

Air/water heat pump NIBE S2125





IHB EN 2212-1 631663

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Important information

Safety information

This manual describes installation and service procedures for implementation by specialists.

The manual must be left with the customer.

Symbols

Explanation of symbols that may be present in this manual.



NOTE

This symbol indicates danger to person or machine.



Caution

This symbol indicates important information about what you should consider when installing or servicing the installation.



TIP

This symbol indicates tips on how to facilitate using the product.

Marking

Explanation of symbols that may be present on the product's label(s).



Fire hazard!



Read the User Manual.



Read the Installer Manual.



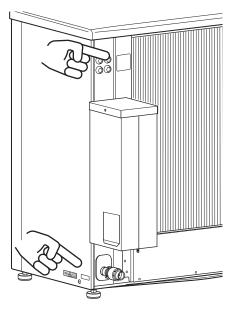
Disconnect the voltage supply before starting work.



Dangerous voltage.

Serial number

The serial number can be found on the rear cover and at the bottom on the side.





Caution

You need the product's (14 digit) serial number for servicing and support.

Inspection of the installation

Current regulations require the heating installation to undergo an installation inspection before it is commissioned. The inspection must be carried out by a suitably qualified person. In addition, fill in the page for information regarding the installation data in the User Manual.

| / | Description | Notes | Signature | Date |
|----------|---|-------|-----------|------|
| Hea | ting medium (page 22) | | | |
| | Automatic gas separator installed | | | |
| | System flushed | | | |
| | System vented | | | |
| | Particle filter | | | |
| | Shut-off and drain valve | | | |
| | Charge flow set | | | |
| Elec | tricity (page 24) | | | |
| | Fuses property | | | |
| | Safety breaker | | | |
| | Earth circuit-breaker | | | |
| | Heating cable type/effect | | | |
| | Fuse size, heating cable (F3) | | | |
| | Communication cable connected | | | |
| | S2125 addressed (only when cascade connection) | | | |
| | Cooling permitted | | | |
| | Connections | | | |
| | Main voltage | | | |
| | Phase voltage | | | |
| Misc | ellaneous | | | |
| | Condensation water pipe | | | |
| | Insulation for condensation water pipe, thickness (unless KVR 11 is used) | | | |



NOTE

Check the connections, main voltage and phase voltage before powering up the heat pump, to prevent damage to the heat pump electronics.

Compatible indoor modules (VVM) and control modules (SMO)

| | VVM S320 | SM0 S40 |
|----------|----------|---------|
| S2125-8 | X | X |
| S2125-12 | X | X |

| | VVM 225 | VVM 310 | VVM 500 | SM0 20 | SM0 40 |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| S2125-8 | X | X | X | X | X |
| S2125-12 | | Х | Х | Х | X |

Indoor module

VVM S320

Stainless steel, 1x230 V Part no. 069 198 **VVM S320**

Stainless steel, 3x230 V Part no. 069 201

VVM S320

Enamel, 3x400 V Part no. 069 206 **VVM S320**

Stainless steel, 3x400 V Part no. 069 196

VVM S320

Copper, 3x400 V Part no. 069 195

Control module

SMO S40

Control module Part no. 067 654

SMO 20

Control module Part no. 067 224

SMO 40

Control module Part no. 067 225

Delivery and handling

Transport

S2125 must be transported and stored vertically.



NOTE

Ensure that the heat pump cannot fall over during transport.

Check that the heat pump has not been damaged during transport.

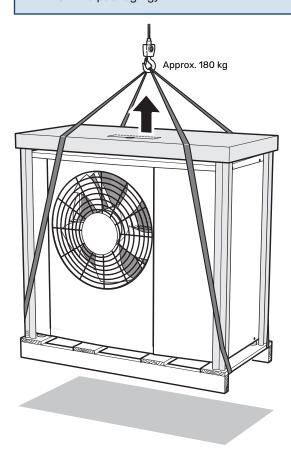
LIFT FROM THE STREET TO THE SET UP LOCATION

If the base allows, the simplest thing is to use a pallet truck to move the S2125 to the set up location.



NOTE

The centre of gravity is offset to one side (see print on the packaging).



If S2125 needs to be transported across soft ground, such as a lawn, we recommend using a crane truck that can lift it to the installation location. When S2125 is lifted with a crane, the packaging must be untouched.

If a crane vehicle cannot be used the S2125 can be transported on an extended sack truck. S2125 must be taken from its heaviest side and two people are required to lift S2125.

LIFT FROM THE PALLET TO FINAL POSITIONING

Before lifting remove the packaging and the securing strap to the pallet.

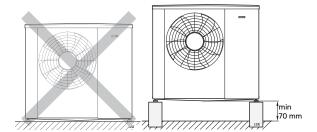
Place lifting straps around each machine foot. Lifting from the pallet to the base requires four persons, one for each lifting strap.

SCRAPPING

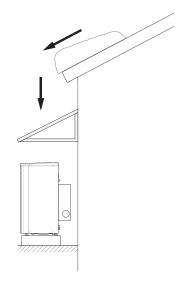
When scrapping, the product is removed in reverse order. Lift by the bottom panel instead of a pallet!

Assembly

- Place the heat pump in a suitable location outdoors to prevent any risk of the refrigerant flowing in through ventilation openings, doors or similar openings in the event of a leak. It must also not constitute a hazard to people or property in any other way.
- If the heat pump is placed in a location where any refrigerant leak could accumulate, for example below ground level (in a dip or low-lying recess), the installation must satisfy the same requirements that apply for gas detection and the ventilation of engineering rooms. Requirements regarding sources of ignition must be applied where appropriate.
- Place S2125 outdoors on a solid level base that can take the weight, preferably a concrete foundation. If concrete slabs are used they must rest on asphalt or shingle.
- The lower edge of the evaporator must not be lower than the level of the average local snow depth. The base should be at least 70 mm tall.
- S2125 should not be positioned next to noise sensitive walls, for example, next to a bedroom.
- Also ensure that the placement does not inconvenience the neighbours.
- S2125 must not be placed so that recirculation of the outdoor air is possible. Recirculation entails reduced power and impaired efficiency.
- The evaporator must be sheltered from direct wind /, which negatively affects the defrosting function. Place S2125 protected from wind / against the evaporator.
- A small amount of water may drip from the drainage hole under S2125. Make sure that the water can run away by selecting a suitable material underneath S2125 (see section "Condensation").
- Care must be exercised so that the heat pump is not scratched during installation.



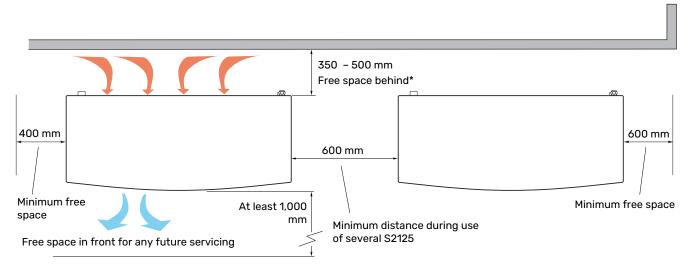
Do not place S2125 directly on the lawn or other non solid surface.



If there is a risk of snow slip from roof, a protective roof or cover must be erected to protect the heat pump, pipes and wiring.

INSTALLATION AREA

The distance between S2125 and the house wall must be at least 350 mm, but not more than 500 mm in locations that are exposed to the wind. The free space above S2125 must be at least 1,000 mm. The free space in front must be at least 1,000 mm for any future servicing.



^{*} The space behind must not exceed 500 mm in locations that are exposed to the wind.

Condensation

The condensate drain pan collects and leads away the condensation water.



NOTE

It is important to the heat pump function that condensation water is led away and that the drain for the condensation water run off is not positioned so that it can cause damage to the house. Condensation run-off should be checked regularly, especially during the autumn. Clean if necessary.

- The condensation water (up to 50 litres/24 hrs) that collects in the trough should be routed away by a pipe to an appropriate drain, it is recommended that the shortest outdoor stretch possible is used.
- The section of the pipe that can be affected by frost must be heated by the heating cable to prevent freezing.



TIP

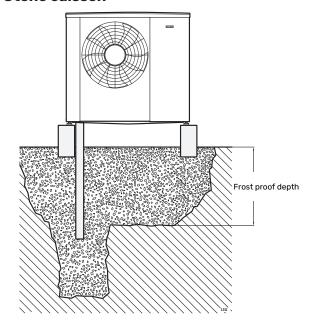
Pipe with heating cable for draining the condensation water trough is not included.

To ensure the function, the accessory KVR 11 should be used.

- · Route the pipe downward from S2125.
- The outlet of the condensation water pipe must be at frost free depth.
- Use a water trap for installations where air circulation may occur in the condensation water pipe.
- · The insulation must seal against the bottom of the condensation water trough.

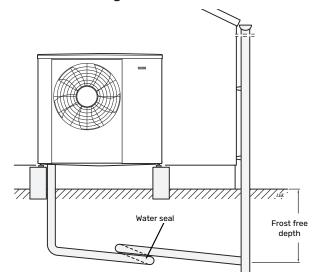
DRAINAGE OF CONDENSATION

Stone caisson



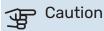
If the house has a cellar the stone caisson must be positioned so that condensation water does not affect the house. Otherwise the stone caisson can be positioned directly under the heat pump.

Gutter drainage



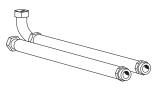
Route the pipe downward from S2125.

The condensation water pipe must have a water seal to prevent air circulation in the pipe.



If none of the recommended alternatives is used good lead off of condensation water must be assured.

Supplied components

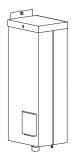




1 x flexible pipe with bend (WN1)

1 x flexible pipe (WN2) (Dimensions, flexible pipes DN25, G1")

4 x gaskets

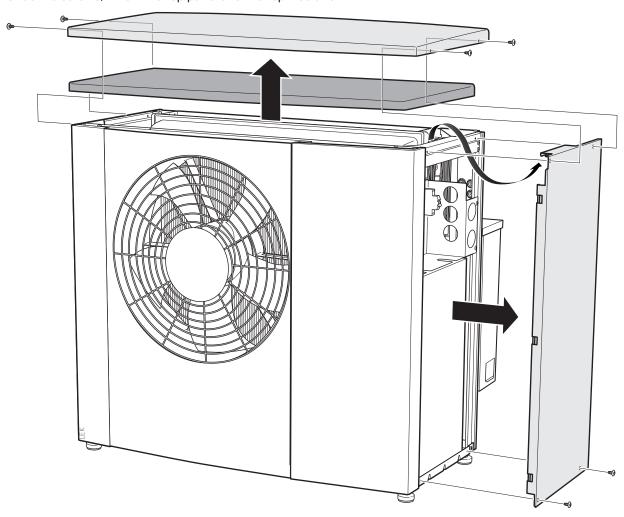




1x non-return valve (RM1.2)

1 x automatic gas separator (HQ8)

Removing the side panel and top panel Undo the screws, lift off the top panel and the top insulation.



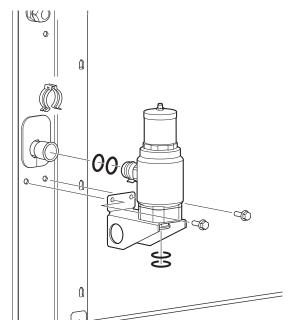
Installation of automatic gas separator

The automatic gas separator and the safety valve should always be installed as instructed below.

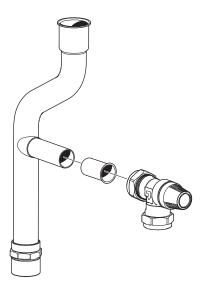
 Check that all O-rings are present and that they are undamaged. Lubricate them with soapy water or similar to make installation easier.

Press the gas separator into place. Fit the clip. Twist the clip to ensure that it fastens properly.

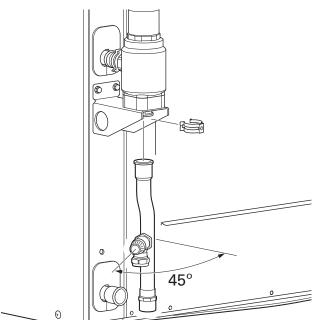
Place the bracket in position, parallel with the outer edge. Secure the bracket with a screw. Use a socket wrench, size 10 mm.



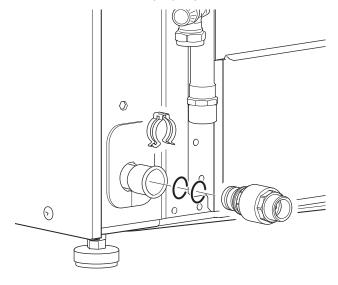
2. Assemble the parts of the safety valve. Ensure that the arrow for the outlet is pointing down, as illustrated.



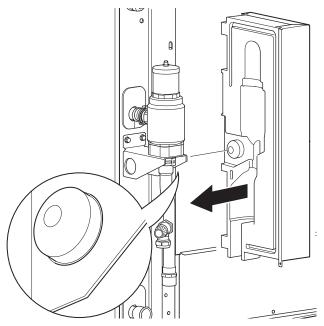
3. Then fit the safety valve with the associated pipes. The safety vale must be at an angle of 45°. Fit the clip. Twist the clip to ensure that it fastens properly.



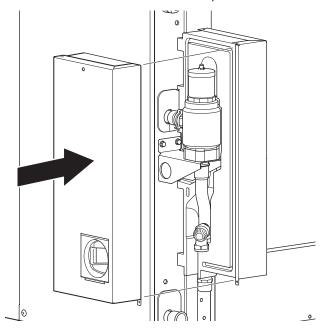
4. Install the non-return valve. Fit the clip. Twist the clip to ensure that it fastens properly.



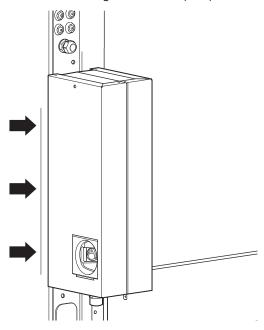
5. Install the right-hand side of the metal box. The lug in the insulation must go into the round hole in the bracket.



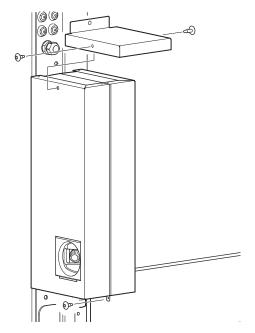
6. Fit the left-hand side in the same way.



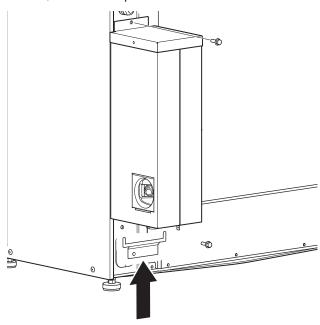
7. Check that both halves of the gas separator are properly in place, parallel with the edge of the heat pump.



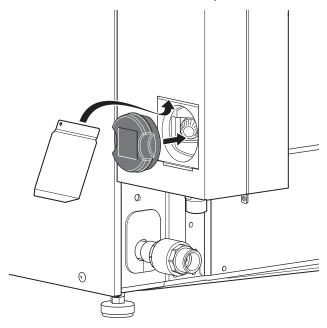
8. Fit the cover. Secure with three screws. Two screws in the lid, on the right and left-hand sides, and one screw in the bottom.



9. Secure the gas separator to the heat pump using two screws, one at the top and one at the bottom.

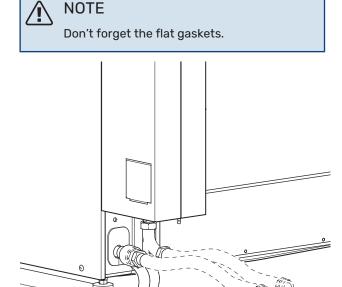


10. Install the lid that conceals the safety valve.

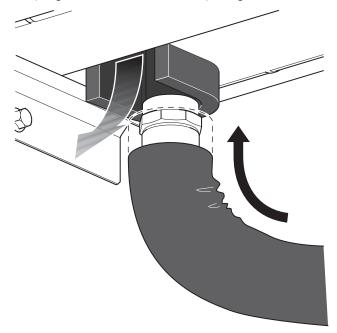


11. Screw the flexible pipes into place. The flexible pipes can be installed angled straight back or down, depending on which of the pipe connections the 90° bend is in-

stalled on. Install the flexible pipes with a slight bend, so they can absorb any vibrations that would otherwise be propagated through the building.



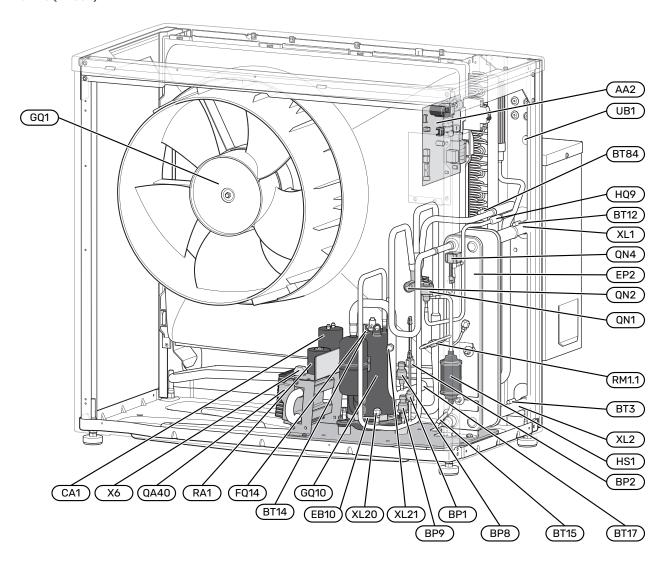
12. Check that the venting opening is not covered with pipe insulation. Pipe insulation should extend as far as the coupling and must not cover the opening.



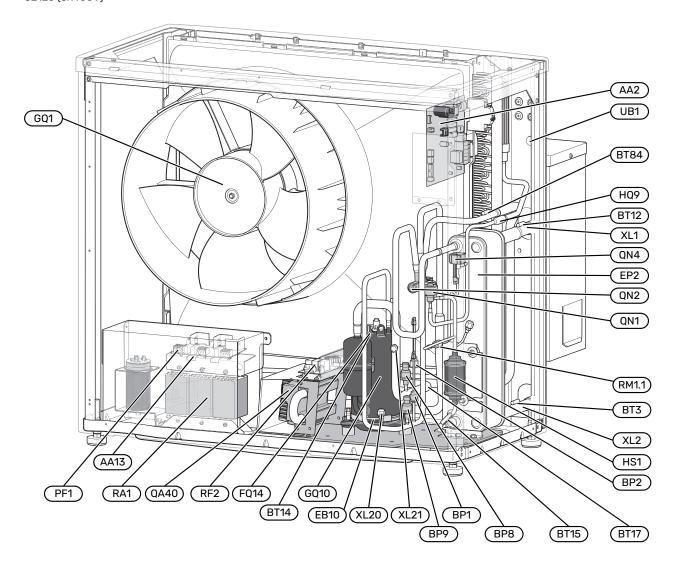
The heat pump design

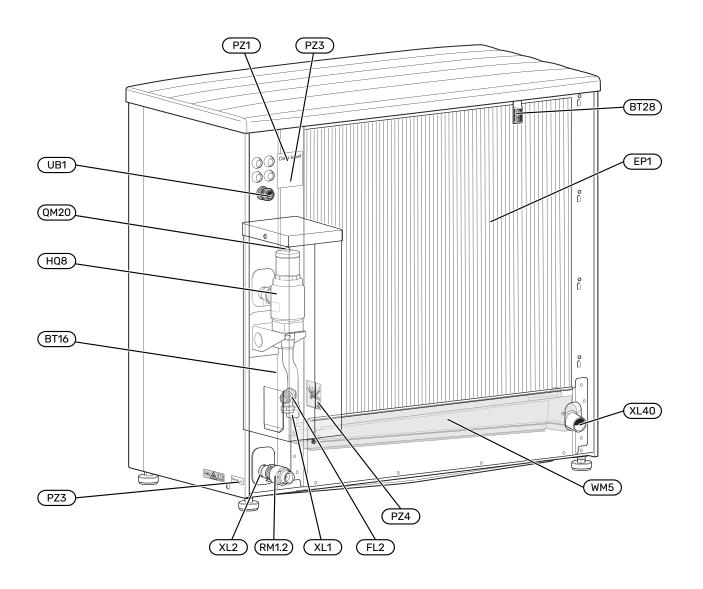
General

S2125 (1x230V)



S2125 (3x400V)





PIPE CONNECTIONS

| XL1 | Heating medium connection, supply (from S2125) |
|-----|--|
| XL2 | Heating medium connection, return (to S2125) |

XL2 Heating medium connection, return (toXL20 Service connection, high pressure

XL21 Service connection, low pressure

XL40 Connection, drain condensation water trough

HVAC COMPONENTS

FL2 Safety valve, heating medium HQ8 Automatic gas separator ¹ RM1.2 Non-return valve ¹

QM20 Vent valve, heating medium

WM5 Condensation water trough

SENSORS ETC.

| BL1 | High pressure pressostat |
|-----|--------------------------|
| BP2 | Low pressure pressostat |
| BP8 | Low pressure transmitter |
| BP9 | High pressure sensor |
| | |

BT3 Temperature sensor, return

BT12 Temperature sensor, condenser supply line

BT14 Temperature sensor, hot gas
BT15 Temperature sensor, fluid pipe
BT16 Temperature sensor, evaporator
BT17 Temperature sensor, suction gas
BT28 Temperature sensor, ambient

BT84 Temperature sensor, suction gas evaporator

ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS

AA2 Base card
AA13 Triac board

CA1 Capacitor (1x230V) EB10 Compressor heater

FQ14 Temperature limiter, compressor

GQ1 Fan

PF1 Signal lamp (LED 201)

QA40 Inverter

RA1 Harmonic filter (3x400V)

RA1 Choke (1x230V)
RF2 EMC filter (3x400V)
X6 Terminal block (1x230V)

COOLING COMPONENTS

EP1 Evaporator EP2 Condenser GQ10 Compressor HQ9 Particle filter HS1 Drying filter QN1 Expansion valve QN2 4-way valve QN4 Bypass valve RM1.1 Non-return valve

MISCELLANEOUS

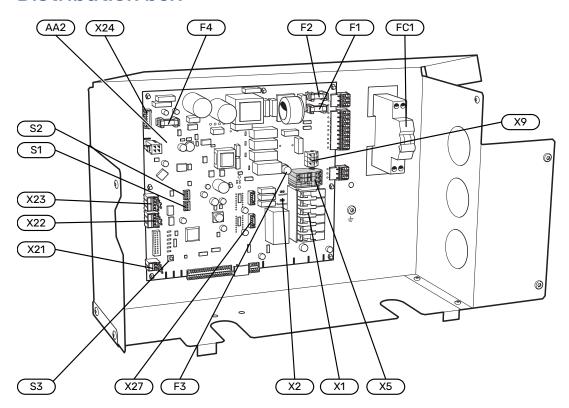
PZ1 Type plate
PZ3 Serial number

PZ4 Sign, pipe connections
UB1 Cable gland, incoming supply

Designations according to standard EN 81346-2.

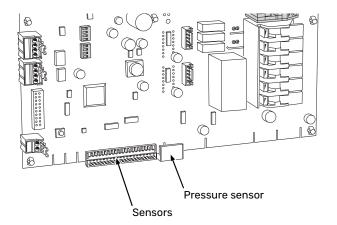
¹ Enclosed (not factory-fitted).

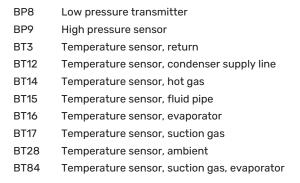
Distribution box

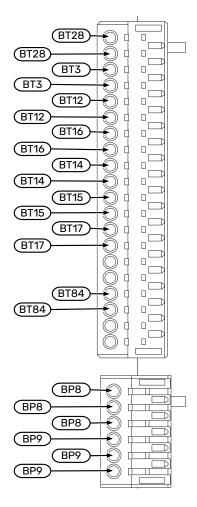


| ELEC | ΓRICA | L COMPONENTS | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| AA2 | Base ca | ard | | |
| | X1 | Terminal block, incoming supply | | |
| | X2 | Terminal block, compressor supply | | |
| | X5 | Terminal block, external control voltage | | |
| | X9 | Terminal block, connection KVR | | |
| | X21 | Terminal block, Compressor blocking, Tariff | | |
| | X22 | Terminal block, communications | | |
| | X23 | Terminal block, communications | | |
| | X24 | Terminal block, fan | | |
| | X27 | Terminal block, expansion valve QN1 | | |
| F1 | Fuse, o | perating 230V~, 4A | | |
| F2 | Fuse, o | perating 230V~, 4A | | |
| F3 | Fuse fo | Fuse for external heating cable, KVR, 250mA | | |
| F4 | Fuse, f | Fuse, fan, 4A | | |
| FC1 | | re circuit-breaker (Replaced with automatic pro- (FB1) when installing accessory KVR 11.) | | |
| S1 | ${\sf DIP}\ switch, addressing\ heat\ pump\ during\ multi\ operation$ | | | |
| S2 | DIP switch, different options | | | |
| S3 | Reset b | putton | | |
| | | | | |

Sensor placement







Pipe connections

General

Pipe installation must be carried out in accordance with current norms and directives.

The pipe dimension should not be less than the recommended pipe diameter according to the table. However, each system must be dimensioned individually to manage the recommended system flows.

MINIMUM SYSTEM FLOWS

The installation must be dimensioned to manage at least the minimum defrosting flow at 100% pump operation, see table.

| Air/water heat pump | Minimum flow during defrost- ing (100% pump speed (I/s) | Minimum re- commended pipe dimen- sion (DN) | Minimum re- commended pipe dimen- sion (mm) |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| S2125-8 (1x230V) | | | |
| S2125-8 (3x400V) | 0.32 | 25 | 28 |
| S2125-12 (1x230V) | 0.32 | | |
| S2125-12 (3x400V) | | | |



NOTE

An undersized system can result in damage to the product and lead to malfunctions.

S2125 can only operate up to a return temperature of about 65 $^{\circ}$ C and an outgoing temperature of about 75 $^{\circ}$ C from the heat pump.

S2125 is not equipped with shut-off valves on the heating medium side, rather these must be installed to facilitate any future servicing. The return temperature is limited by the return line sensor.

WATER VOLUMES

To avoid short operating times and to enable defrosting, a certain available water volume is required. For the optimum operation of S2125, a minimum available water volume of 120 litres is recommended. This applies separately to heating and cooling systems.



NOTE

The pipe installation must be flushed out before the heat pump is connected so debris cannot damage component parts.

Symbol key

| Symbol | Meaning |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| X | Shut-off valve |
| D | Circulation pump |
| \Rightarrow | Expansion vessel |
| ₩ W | Filterball |
| P | Pressure gauge |
| ⊁ | Safety valve |
| ¥ | Trim valve |
| 硹 | Reversing valve/shunt |
| | Control module |
| • | Air/water heat pump |
| 111111 | Radiator system |
| ጘ | Domestic hot water |
| | Water heater |

Pipe coupling heating medium circuit

You can find a list of compatible products in the section "Compatible indoor modules (VVM) and control modules (SMO)".



Caution

There is a difference between connection to a control module compared with connection to an indoor module.

See the Installer Manual for the indoor module/control module.

The heat pump is vented automatically with the aid of the gas separator (HQ8). The gas separator closes automatically when the valve housing has been vented and filled with li-

Install as follows:

- · expansion vessel
- · pressure gauge
- · pressure relief valve
- · charge pump
- · shut-off valve

To facilitate any future servicing.

· enclosed filterball (QZ2)

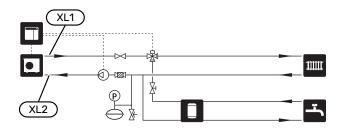
Installed before connection "heating medium return" (XL2) (the lower connection) on the vacuum pump.

· reversing valve.

When connecting to the control module, and if the system is to be able to work with both the climate system and the hot water heater.

trim valve

When connecting to control module and hot water heater.



The image shows connection to the control module.

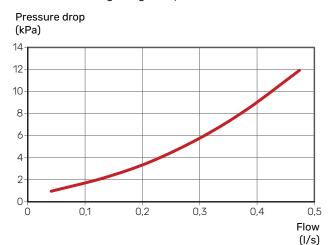
CHARGE PUMP

The charge pump (not included in the product) is powered and controlled from the indoor module/control module. It has a built-in frost protection function and, for this reason, must not be switched off when there is a risk of freezing.

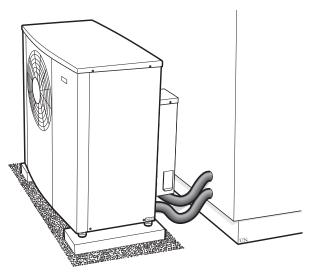
At temperatures below +2 °C the charge pump runs periodically, to prevent the water from freezing in the charge circuit. The function also protects against excess temperatures in the charge circuit.

PRESSURE DROP, HEATING MEDIUM SIDE

The diagram shows the pressure drop on the heating medium side, including the gas separator.



PIPE INSULATION



All outdoor pipes must be insulated with at least 19 mm thick pipe insulation.

Electrical connections

General

- Electrical installation and wiring must be carried out in accordance with national provisions.
- Disconnect S2125 before insulation testing the house wiring.
- If a miniature circuit breaker is used, this must have at least triggering characteristic "C". See section "Technical specifications" for fuse size.
- If the building is equipped with an RCD, S2125 must be equipped with a separate one.
- The RCD should have a nominal tripping current of no more than 30 mA.
- S2125 must be installed via an isolator switch. The cable area has to be dimensioned based on the fuse rating used.

The incoming supply must be 400V 3N~ 50Hz via an electrical distribution unit with fuses.

For 230V~50Hz, the incoming supply must be 230V~50Hz via distribution box with fuses.

- The routing of cables for heavy current and signals should be made out through the cable glands on the heat pump's right-hand side, seen from the front.
- · Use a screened cable for communication.
- To prevent interference, sensor cables to external connections must not be laid close to high voltage cables.
- Connect the charge pump to the control module. See where the charge pump is to be connected in the Installer Manual for your control module.



NOTE

Electrical installation and any servicing must be carried out under the supervision of a qualified electrician. Disconnect the current using the circuit breaker before carrying out any servicing.



NOTE

Check the connections, main voltage and phase voltage before the product is started, to prevent damage to the heat pump electronics.



NOTE

The live external control must be taken into consideration when connecting.



NOTE

If the supply cable is damaged, only NIBE, its service representative or similar authorised person may replace it to prevent any danger and damage.



NOTE

Do not start the system before filling up with water. Components in the system could be damaged.

Accessibility, electrical connection

See section "Removing the side panel and top panel".

Connections

POWER CONNECTION

The enclosed cable (length 1.8 m) for incoming electricity is connected to terminal block X1. Outside the heat pump there is approx. 1.8 m of cable available.

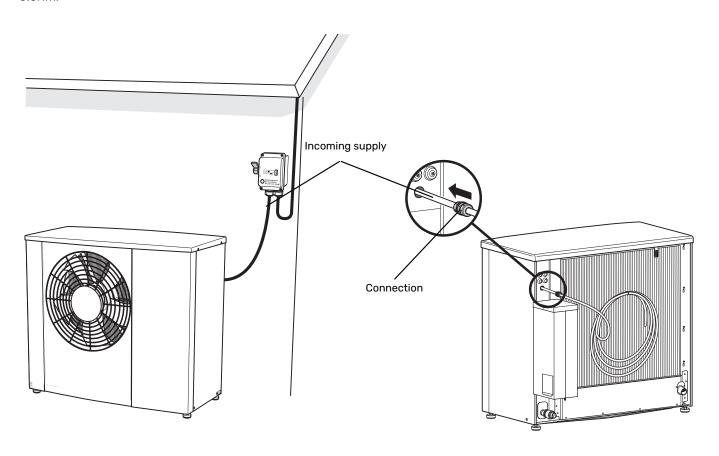
Connection 1x 230 V



Connection 3 x 400 V



At installation, install the screwed connection on the rear of the heat pump. The part of the screwed joint that tensions the cable must be tightened to a tightening torque above 3.5Nm.



TARIFF CONTROL

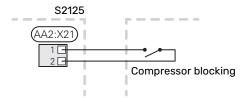


NOTE

All supply circuits must be disconnected, because the compressor and the control system may have separate power supplies.

If the control is to be powered separately from other components in the heat pump (e.g. for tariff connection), a separate operating cable must be connected to terminal block (X5).

If external control voltage is used during tariff control, a closing contact must be connected to connection X21:1 and X21:2 (compressor blocking) to prevent an alarm. Compressor blocking must be performed either on the indoor module/control module or on the air/water heat pump, not on both simultaneously.



Placement of labels

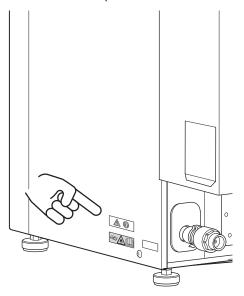


Caution

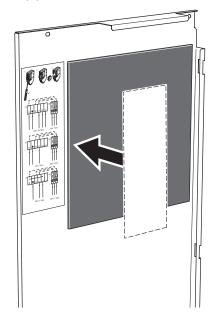
These labels should only be placed on the heat pump in those cases where the heat pump has a tariff connection with an external supply voltage.

Two labels should be placed on S2125. The labels are enclosed with the manuals.

The small label is placed on the outside of the side panel.

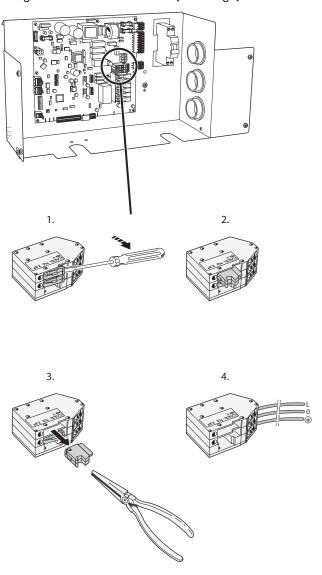


The large label is placed on the inside of the side panel, next to the insulation. See section "Removing the side panel and top panel".

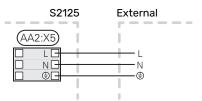


CONNECTING EXTERNAL CONTROL VOLTAGE

When connecting external control voltage, remove the bridges from terminal block X5 (see image).



Connect external control voltage (230V~ 50Hz) to terminal block X5:L, X5:N and X5:PE (as illustrated).



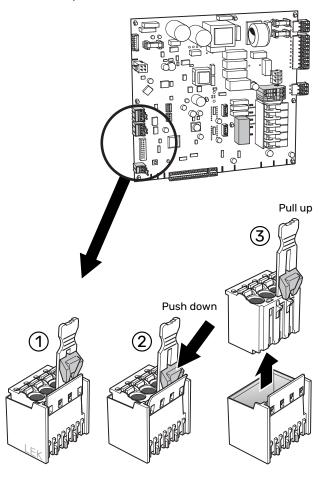
COMMUNICATION

Software version

In order for S2125 to be able to communicate with indoor module (VVM)/control module (SMO), you may need to update to a more recent software version.

Disconnect the connections in S2125

When connecting communication to an indoor module/control module, you need to disconnect the connectors in S2125.



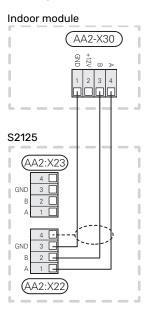
Connection to indoor module/control module

S2125 communicates with NIBE indoor modules/control modules via a screened three-core cable (max area 0.75 mm²) to terminal block X22:1–4.

For connection in the indoor module/control module:

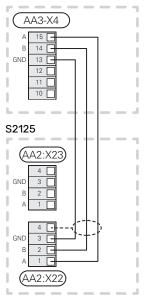
See the Installer Manual for the indoor module/control module.

VVMS

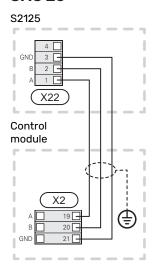


VVM

Indoor module



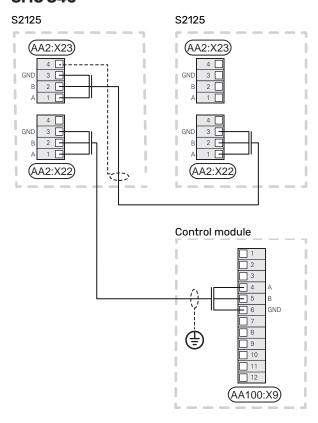
SMO 20



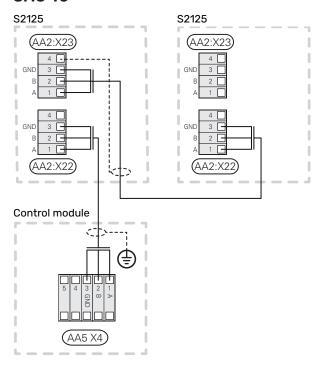
Cascade connection

For cascade connection, connect terminal block X23 with the next heat pump's terminal block X22.

SM0 S40

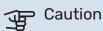


SMO 40



COOLING

S2125 can supply cooling with cooling supply down to +7°C.



DIP S1 position 4 must be changed to ON in order to run cooling

CONFIGURATION USING DIP SWITCH

The communication address for S2125 to the indoor module / control module is selected on the base board (AA2). DIP switch S1 is used for configuration of address and functions. For cascade operation with SMO for example, addressing is required. S2125 has the address 1 as standard. In a cascade connection all S2125 must have a unique address. The address is coded in binary.



NOTE

Only change the DIP switches position when the product is not powered.

| DIP S1 position | Slave | Address | Default set- |
|-----------------|---------|---------|--------------|
| (1/2/3) | | (com) | ting |
| off / off / off | Slave 1 | 01 | OFF |
| on / off / off | Slave 2 | 02 | OFF |
| off / on / off | Slave 3 | 03 | OFF |
| on / on / off | Slave 4 | 04 | OFF |
| off / off / on | Slave 5 | 05 | OFF |
| on / off / on | Slave 6 | 06 | OFF |
| off / on / on | Slave 7 | 07 | OFF |
| on / on / on | Slave 8 | 08 | OFF |

| DIP S1 position | Setting | | Default set- ting |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 4 | ON | Permits cooling | OFF |

| DIP S2 position | Setting | Default setting |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------|
| 1 | OFF | OFF |
| 2 | OFF | OFF |
| 3 | OFF | OFF |
| 4 | OFF | OFF |

Switch S3 is the reset button that restarts control.

CONNECTING ACCESSORIES

Instructions for connecting accessories can be found in the installation instructions provided for the respective accessory. See section "Accessories" for a list of the accessories that can be used with S2125.

Commissioning and adjusting

Preparations



Caution

Check the miniature circuit-breaker (FC1). It could have tripped during transport.



NOTE

Do not start S2125 if there is a risk that the water in the system has frozen.

COMPRESSOR HEATER

S2125 is equipped with a compressor heater that heats the compressor before start-up and when the compressor is cold.

Compressor heater (EB10) is activated when the heat pump is connected to the supply voltage. The compressor needs to be heated up before starting for the first time. From the time the indoor module/control module is connected and a heating demand arises, it may take a while before the compressor reaches the permitted start value.



NOTE

The compressor heater must have been active for a while, prior to starting for the first time, until the discharge sensor (BT14) has reached its set temperature, see section "Start-up and inspection".

Filling and venting

Fill the heating system to the necessary pressure. The heat pump is equpped with an automatic venting valve, which closes when the heat pump is filled with liquid.

Start-up and inspection

- 1. Communication cable must be connected.
- 2. If cooling operation with S2125 is wanted, DIP switch S1 position 4 must be changed according to the description in section "Cooling".
- 3. Turn the isolator switch on.
- 4. Ensure that the S2125 is connected to the power source.
- 5. Check that fuse (FC1) is on.
- 6. Reinstall the removed panels and cover.
- After the power to S2125 has been switched on, and there is a compressor demand from the indoor module/control module, the compressor starts once it has warmed up.
- 8. Adjust the charge flow according to size. Also see section "Adjustment, charge flow".
- 9. Adjust menu settings via the indoor module/control module as necessary.
- Fill in "Inspection of the installation", in section "Important information".



NOTE

The live external control must be taken into consideration when connecting.

Post adjustment and venting

Air is initially released from the hot water and venting may be necessary. If bubbling sounds can be heard from the heat pump, the charge pump or radiators, the entire system requires further venting. When the system has stabilised (correct pressure and all air eliminated), the automatic heating control system can be set as required.

Adjustment, charge flow

For correct function of the heat pump over the entire year, the charge flow must be correctly adjusted.

If an NIBE indoor module VVM or accessory controlled charge pump is used for the control module SMO, the control tries to maintain an optimal flow across the heat pump.

Adjustment may be required, especially for charging a separate water heater. It is therefore recommended to have the option of adjusting the flow across the water heater using a trim valve.

- Recommendation if there is insufficient hot water and information message "high condenser out" during hot water charging: increase the flow
- Recommendation if there is insufficient hot water and information message "high condenser in" during hot water charging: reduce the flow

Control

General

S2125 is equipped with an internal electronic controller that handles all functions necessary for operation of the heat pump, e.g. defrosting, stop at max/min temperature, connection of the compressor heater, and protective functions during operation.

The integrated control shows information via status-LEDs and can be used during servicing.

Under normal operating conditions the home owner does not need to have access to the controller.

S2125 communicates with the NIBE indoor module/control module, which means that all settings and measurement values from S2125 are adjusted and read off on the indoor module/control module.



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Caution

The main product's software must be the latest

LED status

The base board (AA2) has a status LED for easy control and troubleshooting.

| LED | State | Explanation |
|--------------------|---------------------|--|
| PWR | Not lit | Base board without power |
| (green) | Continuous light | Base board power on |
| CPU | Not lit | CPU without power |
| (green) | Flashes | CPU running |
| | Continuous light | CPU not running correctly |
| EXT COM (green) | Not lit | No communication with indoor module/control module |
| (g. co.i.) | Flashes | Communication with indoor module/control module |
| INT COM | Not lit | No communication with inverter |
| (green) | Flashes | Communication with inverter |
| DEFROST (green) | Not lit | Neither defrosting nor protection is active |
| (green) | Flashes | Some protection is active |
| | Continuous light | Defrosting in progress |
| ERROR | Not lit | No errors |
| (red) | Flashes | Info alarm (temporary), active |
| | Continuous light | Continuous alarm, active |
| K1, K2, K3, K4, | Not lit | Relay in de-energised position |
| K5 | Continuous light | Relay activated |
| N-RELAY | | No function |
| COMPR. ON | | No function |

| LED | State | Explanation |
|---------|---------------------|------------------------|
| PWR-INV | Not lit | Inverter without power |
| (green) | Continuous light | Inverter has power |

HARMONIC FILTER (RA1)

Harmonic filter (RA1) has a status LED for easy control and troubleshooting.

When the capacitor is in operation, LED 201 is lit with a steady light.

| LED | State | Explanation |
|---------|---------------------|------------------------|
| LED 201 | Not lit | Capacitor disconnected |
| (red) | Continuous light | Capacitor connected |

Master control

To control S2125, a NIBE indoor module/control module is required, which calls upon S2125 according to demand. All settings for S2125 are made via the indoor module/control module. It also shows the status and sensor values from S2125.

| Description | | Value | Parameter space |
|---|---------|-------|-----------------|
| Cut-out value activation passive defrosting | °C | 4 | 4 - 14 |
| Start temperature BT16 to calculate index | °C | -3 | -5 - 5 |
| Permit fan de-icing | (1/0) | No | Yes / No |
| Permit silent mode | (1 / 0) | No | Yes / No |
| Permit defrost more often | (1 / 0) | No | Yes / No |

NIBE S2125 Chapter 7 | Control

Control conditions

CONTROL CONDITIONS DEFROSTING

- If the temperature of the evaporator sensor (BT16) is below
 the start temperature for the defrosting function, S2125
 counts the time to "active defrosting" for each minute
 that the compressor is running, to create a defrosting requirement.
- Time until "active defrosting" is shown in minutes on the indoor module / control module. Defrosting starts when this value is 0 minutes.
- "Passive defrosting" is started, if the compressor requirement has been fulfilled, at the same time as there is a defrosting requirement and the outdoor temperature
 (BT28) is greater than 4 °C.
- Defrosting occurs actively (with compressor on and fan off) or passively (with compressor off and fan on).
- If the evaporator is too cold, a "safety defrost" starts. This
 defrosting can start earlier than the normal defrosting. If
 the safety defrosting occurs ten times in a row, the
 evaporator (EP1) on S2125 must be checked, which is indicated by an alarm.
- If "de-icing fan" is activated in the indoor module/control
 module, "de-icing fan" starts at the next "active defrosting". "De-icing fan" removes the build-up of ice on the fan
 blades and the front fan grille.

Active defrosting:

- 1. The four way valve shifts to defrosting.
- 2. The fan stops and the compressor continues to run.
- When defrosting is complete, the four-way valve switches back to heating operation. The compressor speed is locked for a short period.
- 4. The ambient temperature is locked and the high return temperature alarm is blocked for two minutes after defrosting.

Passive defrosting:

- If there is no compressor demand, passive defrosting can start.
- 2. The four-way valve does not shift.
- 3. Fan runs at high speed.
- 4. If there is a compressor demand, passive defrosting stops and the compressor starts.
- 5. When passive defrosting is complete, the fan stops.
- The ambient temperature is locked and the high return temperature alarm is blocked for two minutes after defrosting.

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Control - Heat pump EB101

S-SERIES - VVM S / SMO S

These settings are made on the display on the indoor module/control module.

Menu 7.3.2 - Installed heat pump

Here, you make specific settings for the installed heat pump.

Silent mode permitted

Setting range: on/off

Max. frequency 1

Setting range: 25 - 120 Hz

Max. frequency 2

Setting range: 25 - 120 Hz

Compressor phase

Setting range S2125 1 x 230 V: L1, L2, L3

Detect compressor phase

Setting range S2125 1 x 230 V: off/on

Current limit

Setting range S2125 1 x 230 V: off/on

Max. current

Setting range S2125 1 x 230 V: 6 - 32 A

blockFreq 1

Setting range: on/off

From frequency

Setting range: 25 - 117 Hz

To frequency

Setting range: 28 - 120 Hz

blockFreq 2

Setting range: on/off

From frequency

Setting range: 25 – 117 Hz

To frequency

Setting range: 28 - 120 Hz

Defrosting

Start manual defrosting

Setting range: on/off

Start temperature for defrost function

Setting range: -3 - 3 °C

Cut-out value activation passive defrosting

Setting range: 2 – 10 °C

Defrost more often

Alternatives: Yes / No

Silent mode permitted: Here, you set whether silent mode is to be activated for the heat pump. Please note that you now have the option to schedule when silent mode will be active.

The function should only be used for limited periods, because S2125 possibly may not reach its dimensioned output.

Detect compressor phase: This shows in which the phase the heat pump has detected whether you have S2125 230V~50Hz. Phase detection normally occurs automatically in connection with start-up of the indoor module/control module. This setting can be changed manually.

Current limitation: Here, you set whether the current limitation function will be activated for the heat pump, if you have S2125 230V~50Hz. During active function, you can limit the value of the maximum current.

BlockFreq 1: Here, you can select a frequency range within which the heat pump is not permitted to work. This function can be used if certain compressor speeds cause noise disturbance in the house.

BlockFreq 2: Here, you can select a frequency range within which the heat pump is not permitted to work.

Defrosting: Here, you can change the settings that affect the defrost function.

Start manual defrosting: Here, you can start "active defrosting" manually, if the function needs to be tested for servicing or if necessary. This can also be used to accelerate the start of "fan de-icing".

Start temperature for defrost function: Here, you set the temperature (BT16) at which the defrost function will start. The value must only be changed in consultation with the installer.

Cut-out value activation passive defrosting: Here, you set the temperature (BT28) at which "passive defrosting" will be activated. During passive defrosting, the ice is melted by the energy from the ambient air. The fan is active during passive defrosting. The value must only be changed in consultation with the installer.

Defrost more often: Here, you activate whether defrosting will occur more frequently than normal. This selection can be made if the heat pump receives an alarm due to build-up of ice during operation caused, for example, by snow.

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Menu 4.11.3 - Fan de-icing

Fan de-icing

Setting range: off/on

Continuous fan de-icing

Setting range: off/on

Fan de-icing: Here, you set whether the "fan de-icing" function will be activated during the next "active defrosting". This can be activated if ice/snow sticks to the fan, grille or fan cone, which may be noticed due to abnormal fan noise from \$2125.

"Fan de-icing" means that the fan, grille and fan cone are heated using hot air from the evaporator (EP1).

Continuous fan de-icing: There is the option to set recurring de-icing. In this case, every tenth defrosting will be "Fan de-icing". (This can increase annual energy consumption.)

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F-SERIES - VVM / SMO

These settings are made on the display on the indoor module/control module.

Menu 5.11.1.1 - heat pump

Here, you make specific settings for the installed heat pump.

Silent mode permitted

Setting range: yes / no

Detect compressor phase

Setting range S2125 1 x 230 V: off/on

Current limit

Setting range: 6 - 32 A

Factory setting: 32 A

blockFreq 1

Setting range: yes / no

blockFreq 2

Setting range: yes / no

Defrosting

Start manual defrosting

Setting range: on/off

Start temperature for defrost function

Setting range: -3 - 3 °C

Factory setting: -3 °C

Cut-out value activation passive defrosting

Setting range: 2 - 10 °C

Factory setting: 4 °C

Defrost more often

Setting range: Yes / No

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Silent mode permitted: Here, you set whether silent mode is to be activated for the heat pump. Please note that you now have the option to schedule when silent mode will be active.

The function should only be used for limited periods, because S2125 possibly may not reach its dimensioned output.

Detect compressor phase: This shows in which the phase the heat pump has detected whether you have S2125 230V~50Hz. Phase detection normally occurs automatically in connection with start-up of the indoor module/control module. This setting can be changed manually.

Current limitation: Here, you set whether the current limitation function will be activated for the heat pump, if you have S2125 230V~50Hz. During active function, you can limit the value of the maximum current.

BlockFreq 1: Here, you can select a frequency range within which the heat pump is not permitted to work. This function can be used if certain compressor speeds cause noise disturbance in the house.

BlockFreq 2: Here, you can select a frequency range within which the heat pump is not permitted to work.

Defrosting: Here, you can change the settings that affect the defrost function.

Start manual defrosting: Here, you can manually start an "active defrosting", if the function needs to be tested for servicing or if necessary. This can be justified together with "fan de-icing".

Start temperature for defrost function: Here, you set the temperature (BT16) at which the defrost function will start. The value must only be changed in consultation with the installer.

Cut-out value activation passive defrosting: Here, you set the temperature (BT28) at which "passive defrosting" will be activated. During passive defrosting, the ice is melted by the energy from the ambient air. The fan is active during passive defrosting. The value must only be changed in consultation with the installer.

Defrost more often: Here, you activate whether defrosting will occur more frequently than normal. This selection can be made if the heat pump receives an alarm due to build-up of ice during operation caused, for example, by snow.

Menu 4.9.7 - tools

Fan de-icing

Setting range: off/on

Continuous fan de-icing

Setting range: off/on

Fan de-icing: Here, you set whether the "fan de-icing" function will be activated during the next "active defrosting". This can be activated if ice/snow sticks to the fan, grille or fan cone, which may be noticed due to abnormal fan noise from \$2125.

"Fan de-icing" means that the fan, grille and fan cone are heated using hot air from the evaporator (EP1).

Continuous fan de-icing: There is the option to set recurring de-icing. In this case, every tenth defrosting will be "Fan de-icing". (This can increase annual energy consumption.)

Chapter 7 | Control NIBE S2125

Service

Service actions



NOTE

Servicing should only be carried out by persons with the necessary expertise.

When replacing components on S2125 only replacement parts from NIBE may be used.

DRAINING THE CONDENSER

In the event of a prolonged power failure or similar, for example, the condenser in S2125 may need to be drained of water.



NOTE

There may be some hot water when draining the heating medium side/climate system. There is a risk of scalding.

- 1. Close the shut-off valves.
- 2. Release the pressure using the vent valve (QM20) on the automatic gas separator (HQ8).
- 3. Release the clip and pull out the non-return valve (RM1.2) on the heating medium connection, return (to S2125) (XL2).

TEMPERATURE SENSOR DATA

Return line (BT3), condenser supply (BT12), liquid line (BT15)

| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (k0hm) | Voltage (VDC) |
|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| -10 | 56.20 | 3.047 |
| 0 | 33.02 | 2.889 |
| 10 | 20.02 | 2.673 |
| 20 | 12.51 | 2.399 |
| 30 | 8.045 | 2.083 |
| 40 | 5.306 | 1.752 |
| 50 | 3.583 | 1.426 |
| 60 | 2.467 | 1.136 |
| 70 | 1.739 | 0.891 |
| 80 | 1.246 | 0.691 |

Discharge sensor (BT14)

| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (k0hm) | Voltage (V) |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| 40 | 118.7 | 4.81 |
| 45 | 96.13 | 4.77 |
| 50 | 78.30 | 4.72 |
| 55 | 64.11 | 4.66 |
| 60 | 52.76 | 4.59 |
| 65 | 43.64 | 4.51 |
| 70 | 36.26 | 4.43 |
| 75 | 30.27 | 4.33 |
| 80 | 25.38 | 4.22 |
| 85 | 21.37 | 4.10 |
| 90 | 18.07 | 3.97 |
| 95 | 15.33 | 3.83 |
| 100 | 13.06 | 3.68 |
| 105 | 11.17 | 3.52 |
| 110 | 9.59 | 3.36 |
| 115 | 8.26 | 3.19 |
| 120 | 7.13 | 3.01 |

Evaporator sensor (BT16), ambient sensor (BT28), suction gas sensor (BT17) and suction gas, evaporator (BT84)

| Temperature (°C) | Resistance (k0hm) | Voltage (VDC) |
|------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| -40 | 43.34 | 4.51 |
| -30 | 25.17 | 4.21 |
| -20 | 15.13 | 3.82 |
| -10 | 9.392 | 3.33 |
| 0 | 6.000 | 2.80 |
| 10 | 3.935 | 2.28 |
| 20 | 2.644 | 1.80 |
| 30 | 1.817 | 1.39 |
| 40 | 1.274 | 1.07 |

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Disturbances in comfort

In most cases, the indoor module/control module notes a malfunction (a malfunction can lead to disturbance in comfort) and indicates this with alarms and action instructions in the display.

Troubleshooting



NOTE

In the event of action to rectify malfunctions that require work within screwed hatches, the incoming supply electricity must be isolated at the safety switch by or under the supervision of a qualified electrician.



🕞 Caution

Alarms are acknowledged on the indoor module / control module (VVM / SMO).

If the operational interference is not shown in the display the following tips can be used:

BASIC ACTIONS

Start by checking the following:

- · All supply cables to the heat pump are connected.
- · Group and main fuses of the accommodation.
- The property's earth circuit breaker.
- The heat pump's fuse / automatic protection. (FC1 / FB1, FB1 only if KVR is installed.)
- The indoor module's/control module's fuses.
- · The indoor module's/control module's temperature lim-
- That the air flow to S2125 is not blocked by foreign objects.
- That S2125 does not have any external damage.

S2125 DOES NOT START

- · There is no demand.
 - The indoor module/control module does not call on heating, cooling or hot water.
- · Compressor blocked due to the temperature conditions.
 - Wait until the temperature is within the product's working range.
- · Minimum time between compressor starts has not been
 - Wait for at least 30 minutes and then check if the compressor has started.
- · Alarm tripped.
 - Follow the display instructions.

S2125 NOT COMMUNICATING

- · Check that S2125 is correctly installed in the indoor module (VVM) or the control module (SMO).
- · Check that the communication cable is correctly connected and working.

LOW HOT WATER TEMPERATURE OR A LACK OF **HOT WATER**



Caution

The hot water is always set on the indoor module (VVM) or the control module (SMO).

This part of the fault-tracing chapter only applies if the heat pump is docked to the hot water heater.

- · Large hot water consumption.
 - Wait until the hot water has heated up.
- Incorrect hot water settings in indoor module or control
 - See the Installer Manual for the indoor module/control module.
- · Clogged particle filter.
 - Switch off the system. Check and clean the particle filter.

LOW ROOM TEMPERATURE

- · Closed thermostats in several rooms.
 - Set the thermostats to max in as many rooms as possible.
- · Incorrect settings in indoor module or control module.
 - See the Installer Manual for the indoor module/control module.
- · Air-filled radiators/underfloor heating coils.
 - Bleed the system.

HIGH ROOM TEMPERATURE

- Incorrect settings in indoor module or control module.
 - See the Installer Manual for the indoor module/control module.

ICE BUILD-UP IN THE FAN, GRILLE AND/OR FAN **CONE ON S2125**

- Activate "fan de-icing" in the indoor module/control module. Alternatively "continuous fan de-icing" if the problem recurs.
- · Check that the air flow across the evaporator is correct.

LARGE AMOUNT OF WATER BELOW S2125

- The accessory KVR 11 is required.
- If KVR 11 is installed, check that the water drainage flows freely.

ACTIVE DEFROSTING IS TERMINATED

There are several possible reasons for an active defrosting to end:

- If the temperature of the evaporator sensor has reached its stop value (normal stop).
- When defrosting has gone on for longer than 15 minutes.
 This may be due to too little energy in the heat source,
 too strong a wind effect on the evaporator and/or that
 the sensor on the evaporator is not correct and therefore displays too low a temperature (at cold outdoor air).
- When the temperature on the return line sensor, BT3, falls below 10 °C.
- If the temperature of the evaporator (BP8) falls below its lowest permitted value. After failing to defrost ten times, S2125 must be checked. This is indicated by an alarm.

Alarm list

| Alarms | Alarms | Alarm text on the display | Description existing alarm | May be due to |
|-----------|----------|---|---|--|
| VVM/SMO | S-series | | | |
| (S2125) | | | | |
| 156 (80) | 212 | Low Ip cooling | 5 repeated alarms for low low-pressure within 4 hours. | Poor flow. |
| | | | | Significant wind effect. |
| 224 (182) | 233 | Fan alarm from heat pump | 5 unsuccessful start attempt. | Fan blocked or not connected. |
| 225 (8) | 234 | Exchange Sensors flow / return | Return is hotter than flow. | Connection, supply line return line switched around, |
| 227 (34) | 530 | Sensor fault from heat pump | Sensor fault BT3. | Open-circuit or short-circuit on |
| 227 (36) | 531 | | Sensor fault BT12. | sensor input. |
| 227 (38) | 532 | | Sensor fault BT14. | |
| 227 (40) | 533 | | Sensor fault BT15. | |
| 227 (42) | 534 | | Sensor fault BT16. | |
| 227 (44) | 535 | | Sensor fault BT17. | |
| 227 (46) | 536 | | Sensor fault BT28. | |
| 227 (50) | 538 | | Sensor fault BP8. | |
| 227 (52) | 539 | | Sensor fault BP9. | |
| 227 (56) | 541 | | Sensor fault BT84. | |
| 228 (2) | 236 | Unsuccessful defrosting | 10 failed consecutive defrostings. | System temperature and/or flow too low. |
| | | | | Insufficient available system volume. |
| | | | | Significant wind effect. |
| 229 (4) | 237 | Short run times for com- | Operation is stopped from the indoor sec- | Poor flow, poor heat transfer. |
| | | pressor | tion after less than 5 minutes. | Incorrect settings for heating and/or hot water. |
| 230 (78) | 238 | Hot gas alarm | 3 repeated alarms for high discharge within 4 hours. | Disruption in the refrigerant circuit. |
| | | | | Lack of refrigerant. |
| 232 (76) | 240 | Low evaporation temp | 5 repeated alarms for low evaporation | Lack of refrigerant. |
| | | | temperature within 4 hours. | Blocked expansion valve. |
| | | | | Significant wind effect. |
| 264 (203) | 254 | Communication fault to Inverter | Alarm 203 from heat pump for 20 seconds. | Poor connection between PCB and inverter. |
| | | | | Inverter unpowered or broken. |
| 298 (92) | 494 | Fault in inverter. Heating not working. | The inverter has tried to heat up the compressor, but has failed. | Defective inverter. Discharge sensor (BT14) has come loose from its mount. |
| 300 (94) | 495 | Sensor BT14 or BP9 loose or defective | Sensor BT14 or BP9 has come loose or is otherwise defective. | The discharge sensor, BT14, or high pressure sensor, BP9, has come loose and is not giving correct measurement values. |
| 341 (6) | 291 | Recurring safety defr. | 10 repeated defrostings according to the protection conditions. | Poor airflow, e.g. because of leaves, snow or ice. |
| | | | | Lack of refrigerant. |
| 344 (72) | 294 | Recurring low pressure | 5 repeated low pressure alarm within 4 | Lack of refrigerant. |
| | | | hours. | Blocked expansion valve. |
| | | | | Disruption in the refrigerant circuit. |
| 346 (74) | 295 | Recurring high pressure | 5 repeated high pressure alarm within 4 hours. | Clogged particle filter, air or stoppage in the heating medium flow. |
| | | | | Poor system pressure. |
| 400 (207) | 314 | Unspecified faults | Initiation fault, inverter. | The inverter is not compatible |
| 400 (209) | | | The inverter is not compatible | |
| 400 (211) | | | Configuration file missing. | |
| 400 (213) | | | Charge error configuration. | |

| Alarms VVM/SM0 | Alarms S-series | Alarm text on the display | Description existing alarm | May be due to |
|-------------------|--------------------|--|---|---|
| (S2125) | 3-361163 | | | |
| 425 (108) | 322 | Persistent pressure switch or | 2 repeated LP/HP/FQ alarms within 2.5 | Poor heating medium flow. |
| | | over-temperature alarm. | hours. | Lack of refrigerant. |
| | | | | For FQ14, the following applies: High temperature 120 °C com- pressor peak. |
| 427 (110) | 323 | Safety stop, inverter | Temporary fault in inverter, 2 times within 60 minutes. | Disruption in supply voltage. |
| 429 (112) | 324 | Safety stop, inverter | Temporary fault in inverter, 3 times within 2 hours. | Disruption in supply voltage. |
| 437 (120) | 328 | Mains disturbance | Temporary fault in inverter, 3 times within | Disruption in supply voltage. |
| | | | 2 hours or continuously for 1 hour. | Incorrect connection in the inverter's terminal block X1. |
| 439 (122) | 329 | Overheated inverter | The inverter has temporarily reached max | |
| | | | working temperature, due to poor cooling 3 times within 2 hours or continuously for 1 hour. | Defective inverter. |
| 441 (124) | 330 | Current too high | Current to inverter too high, 3 times within | Too high current to inverter. |
| | | | 2 hours or continuously for 1 hour. | Low supply voltage. |
| 443 (126) | 331 | Overheated inverter | The inverter has temporarily reached max | Poor cooling of inverter. |
| | | | working temperature, due to poor cooling 3 times within 2 hours or continuously for 1 hour. | Defective inverter. |
| 447 (130) | 333 | Phase failure | Compressor phase is missing, 3 times | Disruption in supply voltage. |
| | | | within 2 hours or continuously for 1 minute. | Incorrectly connected compressor cable. |
| 449 (132) | 334 | Failed compressor starts | Compressor does not start when required, | Defective inverter. |
| | | | 3 times within 2 hours. | Defective compressor. |
| 453 (136) | 336 | High current load, com- | The output current from the inverter to | Disruption in supply voltage. |
| | | pressor | the compressor has been temporarily too high 3 times within 2 hours or continu- | Poor heating medium flow. |
| | | | ously for 1 hour. | Defective compressor. |
| 455 (138) | 337 | High power load, compressor | The power output from the inverter has been too high 3 times within 2 hours or | Disruption in supply voltage. |
| | | | continuously for 1 hour. | Poor heating medium flow. |
| | | | | Defective compressor. |
| 501 (184) | 353 | Failed start, no pressure diff. | The pressure difference between BP9 and BP8 has been too low at compressor start 3 times within 30 minutes. | BP9. |
| | | | 5 times within 50 minutes. | The compressor does not compress the refrigerant sufficiently. |
| | | | | Compressor breakdown. |
| 503 (186) | 354 | Compressor speed too low | Compressor speed below lowest permitted speed. | The inverter's safety function reduces the speed outside of the compressor's working range. |
| 523 | 418 | Low defrosting flow | The flow is low. Check particle filter and | Clogged particle filter. |
| | | | pump. | Defective circulation pump (charge pump). |
| | | | | Pressure drop in the heating system is too large. |
| 589 (216) | 437 | Incorrect PCBA in heat pump. Change to a new PCBA suitable for S2125. | The heat pump has the wrong base board. | The base board has been replaced with a base board for F2120. |

Accessories

Detailed information about the accessories and complete accessories list available at nibe.eu.

Not all accessories are available on all markets.

CONDENSATION WATER PIPE

Condensation water pipe, different lengths.

KVR 11-10

1 metres Part no. 067 823

KVR 11-30

3 metres Part no. 067 824

KVR 11-60

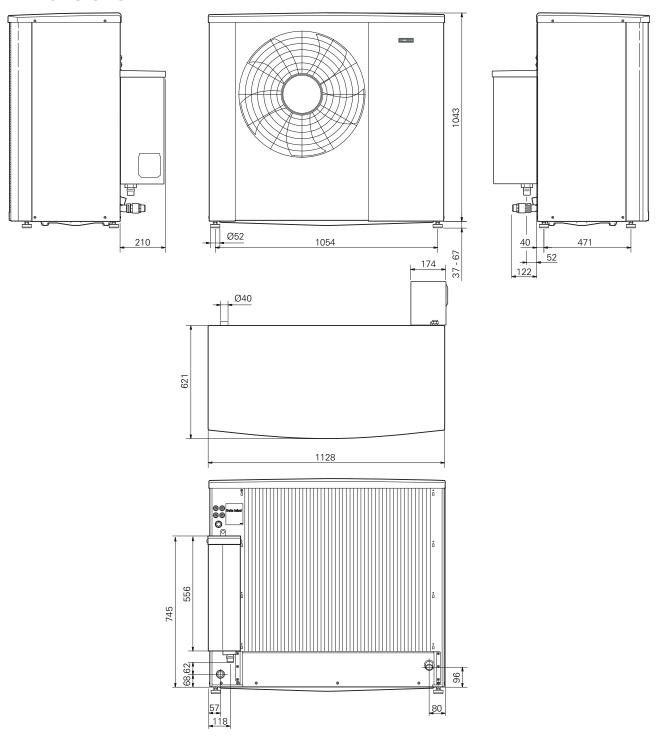
42

6 metres Part no. 067 825

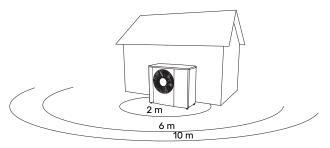
Chapter 10 | Accessories NIBE S2125

Technical data

Dimensions



Sound levels



S2125 is usually placed next to a house wall, which gives a directed sound distribution that has to be taken into consideration. Accordingly, when setting up, you should always attempt to select the side that faces the least sound-sensitive neighbouring area.

The sound pressure levels are further affected by walls, bricks, differences in ground level, etc and should therefore only be seen as guide values.

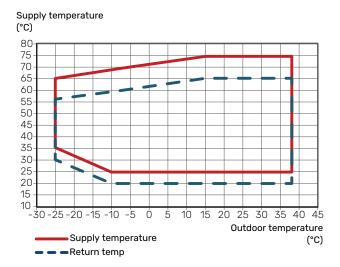
| | | Sound power 1 | | Sound pressure at distance (m) ² | | | | | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------|---------------|----|---|------|----|----|------|----|----|----|----|
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| S2125-8 | Nominal sound value | 49 | 44 | 38 | 34.5 | 32 | 30 | 28.5 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| | Max. sound value | 55 | 50 | 44 | 40.5 | 38 | 36 | 34.5 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 |
| | Max. sound value, silent mode | 50 | 45 | 39 | 35.5 | 33 | 31 | 29.5 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 |
| S2125-12 | Nominal sound value | 49 | 44 | 38 | 34.5 | 32 | 30 | 28.5 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 |
| | Max. sound value | 59 | 54 | 48 | 44.5 | 42 | 40 | 38.5 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 |
| | Max. sound value, silent mode | 54 | 49 | 43 | 39.5 | 37 | 35 | 33.5 | 32 | 31 | 30 | 29 |

 $^{^{\}rm 1}~$ Sound power level, $\rm L_W(A),$ according to EN12102

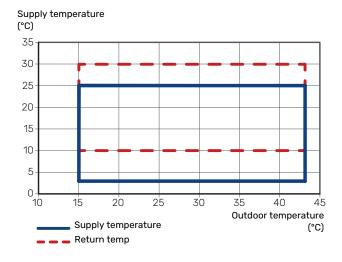
² Sound pressure calculated according to directivity factor Q=4

Technical specifications

WORKING RANGE, HEATING



WORKING RANGE, COOLING

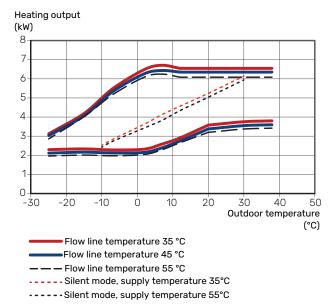


During shorter time it is allowed to have lower working temperatures on the water side, e.g. during start up.

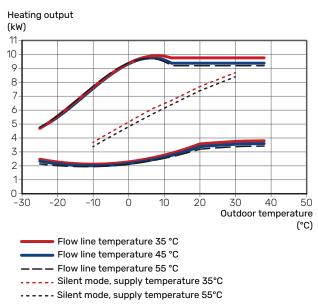
POWER DURING HEATING OPERATION

Maximum and minimum capacity during continuous operation. Defrosting is not included.

S2125-8

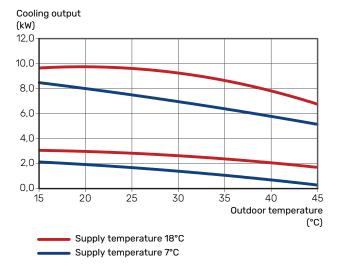


S2125-12



POWER DURING COOLING OPERATION

Maximum and minimum capacity during continuous operation.



| S2125 | | 8 | 12 | 8 | 12 |
|---|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Voltage | | 1 x 230 V | 1x 230 V | 3 x 400 V | 3 x 400 V |
| Output data according to EN 14 511, partial load ¹ | | 1.7.2001 | 1,7,200,7 | O X 400 I | OX-100 T |
| Heating | -7 / 35 °C | 4.72 / 1.72 / 2.82 | 7.23 / 2.73 / 2.65 | 4.72 / 1.72 / 2.82 | 7.23 / 2.73 / 2.65 |
| Capacity / power input / COP (kW/kW/-) at nominal | 2/35 °C | 3.20 / 0.72 / 4.44 | 3.67 / 0.85 / 4.33 | 3.20 / 0.72 / 4.44 | 3.67 / 0.85 / 4.33 |
| flow | 2 / 45 °C | 2.95 / 0.87 / 3.39 | 3.46 / 1.02 / 3.40 | 2.95 / 0.87 / 3.39 | 3.46 / 1.02 / 3.40 |
| Outdoor temp: / Supply temp. | 7 / 35 °C | 3.15 / 0.69 / 5.18 | 3.67 / 0.70 / 5.21 | 3.15 / 0.69 / 5.18 | 3.67 / 0.70 / 5.21 |
| | 7 / 45 °C | 2.97 / 0.76 / 3.90 | 3.35 / 0.85 / 3.91 | 2.97 / 0.76 / 3.90 | 3.35 / 0.85 / 3.91 |
| Cooling | 35 / 7 °C | 6.69 / 2.41 / 2.77 | 6.69 / 2.41 / 2.77 | 6.69 / 2.41 / 2.77 | 6.69 / 2.41 / 2.77 |
| Capacity / power input / EER (kW/kW/-) at maximum flow | 35 / 18 °C | 8.68 / 2.60 / 3.34 | 8.68 / 2.60 / 3.34 | 8.68 / 2.60 / 3.34 | 8.68 / 2.60 / 3.34 |
| Outdoor temp: / Supply temp. | | | | | |
| SCOP according to EN 14825 | I. | | | | |
| Nominal heat output (P _{designh}) average climate 35 °C / 55 °C (Europe) | kW | 5.33 / 5.30 | 6.80 / 7.60 | 5.33 / 5.30 | 6.80 / 7.60 |
| Nominal heat output (P _{designh}) cold climate 35 °C / 55 °C | kW | 5.40 / 5.20 | 8.40 / 8.40 | 5.40 / 5.20 | 8.40 / 8.40 |
| Nominal heat output (P _{designh}) warm climate | kW | 5.50 / 5.20 | 7.00 / 7.45 | 5.50 / 5.20 | 7.00 / 7.45 |
| 35 °C / 55 °C | | | | | |
| SCOP average climate, 35 °C / 55 °C (Europe) | | 5.00 / 3.70 | 5.00 / 3.80 | 5.00 / 3.70 | 5.00 / 3.80 |
| SCOP cold climate, 35 °C / 55 °C | | 4.10 / 3.20 | 4.20 / 3.40 | 4.10 / 3.20 | 4.20 / 3.40 |
| SCOP warm climate, 35 °C / 55 °C | | 6.30 / 4.50 | 6.30 / 4.60 | 6.30 / 4.50 | 6.30 / 4.60 |
| Energy rating, average climate ² | T | | | | |
| The product's room heating efficiency class 35 °C / 55 °C ³ | | A+++ / A++ | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| The system's room heating efficiency class 35 °C / 55 °C ⁴ | | | A+++ , | / A+++ | |
| Electrical data | | | | | |
| Rated voltage | | 230 V ~ 50 Hz | 230 V ~ 50 Hz | 400 V 3N ~ 50 Hz | 400 V 3N ~ 50 Hz |
| Rated current, heat pump | A _{rms} | 13 | 19.6 | 4.6 | 6.9 |
| Max. power, fan | W | 30 | 50 | 30 | 50 |
| Fuse | A _{rms} | 16 | 20 | 6 | 10 |
| Enclosure class | | | IP | 24 | |
| Refrigerant circuit | | | | | |
| Type of refrigerant | | | | .90 | |
| GWP refrigerant | | | | 3 | |
| Volume | kg | | | .8 | |
| Type of compressor | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ompressor | |
| CO ₂ -equivalent (The cooling circuit is hermetically sealed.) | t | | 0.0 | 024 | |
| Cut-out value pressure switch HP (BP1) | MPa | | 3. | 15 | |
| Difference pressostat HP | MPa | | 2. | 45 | |
| Cut-out value pressure switch LP (BP2) | MPa | | 0. | 03 | |
| Difference pressostat LP | MPa | | 0. | 10 | |
| Airflow | | | | | |
| Max airflow | m ³ /h | 2,400 | 2,950 | 2,400 | 2,950 |
| Working area | 1 | | | / = - | |
| Min./max. air temperature, heating | °C | | | / 38 | |
| Min./max. air temperature, cooling | °C | | | / 43 | |
| Defrosting system | | | Revers | se cycle | |
| Heating medium circuit | MDo | | 0.45 | (4 E) | |
| Max system pressure heating medium Cut-off pressure, heating medium | MPa MPa | | | (4.5) | |
| Recommended flow interval, heating operation | I/s | 0.08 - 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.08 - 0.32 | 0.12 - 0.48 |
| Min. design flow, defrosting (100% pump speed) | I/s | 0.00 - 0.32 | | 32 | 0.12 - 0.40 |
| Min./max. HM temp, continuous operation | °C | | | 52 / 75 | |
| Connection heating medium S2125 | U | | | nal thread | |
| Connection heating medium flex pipe | | | | nal thread | |
| Min. recommended pipe dimension (system) | DN (mm) | | | (28) | |
| Dimensions and weight | 2.4 (11111) | | 23 | (==) | |
| Width | mm | | 11 | 40 | |
| Depth | mm | | | 31 | |
| Height | mm | | | 180 | |
| Weight | kg | 163 | 163 | 179 | 179 |
| Miscellaneous | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| S2125 | 8 | 12 | 8 | 12 |
|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Part no. | 064 220 | 064 218 | 064 219 | 064 217 |

- $1 \quad \text{Power statements including defrosting according to EN 14511 at heating medium supply corresponding to DT=5 K at 7 / 45.}$
- ² The reported efficiency of the package also takes the controller into account. If an external supplementary boiler or solar heating is added to the package, the overall efficiency of the package should be recalculated.
- $^{\rm 3}$ Scale for the product's room heating efficiency class A++ to G. Control module model SMO S
- $^4\,$ Scale for the system's room heating efficiency class A+++ to G. Control module model SMO S

Energy labelling INFORMATION SHEET

| Supplier | | NII | 3E |
|---|-----|---------------|---------------|
| Model | | S2125-8 | S2125-12 |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class, average climate | | A+++ / A++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| Rated heat output (P _{designh}), average climate | kW | 5.3 / 5.3 | 6.8 / 7.6 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, average climate | kWh | 2,196 / 2,939 | 2,835 / 4,102 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, average climate | % | 196 / 146 | 195 / 150 |
| Sound power level L _{WA} indoors | dB | - | - |
| Rated heat output (P _{designh}), cold climate | kW | 5.4 / 5.2 | 8.4 / 8.4 |
| Rated heat output (P _{designh}), warm climate | kW | 5.5 / 5.2 | 7.0 / 7.5 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, cold climate | kWh | 3,238 / 4,055 | 4,990 / 6,189 |
| Annual energy consumption space heating, warm climate | kWh | 1,161 / 1,570 | 1,494 / 2,180 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, cold climate | % | 161 / 123 | 163 / 131 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency, warm climate | % | 250 / 174 | 247 / 180 |
| Sound power level L _{WA} outdoors | dB | 49 | 49 |

DATA FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY OF THE PACKAGE

| Model | | S2125-8 | S2125-12 |
|--|----|-------------|-------------|
| Control module model | | SM0 S | SMO S |
| Temperature application | °C | 35 / 55 | 35 / 55 |
| Controller, class | | V | ' I |
| Controller, contribution to efficiency | % | 4. | 0 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, average climate | % | 200 / 150 | 199 / 154 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency class of the package, average climate | | A+++ / A+++ | A+++ / A+++ |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, cold climate | % | 165 / 127 | 167 / 135 |
| Seasonal space heating energy efficiency of the package, warm climate | % | 254 / 178 | 251 / 184 |

The reported efficiency of the package also takes the controller into account. If an external supplementary boiler or solar heating is added to the package, the overall efficiency of the package should be recalculated.

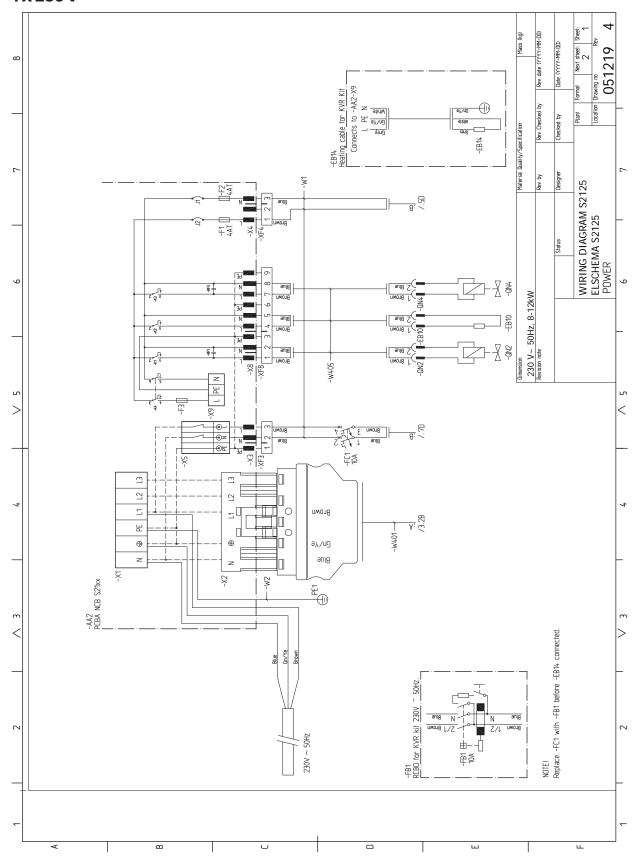
TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

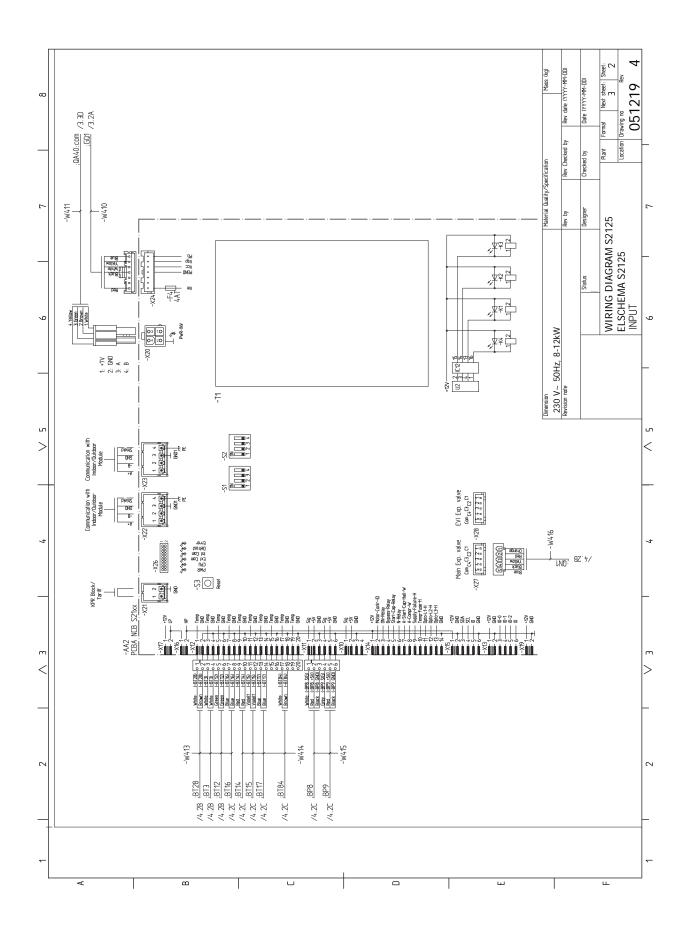
| Model | | | | S2125-8 | | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------|--|--|------------|-----------|--------|--|--|
| Type of heat pump | | Exha Brine | X Air-water □ Exhaust-water □ Brine-water □ Water-water | | | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | | Yes | No No | | | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional hea | t | Yes | No No | | | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | | Yes | No No | | | | | | |
| Climate | | X Avera | age 🔲 | Cold Warm | | | | | |
| Temperature application | | | um (55°C) | ☐ Low (35°C) | | | | | |
| Applied standards | | | | / EN12102 | | | | | |
| Rated heat output | Prated | 5,3 | kW | Seasonal space heating energy efficiency | ης | 146 | % | | |
| Declared capacity for space heating at part load Tj | d and at ou | itdoor ten | perature | Declared coefficient of performance for space outdoor temperature Tj | heating at | part load | and at | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 4.6 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 2.19 | - | | |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 2.8 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 3.77 | - | | |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 2.1 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 4.75 | - | | |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 2.3 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 5.70 | - | | |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 4.6 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.19 | - | | |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 4.8 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.21 | - | | |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - | | |
| | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | T _{biv} | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C | | |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - | | |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.97 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C | | |
| Power consumption in modes other than active | e mode | | | Additional heat | | | | | |
| Off mode | P _{OFF} | 0.008 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0.0 | kW | | |
| Thermostat-off mode | P _{TO} | 0.013 | kW | | | | | | |
| Standby mode | P _{SB} | 0.011 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | | | |
| Crankcase heater mode | P _{CK} | 0.005 | kW | | | | | | |
| Other items | | | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | 2,400 | m³/h | | |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | L _{WA} | - / 49 | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h | | |
| Annual energy consumption | Q _{HE} | 2,939 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | | m³/h | | |
| Contact information | NIBE En | ergy Syste | ems – Box 1 | 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sw | eden | | | | |

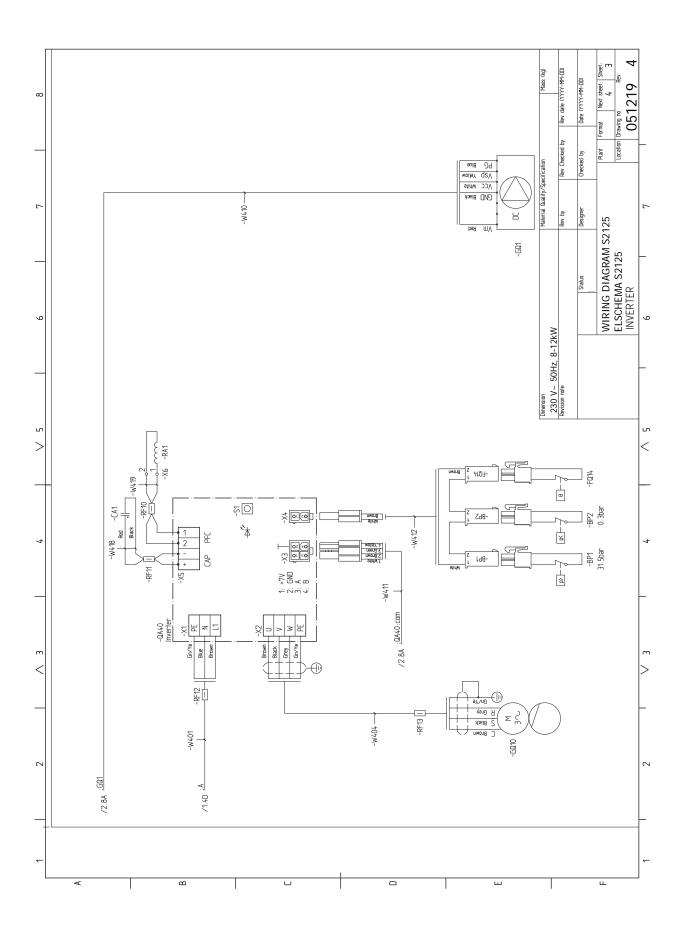
| Model | | | | \$2125-12 | | | | | |
|--|------------------|---|-------------|--|----------------|-----------|--------|--|--|
| Type of heat pump | | Air-water Exhaust-water Brine-water Water-water | | | | | | | |
| Low-temperature heat pump | | Yes | No No | | | | | | |
| Integrated immersion heater for additional hea | t | Yes | No No | | | | | | |
| Heat pump combination heater | | Yes | No No | | | | | | |
| Climate | | X Avera | age 🔲 (| Cold Warm | | | | | |
| Temperature application | | | um (55°C) | Low (35°C) | | | | | |
| Applied standards | | | 6 / EN14511 | /EN12102 | | | | | |
| Rated heat output | Prated | 7,6 | kW | Seasonal space heating energy efficiency | η _s | 150 | % | | |
| Declared capacity for space heating at part load Tj | d and at ou | ıtdoor tem | perature | Declared coefficient of performance for space outdoor temperature Tj | heating at | part load | and at | | |
| Tj = -7 °C | Pdh | 6.7 | kW | Tj = -7 °C | COPd | 2.17 | - | | |
| Tj = +2 °C | Pdh | 4.2 | kW | Tj = +2 °C | COPd | 3.83 | - | | |
| Tj = +7 °C | Pdh | 2.7 | kW | Tj = +7 °C | COPd | 5.12 | - | | |
| Tj = +12 °C | Pdh | 2.4 | kW | Tj = +12 °C | COPd | 5.87 | - | | |
| Tj = biv | Pdh | 7.6 | kW | Tj = biv | COPd | 2.11 | - | | |
| Tj = TOL | Pdh | 7.6 | kW | Tj = TOL | COPd | 2.11 | - | | |
| Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | Pdh | | kW | Tj = -15 °C (if TOL < -20 °C) | COPd | | - | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Bivalent temperature | T _{biv} | -10 | °C | Min. outdoor air temperature | TOL | -10 | °C | | |
| Cycling interval capacity | Pcych | | kW | Cycling interval efficiency | COPcyc | | - | | |
| Degradation coefficient | Cdh | 0.97 | - | Max supply temperature | WTOL | 65 | °C | | |
| Power consumption in modes other than active | e mode | | | Additional heat | | | | | |
| Off mode | P _{OFF} | 0.008 | kW | Rated heat output | Psup | 0 | kW | | |
| Thermostat-off mode | P _{TO} | 0.013 | kW | | | | | | |
| Standby mode | P _{SB} | 0.011 | kW | Type of energy input | | Electric | | | |
| Crankcase heater mode | P _{CK} | 0.005 | kW | | | | | | |
| Other items | | | | | | | | | |
| Capacity control | | Variable | | Rated airflow (air-water) | | 2,900 | m³/h | | |
| Sound power level, indoors/outdoors | L _{WA} | - / 49 | dB | Nominal heating medium flow | | | m³/h | | |
| Annual energy consumption | Q _{HE} | 4,102 | kWh | Brine flow brine-water or water-water heat pumps | | | m³/h | | |
| Contact information | NIBE Ene | ergy Syste | ems – Box 1 | 14 – Hannabadsvägen 5 – 285 21 Markaryd – Sw | eden | | | | |

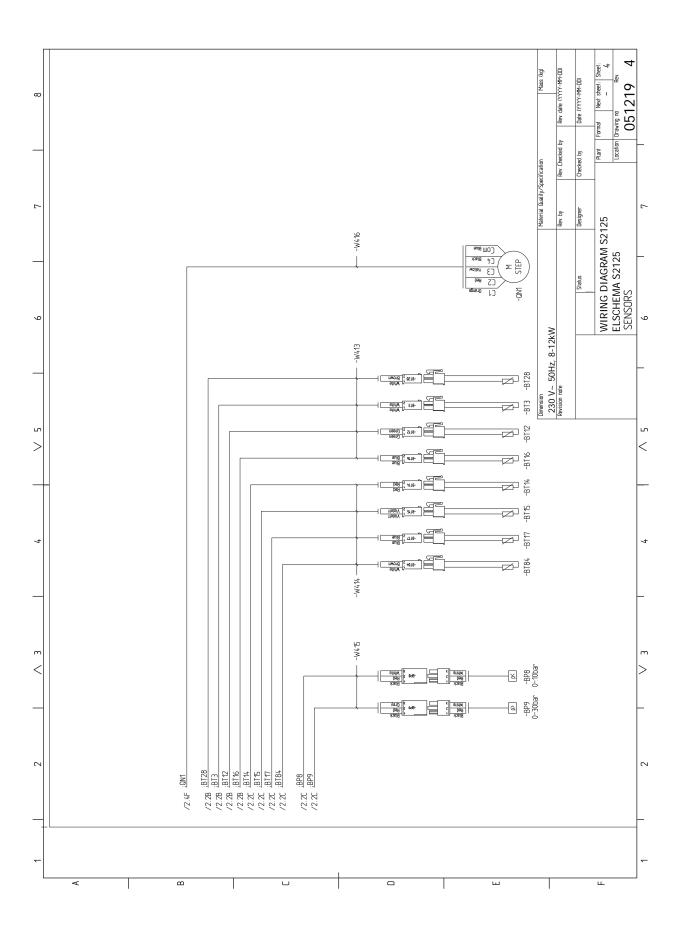
Electrical circuit diagram

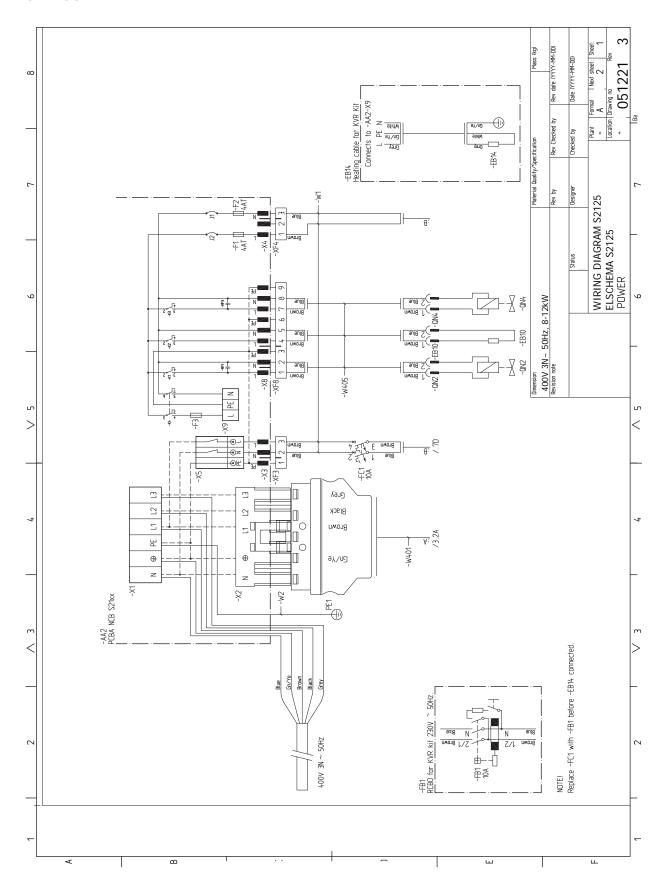
1 X 230 V

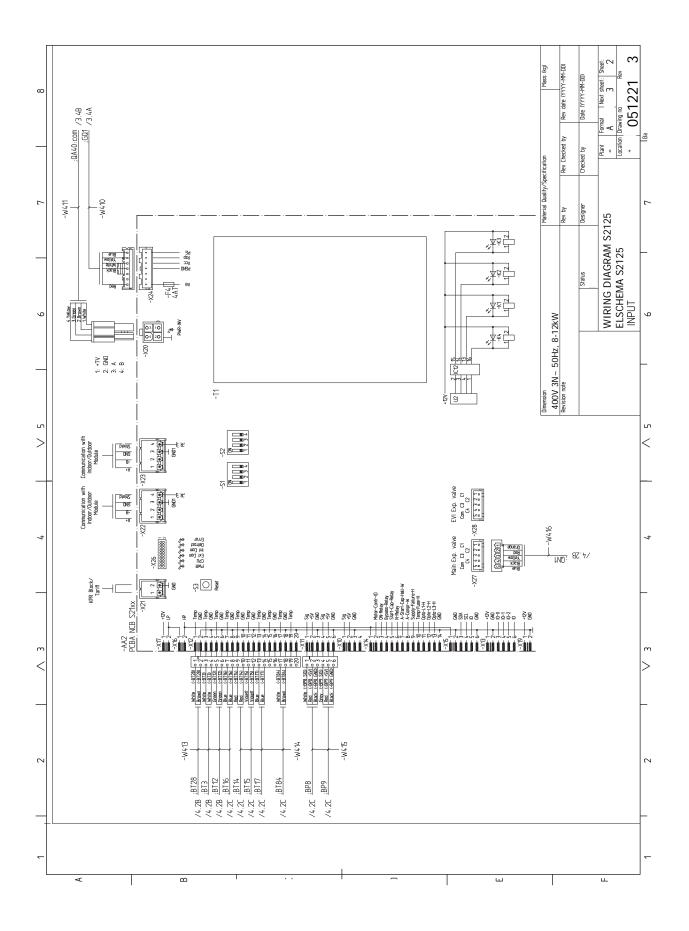


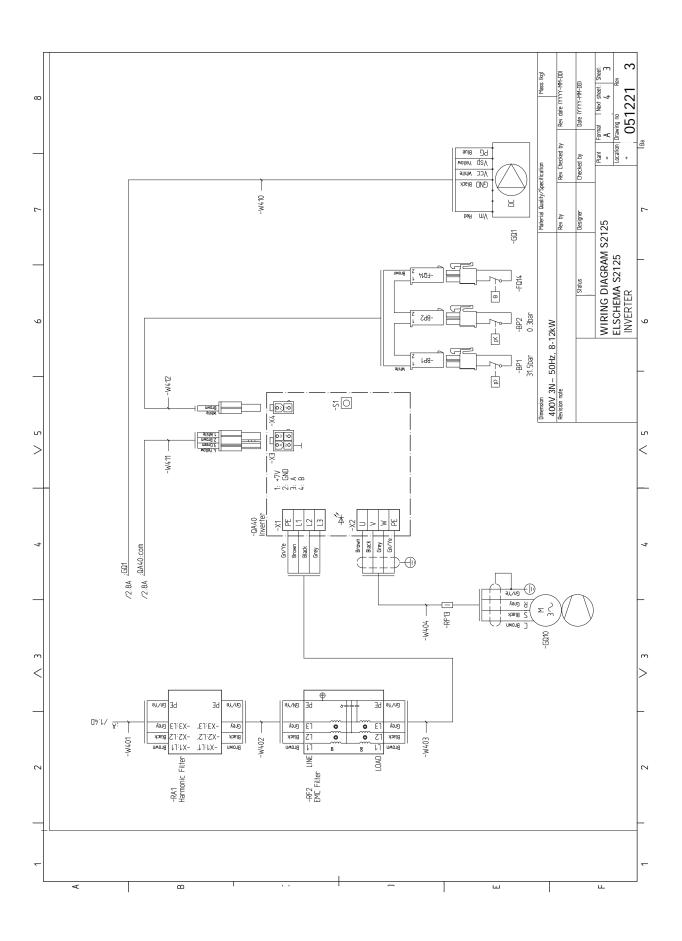


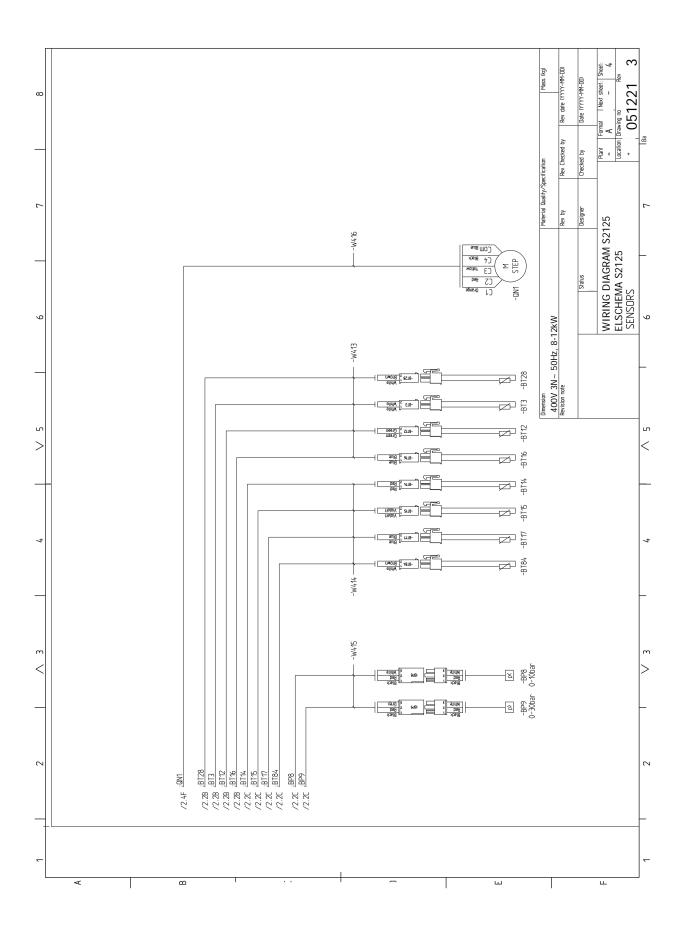












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