
#### F1345-30 kW, 40 kW, 60 kW



#### **DIAGRAM, INTERNAL PRESSURE DROP**

Diagram for sizing the brine pump for F1345.

#### F1345-40 kW and 60 kW



Model		24	30	40	60
Output data according to EN 14511					
0/35					
Heating capacity (P <sub>H</sub> )	kW	23.00	30.72	39.94	59.22
Supplied power (P <sub>F</sub> )	kW	4.94	6.92	8.90	13.72
	KW		-		-
COP	-	4.65	4.44	4.49	4.32
0/45		04.00	00.74	70.00	E ( 40
Heating capacity (P <sub>H</sub> )	kW	21.98	29.74	38.90	56.12
Supplied power (P <sub>E</sub> )	kW	5.96	8.34	10.61	16.02
СОР	-	3.69	3.57	3.67	3.50
10/35		1		1	
Heating capacity (P <sub>H</sub> )	kW	30.04	40.08	51.71	78.32
Supplied power (P <sub>E</sub> )	kW	5.30	7.24	9.81	15.08
СОР	-	5.67	5.53	5.27	5.19
10/45					
Heating capacity (P <sub>H</sub> )	kW	29.28	39.16	50.79	74.21
Supplied power (P <sub>E</sub> )	kW	6.34	8.84	11.82	17.60
СОР	-	4.62	4.43	4.30	4.22
Output data according to EN 14825		1		1	
P <sub>designh</sub> , 35 °C / 55 °C	kW	28	35	46	67
SCOP cold climate, 35 °C / 55 °C	-	5.0 / 4.0	4.9 / 3.8	5.0 / 3.9	4.7 / 3.8
SCOP average climate, 35 °C / 55 °C	-	4.8 / 3.8	4.7 / 3.6	4.8 / 3.8	4.6 / 3.7
Energy rating, average climate					
The product's room heating efficiency class 35 °C / 55 °C <sup>1</sup>	-	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++
The system's room heating efficiency class 35 °C / 55 °C <sup>2</sup>		A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++
Electrical data		,,,	,	,	,,,
Rated voltage	-		400V 31	N ~ 50Hz	
Max operating current, heat pump <sup>3</sup>	A <sub>rms</sub>	20.5	25.3	29.5	44.3
Max operating current per compressor	A <sub>rms</sub>	8.4	11.1	13.1	16.5
Recommended fuse rating	A	25	30	35	50
Starting current		29	30	42	53
Max permitted impedance at connection point <sup>4</sup>	A <sub>rms</sub>	27		42	0.4
	ohm	-		- 15 - 640	-
Rated power, B pumps <sup>3</sup>	W	6 - 360	6 - 360		20 - 1,500
Power, HM pumps		5 - 174	5 - 174	5 - 174	5 - 174
Enclosure class	-		IP	21	
Refrigerant circuit		D4070	D4070	D4070	D4404
Type of refrigerant	-	R407C	R407C	R407C	R410A
Volume	kg	2 x 2.0	2 x 2.0	2 x 1.7	2 x 1.7
GWP refrigerant	-	1,774	1,774	1,774	2,088
CO <sub>2</sub> equivalent	ton	2 x 3.55	2 x 3.55	2 x 3.02	2 x 3.55
Cut-out value pressostat HP	MPa	3.2 (32 bar)	3.2 (32 bar)	3.2 (32 bar)	4.2 (42 bar)
Difference pressostat HP	MPa	-0.7 (-7 bar)	-0.7 (-7 bar)	-0.7 (-7 bar)	-0.7 (-7 bar)
Cut-out value pressostat LP	MPa	0.08 (0.8 bar)	0.08 (0.8 bar)	0.08 (0.8 bar)	0.2 (2 bar)
Difference pressostat LP	MPa	0.07 (0.7 bar)	0.07 (0.7 bar)	0.07 (0.7 bar)	0.07 (0.7 bar)
Cut-out value, pressure transmitter LP	MPa	0.08 (0.8 bar)	0.08 (0.8 bar)	0.08 (0.8 bar)	0.2 (2.0 bar)
Difference, pressure transmitter LP	MPa	0.01 (0.1 bar)	0.01 (0.1 bar)	0.01 (0.1 bar)	0.01 (0.1 bar)
Brine circuit					
Max system pressure brine	MPa	0.6 (6 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)
Min flow	l/s	0.92	1.23	1.59	2.36
Nominal flow	l/s	1.18	1.62	2.09	3.10
Max external available press at nominal flow <sup>5</sup>	kPa	92	75	105	65
Min/Max incoming Brine temp	°C			agram	1
Min. outgoing brine temp.	°C	-12	-12	-12	-12
Heating medium circuit				I	
Max system pressure heating medium	MPa	0.6 (6 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)	0.6 (6 bar)
Min flow	l/s	0.37	0.50	0.64	0.92
Nominal flow	l/s	0.54	0.73	0.93	1.34
Max external avail. pressure at nominal flow	kPa	78	72	70	50
Min/max HM-temp	°C		see di	agram	
Noise					
Sound power level (L <sub>WA</sub> ) acc. to EN 12102 at 0/35	dB(A)	47	47	47	47
		1		1	·

Model		24	30	40	60
Sound pressure level (L <sub>PA</sub> ) calculated values according to EN ISO 11203 at 0/35 and 1 m range	dB(A)	32	32	32	32
Pipe connections					
Brine diam. CU pipe	-	G50	(2" external) /	G40 (1 1/2" inte	nal)
Heating medium diam. CU pipes	-	G50	) (2" external) /	G40 (11/2" inte	nal)
Compressor oil		·			
Oil type	-		P	DE	
Volume	1	2 x 1.9	2 x 1.1	2 x 1.9	2 x 1.9
Dimensions and weight			•		
Width	mm		60	00	
Depth	mm		64	43	
Height	mm		1,8	800	
Required ceiling height <sup>6</sup>	mm		1,9	250	
Weight complete heat pump	kg	320	330	345	346
Weight only cooling module	kg	130	135	144	144
Part no. 3x400V <sup>3</sup>		065 297	065 298	065 299	065 300
Part no. 3x400V <sup>7</sup>				065 301	065 302

<sup>1</sup> Scale for the product's efficiency class room heating: A+++ to D.

2 Scale for the system's efficiency class room heating: A+++ to G. Reported efficiency for the system takes the product's temperature regulator into account.

 $^3$  F1345-24 and 30 kW with internal brine pump. F1345-40 and 60 kW with enclosed brine pump.

<sup>4</sup> Max permitted impedance in the mains connection point in accordance with EN 61000-3-11. Start currents can cause short voltage dips that may affect other equipment in unfavourable conditions. If the impedance in the mains connection point is higher than that stated, it is probable that interference will occur. If the impedance in the mains connection point is higher than that stated, check with the power supplier before purchasing the equipment.

5 This technical specification applies to the enclosed brine pump.

<sup>6</sup> With feet removed, the height is approx. 1930 mm.

7 Including brine pump.

## **Energy labelling**

#### **INFORMATION SHEET**

Supplier		NIBE									
Model		F1345-24	F1345-30	F1345-40	F1345-60						
Model hot water heater		-	-	-	-						
Temperature application	°C	35 / 55	35 / 55	35 / 55	35 / 55						
Declared load profile for water heating		-	-	-	-						
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class, av- erage climate		A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++						
Water heating energy efficiency class, average cli- mate		-	-	-	-						
Rated heat output (P <sub>designh</sub> ), average climate	kW	28	35	46	67						
Annual energy consumption space heating, average climate	kWh	11,996 / 15,287	15,539 / 19,880	19,996 / 25,093	30,169 / 38,048						
Annual energy consumption water heating, average climate	kWh	-	-	-	-						
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, average climate	%	185 / 143	178 / 137	182 / 143	176 / 138						
Water heating energy efficiency, average climate	%	-	-	-	-						
Sound power level L <sub>WA</sub> indoors	dB	47	47	47	47						
Rated heat output (P <sub>designh</sub> ), cold climate	kW	28	35	46	67						
Rated heat output (P <sub>designh</sub> ), warm climate	kW	28	35	46	67						
Annual energy consumption space heating, cold climate	kWh	13,730 / 17,514	17,817 / 22,770	22,939 / 28,857	34,918 / 43,924						
Annual energy consumption water heating, cold cli- mate	kWh	-	-	-	-						
Annual energy consumption space heating, warm climate	kWh	7,823 / 9,904	10,063 / 12,803	12,931 / 16,202	19,396 / 24,446						
Annual energy consumption water heating, warm climate	kWh	-	-	-	-						
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, cold cli- mate	%	193 / 150	186 / 144	190 / 149	181 / 142						
Water heating energy efficiency, cold climate	%	-	-	-	-						
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, warm climate	%	183 / 143	178 / 138	182 / 144	177 / 138						
Water heating energy efficiency, warm climate	%	-	-	-	-						
Sound power level L <sub>WA</sub> outdoors	dB	-	-	-	-						

Compressor motor is exempted from EU 2019/1781 due to that motors completely integrated into compressor and energy performance cannot be tested independently from the product.

#### DATA FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY OF THE PACKAGE

Model		F1345-24	F1345-30	F1345-40	F1345-60
Model hot water heater		-	-	-	-
Temperature application	°C	35 / 55	35 / 55	35 / 55	35 / 55
Controller, class				I	
Controller, contribution to efficiency	%		:	2	
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, average climate	%	187 / 145	180 / 139	184 / 145	178 / 140
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class of the package, average climate		A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++	A+++ / A++
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, cold climate	%	195 / 152	188 / 146	192 / 151	183 / 144
Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, warm climate	%	185 / 145	180 / 140	184 / 146	179 / 140

Reported efficiency for the system also takes the temperature regulator into account. If the system is supplemented with external additional heat or solar heating, the total efficiency of the system must be recalculated.

#### **TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION**

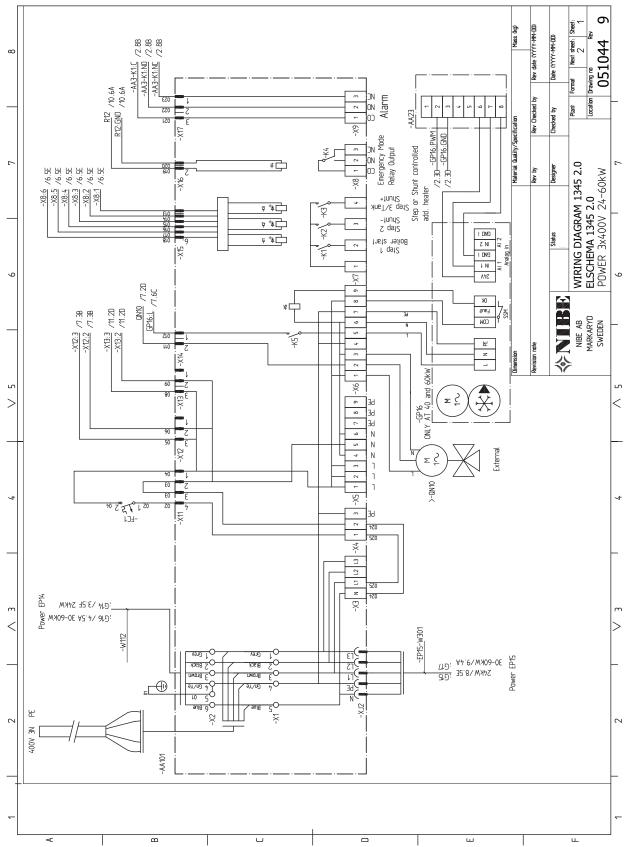
Model				F1345-24			
Type of heat pump		Brine	vater ust-water e-water r-water				
Low-temperature heat pump		Yes	No No				
Integrated immersion heater for additional he	at	U Yes	No No				
Heat pump combination heater		Yes	No No				
Climate		Avera	age	Cold 🔲 Warm			
Temperature application			um (55°C)	Low (35°C)			
Applied standards		EN-1482					
Rated heat output	Prated	28,0	kW	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η <sub>s</sub>	143	%
Declared capacity for space heating at part loo Tj	ad and at ou	utdoor ten	nperature	Declared coefficient of performance for space outdoor temperature Tj	e heating at	part load	l and at
Tj = -7 °C	Pdh	22.2	kW	Tj = -7 °C	COPd	3.27	-
Tj = +2 °C	Pdh	22.8	kW	Tj = +2 °C	COPd	3.83	-
Tj = +7 °C	Pdh	11.7	kW	Tj = +7 °C	COPd	4.31	-
Tj = +12 °C	Pdh	11.8	kW	Tj = +12 °C	COPd	4.58	-
Tj = biv	Pdh	22.4	kW	Tj = biv	COPd	3.45	-
Tj = TOL	Pdh	22.0	kW	Tj = TOL	COPd	3.10	-
Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	Pdh		kW	Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	COPd		-
		1					
Bivalent temperature	T <sub>biv</sub>	-4.8	°C	Min. outdoor air temperature	TOL	-10.0	°C
Cycling interval capacity	Pcych		kW	Cycling interval efficiency	COPcyc		-
Degradation coefficient	Cdh	0.99	-	Max supply temperature	WTOL	65.0	°C
Power consumption in modes other than activ	ve mode			Additional heat			
Off mode	P <sub>OFF</sub>	0.002	kW	Rated heat output	Psup	6.0	kW
Thermostat-off mode	P <sub>TO</sub>	0.030	kW				
Standby mode	P <sub>SB</sub>	0.007	kW	Type of energy input		Electric	
Crankcase heater mode	P <sub>CK</sub>	0.070	kW				
Other items							
Capacity control		Variable		Rated airflow (air-water)			m³/h
Sound power level, indoors/outdoors	L <sub>WA</sub>	47 / -	dB	Nominal heating medium flow		2.37	m³/h
Annual energy consumption	Q <sub>HE</sub>	15,287	kWh	Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps		4.46	m³/h
Contact information	NIBE Ene	ergy Syste	ems – Box	14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sw	veden		

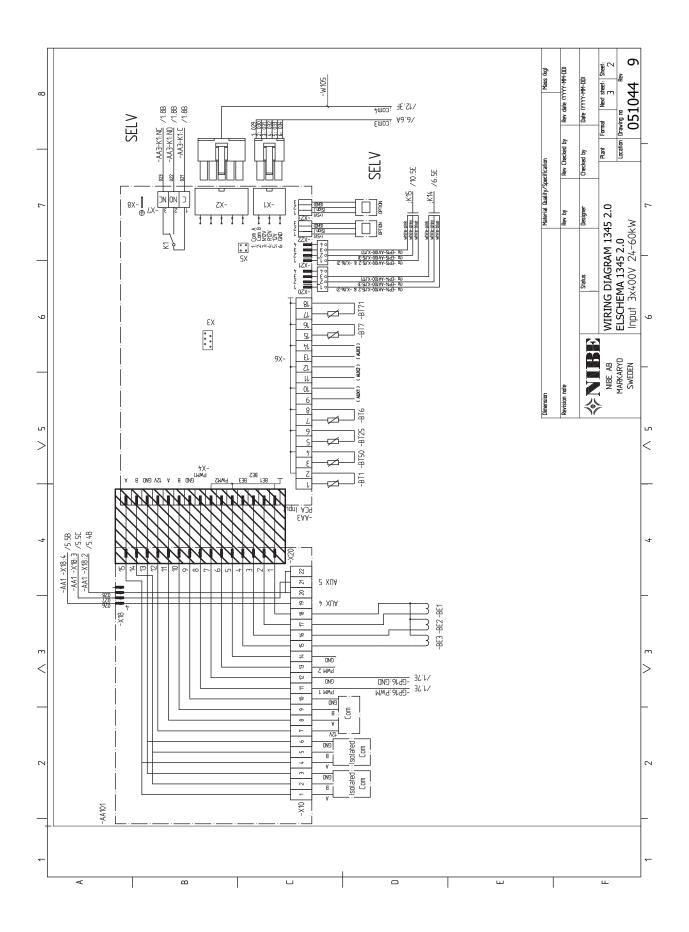
Model				F1345-30			
Type of heat pump		Brine	vater ust-water -water r-water				
Low-temperature heat pump		Yes	No No				
Integrated immersion heater for additional	heat	<b>Ves</b>	No No				
Heat pump combination heater		Yes	No No				
Climate		🛛 Avera	age	Cold 🔲 Warm			
Temperature application			um (55°C)	Low (35°C)			
Applied standards		EN-1482					
Rated heat output	Prated	35	kW	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η <sub>s</sub>	137	%
Declared capacity for space heating at part Tj	load and at ou	itdoor terr	perature	Declared coefficient of performance for space outdoor temperature Tj	heating at	part load	and at
Tj = -7 °C	Pdh	29.5	kW	Tj = -7 °C	COPd	3.15	-
Tj = +2 °C	Pdh	30.2	kW	Tj = +2 °C	COPd	3.64	-
Tj = +7 °C	Pdh	15.3	kW	Tj = +7 °C	COPd	4.09	-
Tj = +12 °C	Pdh	15.4	kW	Tj = +12 °C	COPd	4.40	-
Tj = biv	Pdh	29.6	kW	Tj = biv	COPd	3.23	-
Tj = TOL	Pdh	29.3	kW	Tj = TOL	COPd	2.99	-
Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	Pdh		kW	Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	COPd		-
Bivalent temperature	T <sub>biv</sub>	-6.0	°C	Min. outdoor air temperature	TOL	-10.0	°C
Cycling interval capacity	Pcych		kW	Cycling interval efficiency	COPcyc		-
Degradation coefficient	Cdh	0.99	-	Max supply temperature	WTOL	65.0	°C
Power consumption in modes other than a	ctive mode			Additional heat			
Off mode	POFF	0.002	kW	Rated heat output	Psup	5.7	kW
Thermostat-off mode	P <sub>TO</sub>	0.040	kW				
Standby mode	P <sub>SB</sub>	0.007	kW	Type of energy input		Electric	
Crankcase heater mode	P <sub>CK</sub>	0.070	kW				
Other items							
Capacity control		Variable		Rated airflow (air-water)			m³/h
Sound power level, indoors/outdoors	L <sub>WA</sub>	47 / -	dB	Nominal heating medium flow		3.15	m³/h
Annual energy consumption	Q <sub>HE</sub>	19,880	kWh	Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps		5.83	m³/h
Contact information	NIBE Ene	ergy Syste	ms – Box		veden		

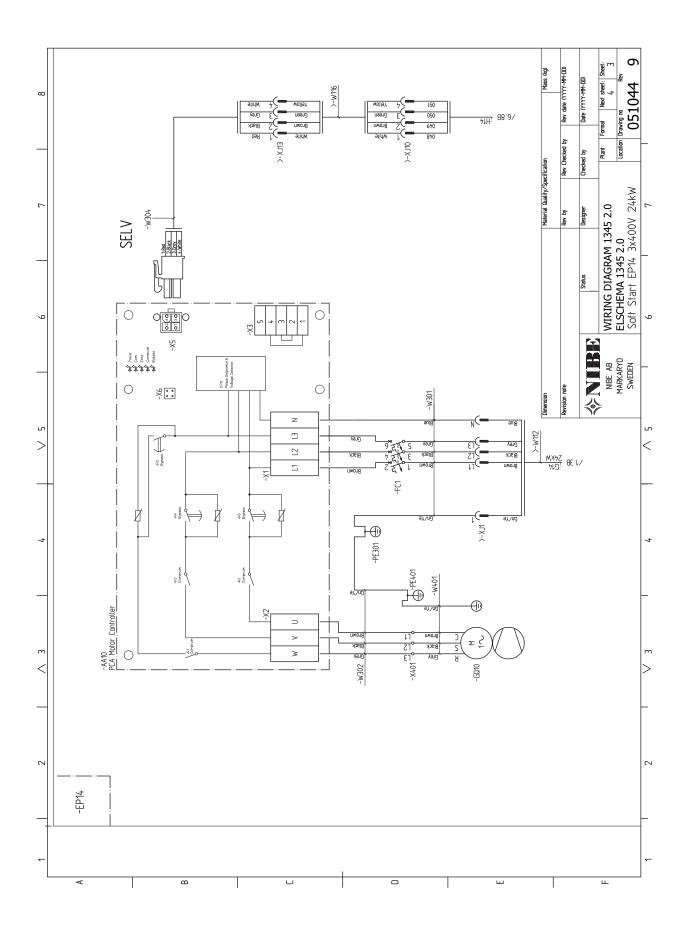
Model				F1345-40							
Type of heat pump		Brine	vater ust-water -water r-water								
Low-temperature heat pump		Ves									
Integrated immersion heater for additional	heat	🗌 Yes	No No								
Heat pump combination heater		<b>Ves</b>	No No								
Climate		🛛 Avera	age 🗌	Cold 🔲 Warm							
Temperature application			um (55°C)	Low (35°C)							
Applied standards		EN-1482									
Rated heat output	Prated	46	kW	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η <sub>s</sub>	143	%				
Declared capacity for space heating at part Tj	load and at ou	itdoor tem	perature	Declared coefficient of performance for space outdoor temperature Tj	heating at	part load	l and at				
Tj = -7 °C	Pdh	38.2	kW	Tj = -7 °C	COPd	3.33	-				
Tj = +2 °C	Pdh	39.1	kW	Tj = +2 °C	COPd	3.79	-				
Tj = +7 °C	Pdh	19.9	kW	Tj = +7 °C	COPd	4.21	-				
Tj = +12 °C	Pdh	20.1	kW	Tj = +12 °C	COPd	4.51	-				
Tj = biv	Pdh	38.4	kW	Tj = biv	COPd	3.41	-				
Tj = TOL	Pdh	37.8	kW	Tj = TOL	COPd	3.19	-				
Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	Pdh		kW	Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	COPd		-				
Bivalent temperature	T <sub>biv</sub>	-5.7	°C	Min. outdoor air temperature	TOL	-10.0	°C				
Cycling interval capacity	Pcych		kW	Cycling interval efficiency	COPcyc		-				
Degradation coefficient	Cdh	0.99	-	Max supply temperature	WTOL	65.0	°C				
Power consumption in modes other than a	ctive mode			Additional heat							
Off mode	POFF	0.002	kW	Rated heat output	Psup	8.2	kW				
Thermostat-off mode	Ρτο	0.050	kW				<u> </u>				
Standby mode	P <sub>SB</sub>	0.007	kW	Type of energy input		Electric					
Crankcase heater mode	P <sub>CK</sub>	0.080	kW								
Other items											
Capacity control		Variable		Rated airflow (air-water)			m³/h				
Sound power level, indoors/outdoors	L <sub>WA</sub>	47 / -	dB	Nominal heating medium flow		4.07	m³/h				
Annual energy consumption	Q <sub>HE</sub>	25,093	kWh	Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps		7.77	m³/h				
Contact information	NIBE Ene	ergy Syste	ms – Box		reden						

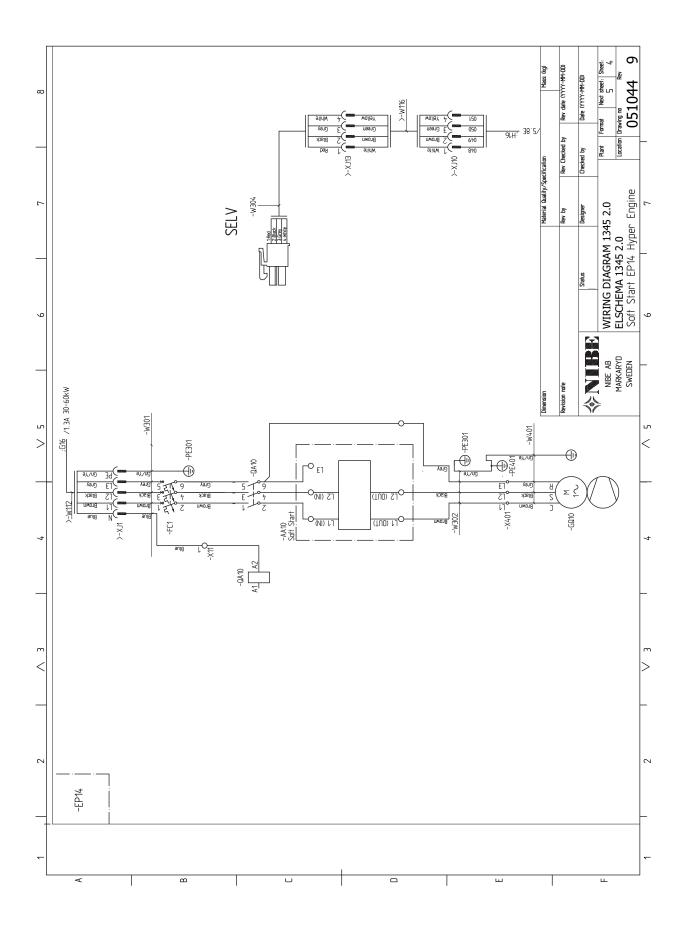
Model		F1345-60										
Type of heat pump		Brine	vater ust-water -water r-water									
Low-temperature heat pump		Yes										
Integrated immersion heater for additional	heat	<b>Ves</b>	No No									
Heat pump combination heater		Yes	No No									
Climate		🛛 Avera	age	Cold 🔲 Warm								
Temperature application			um (55°C)	Low (35°C)								
Applied standards		EN-1482										
Rated heat output	Prated	67	kW	Seasonal space heating energy efficiency	η <sub>s</sub>	138	%					
Declared capacity for space heating at part Tj	load and at ou	itdoor tem	perature	Declared coefficient of performance for space outdoor temperature Tj	e heating at	part load	and at					
Tj = -7 °C	Pdh	54.8	kW	Tj = -7 °C	COPd	3.17	-					
Tj = +2 °C	Pdh	56.6	kW	Tj = +2 °C	COPd	3.62	-					
Tj = +7 °C	Pdh	29.2	kW	Tj = +7 °C	COPd	4.06	-					
Tj = +12 °C	Pdh	29.8	kW	Tj = +12 °C	COPd	4.31	-					
Tj = biv	Pdh	55.2	kW	Tj = biv	COPd	3.26	-					
Tj = TOL	Pdh	54.1	kW	Tj = TOL	COPd	3.03	-					
Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	Pdh		kW	Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C)	COPd		-					
Bivalent temperature	T <sub>biv</sub>	-5.4	°C	Min. outdoor air temperature	TOL	-10.0	°C					
Cycling interval capacity	Pcych		kW	Cycling interval efficiency	COPcyc		-					
Degradation coefficient	Cdh	0.99	-	Max supply temperature	WTOL	65.0	°C					
Power consumption in modes other than a	ctive mode			Additional heat								
Off mode	POFF	0.002	kW	Rated heat output	Psup	12.9	kW					
Thermostat-off mode	P <sub>TO</sub>	0.060	kW									
Standby mode	P <sub>SB</sub>	0.007	kW	Type of energy input		Electric						
Crankcase heater mode	P <sub>CK</sub>	0.080	kW									
Other items												
Capacity control		Variable		Rated airflow (air-water)			m³/h					
Sound power level, indoors/outdoors	L <sub>WA</sub>	47 / -	dB	Nominal heating medium flow		5.83	m³/h					
Annual energy consumption	Q <sub>HE</sub>	38,048	kWh	Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps		10.87	m³/h					
Contact information	NIBE Ene	ergy Syste	ms – Box		/eden							

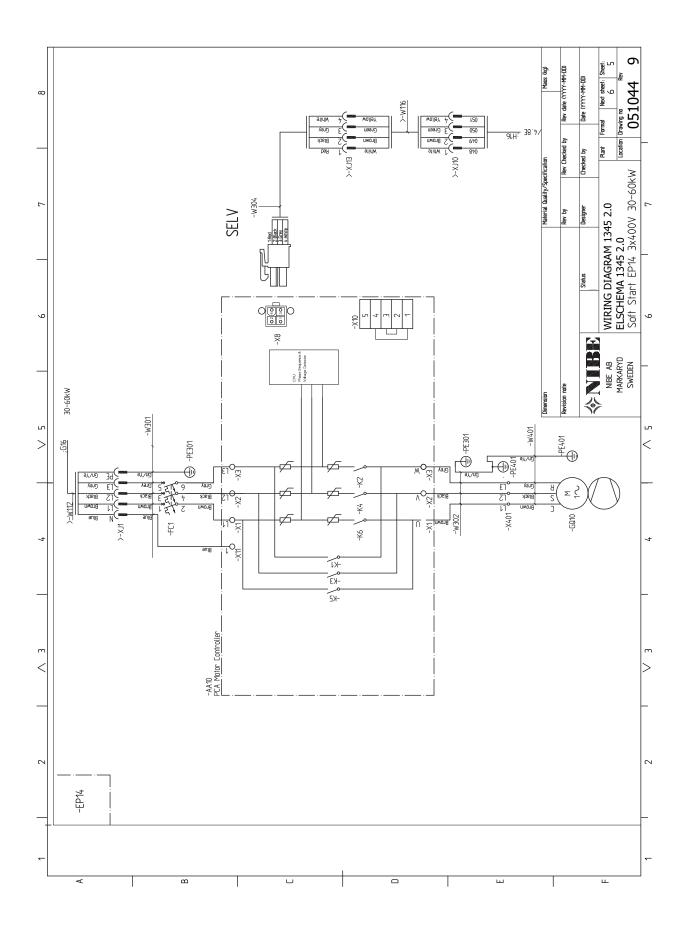
## **Electrical circuit diagram**

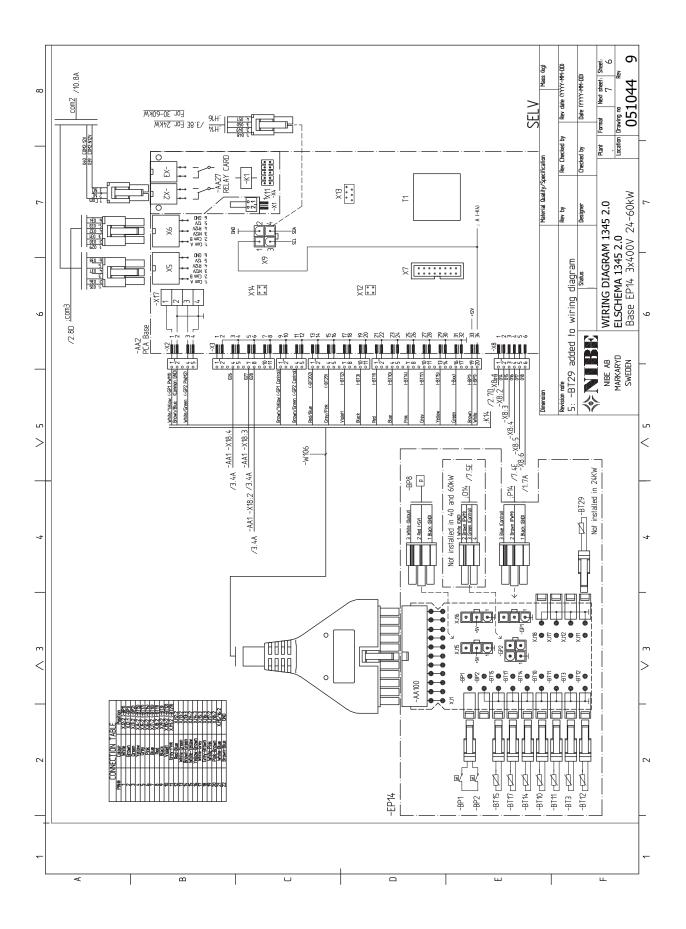


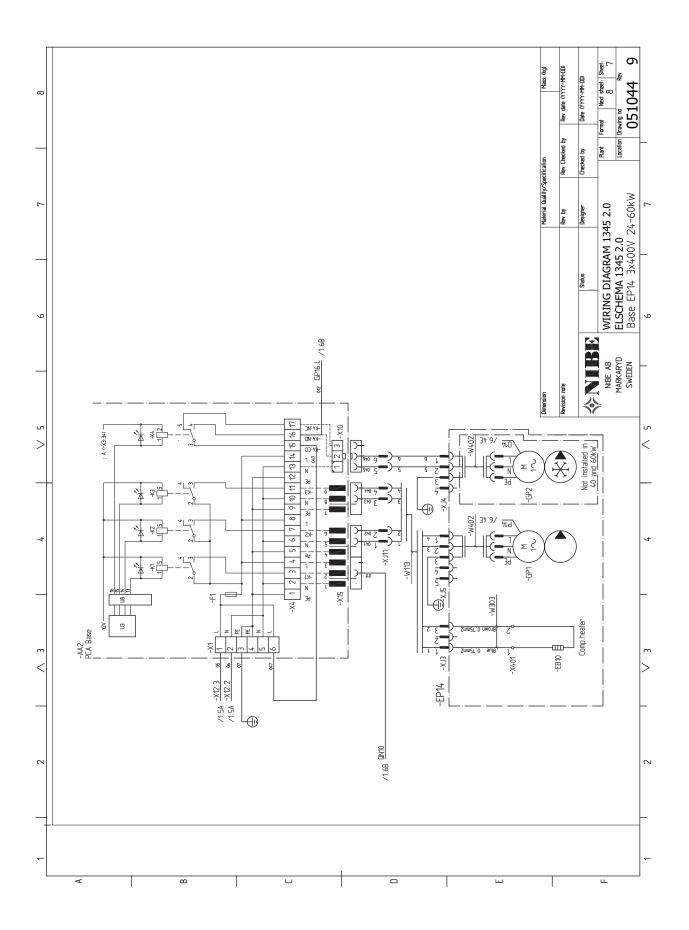


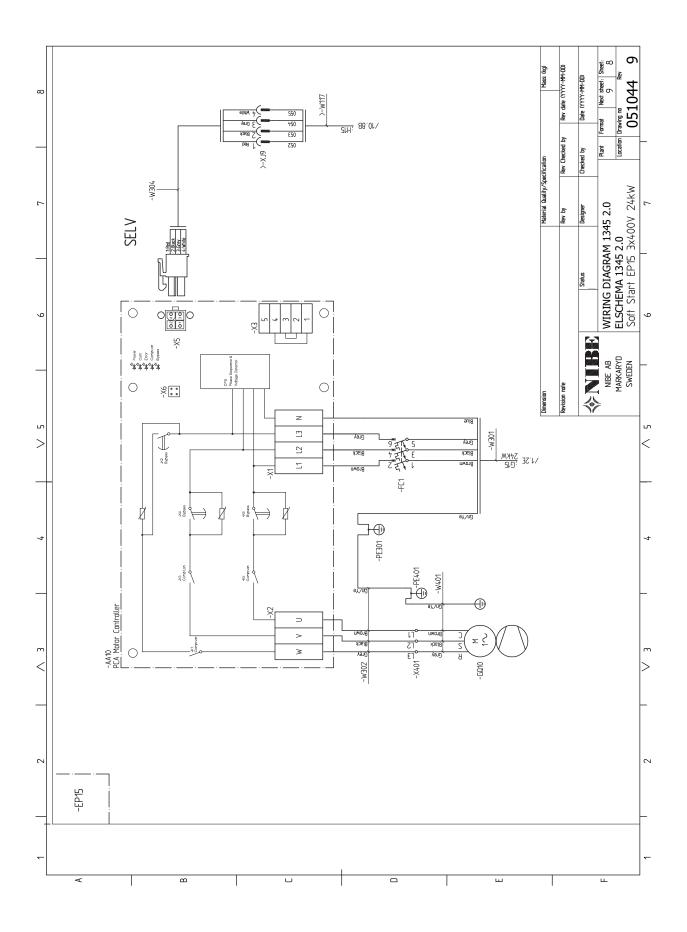


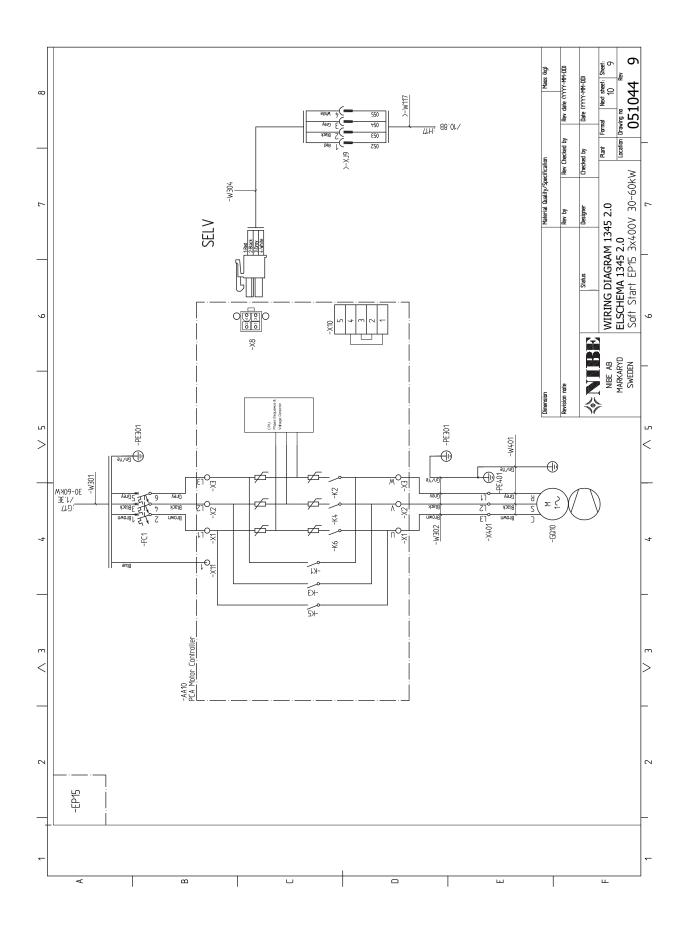


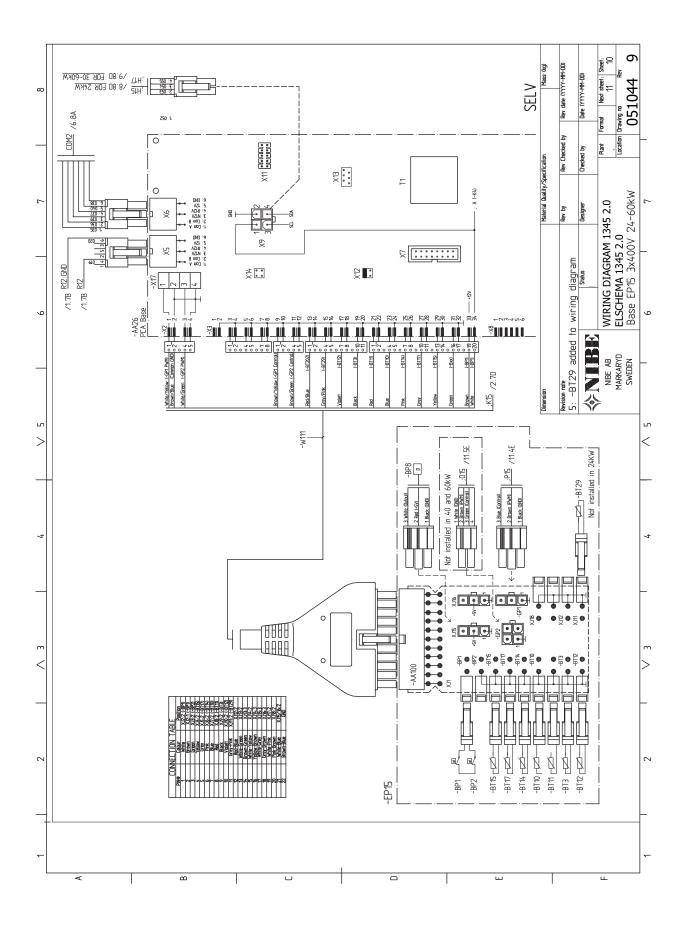


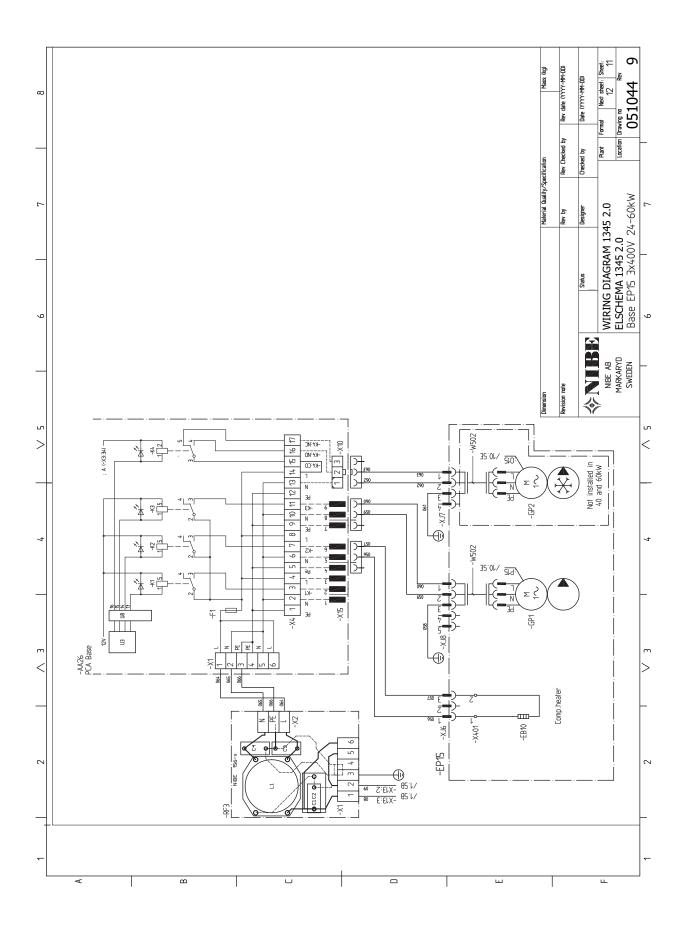


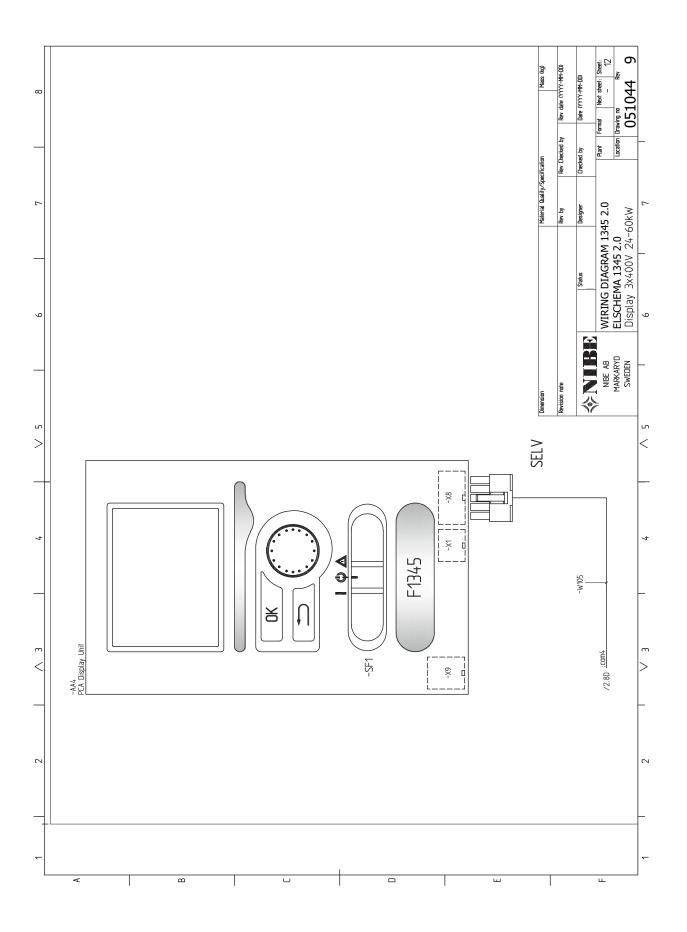












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